3 Science Unit 1: Life Cycles (Circle of Life)

Content Area: **Science**
Course(s):
Time Period: **Marking Period 1**
Length: **9 Weeks**
Status: **Published**

Unit Overview

In this unit, students compare and contrast the life cycles of both animals and plants. Students create models to build an understanding that all organisms share certain stages in their life cycles: birth, growth, reproduction, and death. Students also explore how an understanding of life cycles can aid in solving problems that occur when there are too many or too few organisms in a particular environment.

Standards

Scientific & Engineering Practices

- Students develop a model of a flower and bee to simulate pollination. With a partner, they carry out an investigation to determine how bees fly between flowers and cause pollination. Students analyze their data and construct an explanation for if their flower will produce seeds or not.
- Students carry out an investigation to determine if a food is a science fruit or vegetable. They cut open each food to determine if there are seeds. Students analyze this data to determine if the food is a fruit or vegetable.
- Students carry out an investigation to determine the sweetness of different apple varieties.
- Students engage in argument from evidence about which plants and fruits are related to one another. Students obtain, evaluate, and communicate information by sorting plant cards into groups based on similar traits. They determine which plants share wild parents and are varieties of each other.

Crosscutting Concepts

- Students explore the pattern of similarities in life cycles among organisms.
- Students observe that a plant's stigma (structure) is sticky to 'catch' pollen (function).
- Students use patterns to sort food as a science fruit or a science vegetable.
- Students learn that fruit (structure) contains seeds and helps them spread (function).
- Students identify the similarities and differences shared between offspring and their parents, or among siblings as a pattern.
- Students recognize similarities and differences among the traits of different plants as a pattern.

SCI.3-5-ETS1-2	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
SCI.3-LS1-1	Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles, but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.
SCI.3-LS4-4	Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals that live there may change.

Materials

Core Materials:

- Mystery Science
    - How is your life like an alligator's life?
    - What's the best way to get rid of mosquitoes?
    - Why do plants grow flowers?
    - Why do plants give us fruit?
    - Why are there so many different kinds of flowers?
    - Why are some saguaros so tiny?
- Teacher Created Labs

Supplemental Materials:

- BrainPop resources
- NewsELA
- GRC Lessons
- TBSAID
- Nearpod Activities

Technology

Technology Literacy

• 9.4.5.TL.1: Compare the common uses of at least two different digital tools and identify the advantages and disadvantages of using each.

• 9.4.5.TL.2: Sort and filter data in a spreadsheet to analyze findings.

• 9.4.5.TL.3: Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text, change page formatting, and include appropriate images graphics, or symbols.

Technology - Engineering Design

• 8.2.5.ED.1: Explain the functions of a system and its subsystems.

• 8.2.5.ED.2: Collaborate with peers to collect information, brainstorm to solve a problem, and evaluate all possible solutions to provide the best results with supporting sketches or models.

• 8.2.5.ED.3: Follow step by step directions to assemble a product or solve a problem, using appropriate tools to accomplish the task.

Technology - Data & Analysis

• 8.1.5.DA.1: Collect, organize, and display data in order to highlight relationships or support a claim.

• 8.1.5.DA.2: Compare the amount of storage space required for different types of data.

• 8.1.5.DA.3: Organize and present collected data visually to communicate insights gained from different views of the data.

• 8.1.5.DA.4: Organize and present climate change data visually to highlight relationships or support a claim.

• 8.1.5.DA.5: Propose cause and effect relationships, predict outcomes, or communicate ideas using data.

Technology - Effects on the Natural World

• 8.2.5.ETW.2: Describe ways that various technologies are used to reduce improper use of resources.

• 8.2.5.ETW.3: Explain why human-designed systems, products, and environments need to be constantly monitored, maintained, and improved.

• 8.2.5.ETW.4: Explain the impact that resources, such as energy and materials used to develop technology, have on the environment.

• 8.2.5.ETW.5: Identify the impact of a specific technology on the environment and determine what can be done to increase positive effects and to reduce any negative effects, such as climate change.

Evidence of Learning/Assessment

Formative Assessment

- Teacher Observation
- Quizzes
- Exit Tickets
- Labs

Summative Assessment

- Benchmark Tests
- Alternative Assessments: Performance Tasks & Projects

Accommodations & Modifications

Special Education

Follow IEP Plan which may contain some of the following examples…

- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Study Guides
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Newsela leveled reading passages

504

Follow 504 Plan which may contain some of the following examples…

- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Study Guides
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Newsela leveled reading passages

ELL

- Translation device/dictionary
- In class/pull out support with ESL teacher
- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Study Guides

- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Newsela leveled reading passages

At-risk of Failure

- Extra time during intervention
- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Study Guides
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Newsela leveled reading passage

Gifted & Talented

- Independent projects
- STEM Projects
- Leveled Reading with Newsela

Interdisciplinary Connections

Connections to NJSLS - English Language Arts

• RI.3.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)

• RI.3.3 Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect. (3-LS3- 1), (3-LS3-2)

• W.3.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2) • SL.3.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)

• RI.3.7 Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur). (3-LS1-1)

• SL.3.5 Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details. (3-LS1-1)

Connections to NJSLS - Mathematics

• MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)

• MP.4 Model with mathematics. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)

• 3.MD.B.4 Generate measurement data by measuring lengths using rulers marked with halves and fourths of an inch. Show the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in appropriate units—whole numbers, halves, or quarters. (3-LS3-1), (3-LS3-2)

• 3.NBT Number and Operations in Base Ten (3-LS1-1)

• 3.NF Number and Operations—Fractions (3-LS1-1)

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills

Critical Thinking and Problem Solving:

• 9.4.5.CT.1: Identify and gather relevant data that will aid in the problem-solving process (e.g., 2.1.5.EH.4, 4-ESS3-1, 6.3.5.CivicsPD.2).

• 9.4.5.CT.2: Identify a problem and list the types of individuals and resources (e.g., school, community agencies, governmental, online) that can aid in solving the problem (e.g., 2.1.5.CHSS.1, 4-ESS3-1).

• 9.4.5.CT.3: Describe how digital tools and technology may be used to solve problems. • 9.4.5.CT.4: Apply critical thinking and problem-solving strategies to different types of problems such as personal, academic, community and global

Career Ready Practices

- CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
- CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.