

# GR K Module 4 (Happy Healthy Me)

Content Area: **English Language Arts**  
Course(s):  
Time Period: **Marking Period 2**  
Length: **4 weeks**  
Status: **Published**

## Unit Overview

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Module Title: Happy Healthy Me

Essential Question: How can I be my healthiest me?

## Standards

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### Structured Literacy Week 3

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ELA.L.RF.K.2.B	Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.D	Orally repeat multi-syllable words and pronounce the separate syllables.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.E	Isolate and pronounce the initial, final, and medial sounds (phonemes) in spoken, single-syllable words, (simple syllables that do not include final /l/, /m/, /r/, or /x/ sounds and consonant blends).
ELA.L.RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds of each consonant.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.C	Read high-frequency words and grade level irregular words with automaticity.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.D	Recognize the parts of high-frequency words that are regular and the parts that are irregular.
ELA.L.RF.K.4	Read emergent-reader texts (decodable texts, including words with one-to-one letter-sound correspondences) orally with sufficient decoding accuracy to support comprehension.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.B	Write upper and lowercase letters, with reference to a model.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.D	Identify the letters used to represent vowel phonemes and those used to represent consonants, knowing that every syllable has a vowel.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.E	Write a common grapheme (letter or letter group) for each phoneme.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.A	Representing phonemes, first to last, in simple words, using letters with a transparent relationship to sound (e.g., the “o” in “rope” may be spelled with a single letter, o).
ELA.L.WF.K.2.C	Spelling VC (vowel-consonant) [at, in] and CVC [pet, mud] words with short vowel sounds.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.D	Writing frequently used words accurately.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.E	Attempting phonetic spellings of unknown words.

## Reading Week 1

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ELA.L.RF.K.1.A	Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.A	Recognize and produce rhyming words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.B	Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.C	Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.E	Isolate and pronounce the initial, final, and medial sounds (phonemes) in spoken, single-syllable words, (simple syllables that do not include final /l/, /m/, /r/, or /x/ sounds and consonant blends).
ELA.L.RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds of each consonant.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.C	Read high-frequency words and grade level irregular words with automaticity.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.D	Recognize the parts of high-frequency words that are regular and the parts that are irregular.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.E	Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ (e.g., nap and tap; cat and cot).
ELA.L.RF.K.4	Read emergent-reader texts (decodable texts, including words with one-to-one letter-sound correspondences) orally with sufficient decoding accuracy to support comprehension.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.B	Write upper and lowercase letters, with reference to a model.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.C	Write left to right and include a space between words.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.D	Identify the letters used to represent vowel phonemes and those used to represent consonants, knowing that every syllable has a vowel.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.E	Write a common grapheme (letter or letter group) for each phoneme.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.F	Orally segment the phonemes in any single syllable, spoken word.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.A	Representing phonemes, first to last, in simple words, using letters with a transparent relationship to sound (e.g., the “o” in “rope” may be spelled with a single letter, o).
ELA.L.WF.K.2.B	Writing or selecting a missing initial or final consonant when spelling a CVC (consonant-vowel-consonant) word.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.C	Spelling VC (vowel-consonant) [at, in] and CVC [pet, mud] words with short vowel sounds.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.D	Writing frequently used words accurately.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.E	Attempting phonetic spellings of unknown words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.A	Repeat a sentence, identifying how many words are in the sentence.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.B	Write simple sentences.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.C	Capitalize the first word in a sentence, capitalize proper names, and include spaces between words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.D	Use end punctuation.
ELA.L.KL.K.1.A	Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.
ELA.RI.CR.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in an informational text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RI.CI.K.2	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and key details of an informational text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RI.AA.K.7	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.

ELA.W.WP.K.4	With prompts and support from adults, recognize that writing carries a message and should make sense to others.
ELA.W.WR.K.5	With prompting and support, generate questions through shared research in response to a topic, text, or stimulus (e.g., event, photograph, video, book).
ELA.W.SE.K.6	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
ELA.SL.ES.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.

