

4 Math Unit 10: Equivalence in Units of Measure

Content Area: **Mathematics**
Course(s):
Time Period: **May**
Length: **2 Weeks**
Status: **Published**

Unit Overview

Fourth graders learn the relative sizes of measurement units within a system of measurement. Expressing larger measurements in smaller units within the metric system is an opportunity to reinforce notions of place value. There are prefixes for multiples of the basic unit (meter or gram), although only a few (kilo-, centi-, and milli-) are in common use. Tables such as the one in the margin indicate the meanings of the prefixes by showing them in terms of the basic unit (in this case, meters). Such tables are an opportunity to develop or reinforce place value concepts and skills in measurement activities. Relating units within the metric system is another opportunity to think about place value. For example, students might make a table that shows measurements of the same lengths in centimeters and meters. Relating units within the traditional system provides an opportunity to engage in mathematical practices, especially “look for and make use of structure” (MP7) and “look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning” (MP8). For example, students might make a table that shows measurements of the same lengths in feet and inches.

- How can you convert from one unit to another?
- How can you be precise when solving math problems?

Students will be able to...
find equivalent units of measure

Standards

MA.4.MD.A.1	Know relative sizes of measurement units within one system of units including km, m, cm, mm; kg, g; lb, oz.; l, ml; hr, min, sec. Within a single system of measurement, express measurements in a larger unit in terms of a smaller unit. Record measurement equivalents in a two column table.
MA.4.MD.A.2	Use the four operations to solve word problems involving distances, intervals of time, liquid volumes, masses of objects, and money, including problems involving simple fractions or decimals, and problems that require expressing measurements given in a larger unit in terms of a smaller unit. Represent measurement quantities using diagrams such as number line diagrams that feature a measurement scale.
MA.4.NF.B.3	Understand a fraction a/b with $a > 1$ as a sum of fractions $1/b$.
MA.4.NF.B.4	Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication to multiply a fraction by a whole number.
MA.4.NBT.B.5	Multiply a whole number of up to four digits by a one-digit whole number, and multiply

two two-digit numbers, using strategies based on place value and the properties of operations. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.

Materials

- [EnVision Math](#)
- 13-1 Equivalence with Customary Units of Length
- 13-2 Equivalence with Customary Units of Capacity
- 13-3 Equivalence with Customary Units of Weight
- 13-4 Equivalence with Metric Units of Length
- 13-5 Equivalence with Metric Units of Capacity and Mass
- 13-6 Solve Perimeter and Area Problems
- 13-7 Math Practices and Problem Solving: Precision

[ST Math](#)

- [Happy Numbers](#)
- [3 Act Lessons](#)
- [Building Fact Fluency Kit](#)
- [Brainiaccamp Manipulatives](#)
- [Nearpod Lessons](#)
- [Brainpop Resources](#)
- [Math Diagnosis and Intervention System](#)
- [Online Resources](#)

Technology

- 8.1.5.A.1,2,4 (solve problems, word processing, databases, spreadsheets)
- 8.1.5.F.1 (digital tools to support scientific finding)
- 8.2.5.C.1,2,3 (solve problems, troubleshoot repair tools)

Assessment

Formative Assessment

- Teacher Observation
- Daily Quick Check
- Quizzes
- Exit Tickets

Summative Assessment

- Topic Tests
- Benchmark Tests
- Alternative Assessments: Performance Tasks & Projects

Accommodations & Modifications

Special Education

- Follow IEP Plan which may contain some of the following examples...
- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Manipulatives
- Calculators
- Reteach pages
- Leveled homework
- Lesson intervention activities
- Math Diagnosis & Intervention System
- Another look homework video
- Practice buddy

504

- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts Limit number of questions
- Scribe Manipulatives Calculators Reteach pages Leveled homework
- Lesson intervention activities
- Math Diagnosis & Intervention System Another look homework video
- Practice buddy

ELL

- Translation device/dictionary
- In class/pull out support with ESL teacher

- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Manipulatives
- Math Diagnosis & Intervention System

At-risk of Failure

- Additional time during intervention time
- Questions read aloud
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Manipulatives
- Calculators
- Reteach pages
- Leveled homework
- Lesson intervention activities
- Math Diagnosis & Intervention System
- Another look homework video
- Practice buddy

Gifted & Talented

- Independent projects
- Enrichment pages
- Online games
- Leveled Homework
- Extension Activities
- Today's Challenge

Interdisciplinary Connections

Topic 1 Math and Science Project - Using different presentations tools, students will collect different types of paper. Talk about the uses of paper. Tell how strong each type of paper is. Tell how the paper feels. Tell if the paper can soak up water.

ELA:

NJSLSA.R10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently with scaffolding as needed.

Science:

3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

21st Century Life Literacies & Key Skills**Critical Thinking and Problem Solving:**

Problem-solving activities starting with the lesson “Solve and Share” and ending with higher order thinking questions that utilize the mathematical practices

Communication and Collaboration:

Throughout the lesson, students are provided with opportunities to discuss their ideas as they investigate mathematical concepts.

Creativity:

Students have opportunities to express their creativity by solving problems their own way, participating in performance tasks, and group projects.

Technology:

Use of iPads, instructional apps, lab materials embedded in lessons. Programs such as BrainPop, Math Reflex, Google Slides are used to support instruction.

Career Ready Practices

- CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
- CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.

