# 11 Unconscious Choking

Content Area: Health and Physical Education

Course(s):

Time Period: Marking Period 1

Length: **3 Days** Status: **Published** 

#### **Brief Summary of Unit**

This unit will introduce the essential knowledge and steps necessary to assist an unconscious choking adult

#### **Standards**

| HE.9-12.2.1.12.EH.3 | Describe strategies to appropriately respond to stressors in a variety of situations (e.g., |
|---------------------|---|
|                     | academics, relationships, shootings, death, car accidents, illness).                        |

HE.9-12.2.1.12.CHSS.5 Analyze a variety of health products and services based on cost, availability, accessibility,

benefits and accreditation in the home, school, and in the community (e.g., suicide prevention, breast/testicular self-examination, CPR/AED, life skills training, menstrual

products).

HE.9-12.2.3.12.HCDM.4 Evaluate emerging methods to diagnose and treat diseases and health conditions that are

common in young adults in the United States and in other countries (e.g., hepatitis, stroke,

heart attacks, cancer,).

## **Essential Questions**

What is the purpose for the compressions when assisting an unconscious choking adult?

How do we know a victim is choking if they are unconscious?

Why is it called a special situation with CPR?

### Students Will Know/ Students Will Be Skilled At

human error needs to be eliminated in order to assume a victim is choking.

attempting to dislodge an object they don't see can cause the situation to worsen.

compressions are used to help dislodge an object

Compressions, Breaths, finger sweep

key terms: foreign object, finger sweep, signs of life, compressions, re-tilt of head.

each compression for an unconscious choking victim is to help to dislodge the object.

the proper order of steps for giving care to an unconscious victim.

special situations

#### **Learning Plan**

Preview the essential questions and connect to learning throughout the unit.

Preview the video for a visual understanding for differentiated learning style.

Introduce the procedure for assisting an unconscious victim who is choking

Demonstrate the steps for assisting an unconscious victim needing care

Self-evaluate performance with partner prior to skill testing.

## **Evidence/ Performance Tasks**

practice the steps with a partner. perform steps on a manikin

skill test on the proper steps for unconscious choking.

complete a weekly written/oral test.

answer the essential questions.

scenario

#### **Materials**

**Power Point** 

| Video   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Mannikins   |  |  |  |  |
| Mats  |  |  |  |  |
| Breathing barriers  |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |
| Suggested Strategies for Modification   |  |  |  |  |
| Provide copy of accurate class notes  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjust number of items student is expected to complete                        |  |  |  |  |
| Allow extra time for task completion  |  |  |  |  |
| Allow verbal rather than written responses                                    |  |  |  |  |
| Modify curriculum content based on student's ability level                    |  |  |  |  |
| Allow typed rather than handwritten responses                                 |  |  |  |  |
| Modified homework assignments (modify content, modify amount, as appropriate) |  |  |  |  |
| Assistance with organization of materials/notebooks                           |  |  |  |  |
| Use a consistent daily routine  |  |  |  |  |
| Assist student in setting short-term goals                                    |  |  |  |  |
| Break down tasks into manageable units  |  |  |  |  |
| Provide benchmarks for long-term assignments and/or projects                  |  |  |  |  |
| Use of checklists   |  |  |  |  |
| Use of an assignment notebook or planner                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Provide timelines for work completion   |  |  |  |  |
| Provide organizational support through teacher websites                       |  |  |  |  |
| Provide organizers/study guides   |  |  |  |  |
| Require classroom notebooks and/or folders                                    |  |  |  |  |
| Frequently check for understanding  |  |  |  |  |
| Simplify task directions  |  |  |  |  |

| Provide hands-on learning activities  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Provide modeling  |  |  |  |  |
| Provide guided instruction  |  |  |  |  |
| Modify pace of instruction to allow additional processing time                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Provide small group instruction   |  |  |  |  |
| Present information via the visual modality(written material to supplement oral explanation, models |  |  |  |  |
| illustrations, assignments written on board)  |  |  |  |  |
| Provide outline in advance of lecture   |  |  |  |  |
| Demonstrate directions and provide a model or example of completed task                             |  |  |  |  |
| Emphasize multi-sensory presentation of data  |  |  |  |  |
| Encourage use of mnemonic devices   |  |  |  |  |
| Provide oral as well as written instructions/directions   |  |  |  |  |
| Allow for repetition and/or clarification of directions, as needed                                  |  |  |  |  |
| Reinforce visual directions with verbal cues  |  |  |  |  |
| Give direct and uncomplicated directions  |  |  |  |  |
| Orient to task and provide support to complete task   |  |  |  |  |
| Help to develop metacognitive skills (self-talk and self-correction)                                |  |  |  |  |
| Directions repeated, clarified or reworded  |  |  |  |  |
| Have student demonstrate understanding of instructions/task before beginning assignment             |  |  |  |  |
| Allow wait time for processing before calling on student for response                               |  |  |  |  |
| Read directions aloud   |  |  |  |  |
| Administer work in small segments   |  |  |  |  |
| Provide visual models of completed tasks  |  |  |  |  |
| Give verbal as well as written directions   |  |  |  |  |
| Use interests to increase motivation  |  |  |  |  |
| Enlarge print   |  |  |  |  |
| Modified grading  |  |  |  |  |

Additional time to complete classroom tests/quizzes Announce test with adequate prep time Small group administration of classroom tests/quizzes Modified tests/quizzes Modify the number of choices on tests/quizzes Modify length of test Modify the content of tests/quizzes Adjust test format to student's ability level Provide manipulative examples Develop charts, visual outlines, diagrams, etc. Verbally guide student through task steps Allow for oral rather than written responses on tests Allow for oral follow-up for student to expand on written response Allow use of a computer Provide a word bank for fill-in-the blank tests Allow dictated responses in lieu of written responses Do not penalize for spelling errors Allow typed rather than handwritten responses Provide word banks for recall tests Read test aloud Allow student to make test corrections for credit Alternate test-taking site Seat student near front of room Preferential seating

Monitor on-task performance

Arrange private signal to cue student to off-task behavior

Establish and maintain eye contact when giving oral directions

Stand in proximity to student to focus attention

Provide short breaks when refocusing is needed

Arrange physical layout to limit distractions

Frequently ask questions to engage student

Refocusing and redirection

Behavior/time management system

Include brainstorming as a pre-writing activity

Edit written work with teacher guidance

Allow use of word processor

Discuss behavioral issues privately with student

Provide opportunities for peer interactions

Utilize student in development of tasks/goals

Encourage student to self-advocate

Minimize negative behavior

Present alternatives to negative behavior

Desensitize student to anxiety causing events

Monitor for overload, excess stimuli

Identify triggers

Help student manage antecedents

Develop signal for when break is needed

Give student choices to allow control

Provide positive reinforcement

Provide consistent praise to elevate self-esteem

Model and role play problem solving

Provide counseling

Use social skills group to teach skills and provide feedback