## Structured Literacy Week 1

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ELA.L.RF.K.2.C	Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.E	Isolate and pronounce the initial, final, and medial sounds (phonemes) in spoken, single-syllable words, (simple syllables that do not include final /l/, /m/, /r/, or /x/ sounds and consonant blends).
ELA.L.RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds of each consonant.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.C	Read high-frequency words and grade level irregular words with automaticity.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.D	Recognize the parts of high-frequency words that are regular and the parts that are irregular.
ELA.L.RF.K.4	Read emergent-reader texts (decodable texts, including words with one-to-one letter-sound correspondences) orally with sufficient decoding accuracy to support comprehension.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.D	Identify the letters used to represent vowel phonemes and those used to represent consonants, knowing that every syllable has a vowel.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.E	Write a common grapheme (letter or letter group) for each phoneme.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.A	Representing phonemes, first to last, in simple words, using letters with a transparent relationship to sound (e.g., the “o” in “rope” may be spelled with a single letter, o).
ELA.L.WF.K.2.C	Spelling VC (vowel-consonant) [at, in] and CVC [pet, mud] words with short vowel sounds.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.D	Writing frequently used words accurately.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.E	Attempting phonetic spellings of unknown words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.B	Write simple sentences.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.C	Capitalize the first word in a sentence, capitalize proper names, and include spaces between words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.D	Use end punctuation.

## Reading Week 2

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ELA.L.VI.K.3.C	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).
ELA.L.VI.K.3.D	Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings.
ELA.RL.CR.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a literary text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).

ELA.RI.CR.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in an informational text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RI.CI.K.2	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and key details of an informational text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RL.PP.K.5	With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story.
ELA.RI.AA.K.7	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.
ELA.W.RW.K.7	With prompting and support, engage in brief but regular writing and drawing tasks.
ELA.SL.PE.K.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).
ELA.SL.ES.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.

## Structured Literacy Week 2

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ELA.L.RF.K.2.C	Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.E	Isolate and pronounce the initial, final, and medial sounds (phonemes) in spoken, single-syllable words, (simple syllables that do not include final /l/, /m/, /r/, or /x/ sounds and consonant blends).
ELA.L.RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds of each consonant.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.C	Read high-frequency words and grade level irregular words with automaticity.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.D	Recognize the parts of high-frequency words that are regular and the parts that are irregular.
ELA.L.RF.K.4	Read emergent-reader texts (decodable texts, including words with one-to-one letter-sound correspondences) orally with sufficient decoding accuracy to support comprehension.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.C	Write left to right and include a space between words.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.D	Identify the letters used to represent vowel phonemes and those used to represent consonants, knowing that every syllable has a vowel.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.E	Write a common grapheme (letter or letter group) for each phoneme.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.A	Representing phonemes, first to last, in simple words, using letters with a transparent relationship to sound (e.g., the “o” in “rope” may be spelled with a single letter, o).
ELA.L.WF.K.2.C	Spelling VC (vowel-consonant) [at, in] and CVC [pet, mud] words with short vowel sounds.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.D	Writing frequently used words accurately.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.E	Attempting phonetic spellings of unknown words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.A	Repeat a sentence, identifying how many words are in the sentence.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.B	Write simple sentences.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.C	Capitalize the first word in a sentence, capitalize proper names, and include spaces between words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.D	Use end punctuation.

