

# 4 Science Unit 3: Human Body, Vision & the Brain (Human Machine)

Content Area: **Science**  
Course(s):  
Time Period: **Marking Period 1**  
Length: **9 Weeks**  
Status: **Published**

## Unit Overview

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In this unit, students investigate structures and functions of the human body. Students explore how our bones and muscles are interconnected, how our eyes interact with light and impact our vision, and how our brain responds to stimuli in our environment.

## Standards

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### Scientific & Engineering Practices

- Students build a model of a finger that they then use to construct an explanation for how fingers move.
- Students build a model of an eyeball that they then use to construct an explanation of why some people have blurry vision.
- Students conduct an investigation to see how pupils change in response to light. Students build a model of an eye (extending the model they built in Lesson 2) to explain how changes in pupil size changes the image that appears on the retina.
- Students conduct investigations to explore how the brain processes information and responds to that information. Students analyze and interpret data from the investigations to determine how fast their reflexes are.

### Crosscutting Concepts

- Students consider how human motion is made possible by a system of muscles, tendons and bones. Students consider the cause and effect relationship between tendons and the muscles and bones that they move.
- Students think about how the eye works as a system of different parts that interact to facilitate vision. Students consider how light interacts with the system to determine what images we see (cause and effect.)
- Students continue to think about how the eye works as a system and how changes to each part impact the system as a whole. Students also reason about the effect of changes in pupil size (cause and effect).
- Students identify patterns based on how their brains process information.

SCI.4-PS4-2	Develop a model to describe that light reflecting from objects and entering the eye allows objects to be seen.
SCI.4-LS1-1	Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.
SCI.4-LS1-2	Use a model to describe that animals receive different types of information through their

senses, process the information in their brain, and respond to the information in different ways.

## Materials

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### Core Materials:

- [Mystery Science](#)
  - Why do your biceps bulge?
  - What do people who are blind see?
  - How can some animals see in the dark?
  - How does your brain control your body?
- Teacher Created Labs

### Supplemental Materials:

- [BrainPop resources](#)
- [NewsELA](#)
- [GRC Lessons](#)
- [TBSAID](#)
- [Nearpod Activities](#)

## Technology

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### Technology Literacy

- 9.4.5.TL.1: Compare the common uses of at least two different digital tools and identify the advantages and disadvantages of using each.
- 9.4.5.TL.2: Sort and filter data in a spreadsheet to analyze findings.
- 9.4.5.TL.3: Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text, change page formatting, and include appropriate images graphics, or symbols.

### Technology - Engineering Design

- 8.2.5.ED.1: Explain the functions of a system and its subsystems.
- 8.2.5.ED.2: Collaborate with peers to collect information, brainstorm to solve a problem, and evaluate all possible solutions to provide the best results with supporting sketches or models.
- 8.2.5.ED.3: Follow step by step directions to assemble a product or solve a problem, using appropriate tools to accomplish the task.

### Technology - Data & Analysis

- 8.1.5.DA.1: Collect, organize, and display data in order to highlight relationships or support a claim.
- 8.1.5.DA.2: Compare the amount of storage space required for different types of data.
- 8.1.5.DA.3: Organize and present collected data visually to communicate insights gained from different views of the

data.

- 8.1.5.DA.4: Organize and present climate change data visually to highlight relationships or support a claim.
- 8.1.5.DA.5: Propose cause and effect relationships, predict outcomes, or communicate ideas using data.

### **Technology - Effects on the Natural World**

- 8.2.5.ETW.2: Describe ways that various technologies are used to reduce improper use of resources.
- 8.2.5.ETW.3: Explain why human-designed systems, products, and environments need to be constantly monitored, maintained, and improved.
- 8.2.5.ETW.4: Explain the impact that resources, such as energy and materials used to develop technology, have on the environment.
- 8.2.5.ETW.5: Identify the impact of a specific technology on the environment and determine what can be done to increase positive effects and to reduce any negative effects, such as climate change.

## **Evidence of Learning/Assessment**

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### **Formative Assessment**

- Teacher Observation
- Quizzes
- Exit Tickets
- Labs

### **Summative Assessment**

- Benchmark Tests
- Alternative Assessments: Performance Tasks & Projects

## **Accommodations & Modifications**

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### **Special Education**

*Follow IEP Plan which may contain some of the following examples...*

- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices

- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Study Guides
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Newsela leveled reading passages

## **504**

*Follow 504 Plan which may contain some of the following examples...*

- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Study Guides
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Newsela leveled reading passages

## **ELL**

- Translation device/dictionary
- In class/pull out support with ESL teacher
- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Study Guides
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Newsela leveled reading passages

## **At-risk of Failure**

- Extra time during intervention
- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers

- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Study Guides
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Newsela leveled reading passage

### **Gifted & Talented**

- Independent projects
- STEM Projects
- Leveled Reading with Newsela

## **Interdisciplinary Connections**

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### **Connections to NJSL - English Language Arts**

- RI.3.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)
- RI.3.3 Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)
- W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2) • SL.3.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)
- RI.3.7 Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur). (3-LS1-1)
- SL.3.5 Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details. (3-LS1-1)

### **Connections to NJSL - Mathematics**

- MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)
- MP.4 Model with mathematics. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)
- 3.MD.B.4 Generate measurement data by measuring lengths using rulers marked with halves and fourths of an inch. Show the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in appropriate units—whole numbers, halves, or quarters. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)
- 3.NBT Number and Operations in Base Ten (3-LS1-1)
- 3.NF Number and Operations—Fractions (3-LS1-1)

## **Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills**

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### **Critical Thinking and Problem Solving:**

- 9.4.5.CT.1: Identify and gather relevant data that will aid in the problem-solving process (e.g., 2.1.5.EH.4, 4-ESS3-1, 6.3.5.CivicsPD.2).
- 9.4.5.CT.2: Identify a problem and list the types of individuals and resources (e.g., school, community agencies, governmental, online) that can aid in solving the problem (e.g., 2.1.5.CHSS.1, 4-ESS3-1).
- 9.4.5.CT.3: Describe how digital tools and technology may be used to solve problems. • 9.4.5.CT.4: Apply critical thinking and problem-solving strategies to different types of problems such as personal, academic, community and global

### **Career Ready Practices**

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- CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
- CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.