## Reading Week 3

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ELA.L.RF.K.1.A	Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.
ELA.L.RF.K.1.B	Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.
ELA.L.RF.K.1.D	Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.A	Recognize and produce rhyming words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.C	Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.D	Orally repeat multi-syllable words and pronounce the separate syllables.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.E	Isolate and pronounce the initial, final, and medial sounds (phonemes) in spoken, single-syllable words, (simple syllables that do not include final /l/, /m/, /r/, or /x/ sounds and consonant blends).
ELA.L.RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds of each consonant.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.C	Read high-frequency words and grade level irregular words with automaticity.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.D	Recognize the parts of high-frequency words that are regular and the parts that are irregular.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.E	Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ (e.g., nap and tap; cat and cot).
ELA.L.RF.K.4	Read emergent-reader texts (decodable texts, including words with one-to-one letter-sound correspondences) orally with sufficient decoding accuracy to support comprehension.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.B	Write upper and lowercase letters, with reference to a model.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.D	Identify the letters used to represent vowel phonemes and those used to represent consonants, knowing that every syllable has a vowel.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.E	Write a common grapheme (letter or letter group) for each phoneme.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.F	Orally segment the phonemes in any single syllable, spoken word.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.A	Representing phonemes, first to last, in simple words, using letters with a transparent relationship to sound (e.g., the “o” in “rope” may be spelled with a single letter, o).
ELA.L.WF.K.2.B	Writing or selecting a missing initial or final consonant when spelling a CVC (consonant-vowel-consonant) word.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.C	Spelling VC (vowel-consonant) [at, in] and CVC [pet, mud] words with short vowel sounds.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.D	Writing frequently used words accurately.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.E	Attempting phonetic spellings of unknown words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.A	Repeat a sentence, identifying how many words are in the sentence.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.B	Write simple sentences.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.C	Capitalize the first word in a sentence, capitalize proper names, and include spaces between words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.D	Use end punctuation.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.G	Supply the “who,” “is doing,” “what,” in a subject-verb-object sentence frame.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.H	Match periods, question marks, and exclamation points to statements, questions, commands, and exclamations.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.I	With support, distinguish between a complete sentence and a sentence fragment.
ELA.L.VI.K.3.C	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).

ELA.L.VI.K.3.D	Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings.
ELA.RL.CR.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a literary text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RI.CR.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in an informational text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RL.CI.K.2	With prompting and support, identify the central message and retell familiar literary texts, including key details (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RI.CI.K.2	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and key details of an informational text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RL.IT.K.3	With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.
ELA.RL.TS.K.4	Recognize common types of literary texts (e.g., storybooks, poems) and identify features of print (front cover, back cover, and title page of a book).
ELA.RI.MF.K.6	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts).
ELA.W.WR.K.5	With prompting and support, generate questions through shared research in response to a topic, text, or stimulus (e.g., event, photograph, video, book).
ELA.W.SE.K.6	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
ELA.SL.PE.K.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).
ELA.SL.II.K.2	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.
ELA.SL.ES.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.
ELA.SL.AS.K.6	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.

## Reading Week 4

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ELA.L.RF.K.1.B	Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.A	Recognize and produce rhyming words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.B	Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.C	Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.D	Orally repeat multi-syllable words and pronounce the separate syllables.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.E	Isolate and pronounce the initial, final, and medial sounds (phonemes) in spoken, single-syllable words, (simple syllables that do not include final /l/, /m/, /r/, or /x/ sounds and consonant blends).
ELA.L.RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds of each consonant.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.C	Read high-frequency words and grade level irregular words with automaticity.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.D	Recognize the parts of high-frequency words that are regular and the parts that are irregular.

ELA.L.RF.K.3.E	Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ (e.g., nap and tap; cat and cot).
ELA.L.RF.K.4	Read emergent-reader texts (decodable texts, including words with one-to-one letter-sound correspondences) orally with sufficient decoding accuracy to support comprehension.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.B	Write upper and lowercase letters, with reference to a model.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.C	Write left to right and include a space between words.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.D	Identify the letters used to represent vowel phonemes and those used to represent consonants, knowing that every syllable has a vowel.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.E	Write a common grapheme (letter or letter group) for each phoneme.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.F	Orally segment the phonemes in any single syllable, spoken word.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.A	Representing phonemes, first to last, in simple words, using letters with a transparent relationship to sound (e.g., the “o” in “rope” may be spelled with a single letter, o).
ELA.L.WF.K.2.B	Writing or selecting a missing initial or final consonant when spelling a CVC (consonant-vowel-consonant) word.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.C	Spelling VC (vowel-consonant) [at, in] and CVC [pet, mud] words with short vowel sounds.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.D	Writing frequently used words accurately.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.E	Attempting phonetic spellings of unknown words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.A	Repeat a sentence, identifying how many words are in the sentence.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.B	Write simple sentences.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.C	Capitalize the first word in a sentence, capitalize proper names, and include spaces between words.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.D	Use end punctuation.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.E	Use manipulatives or digital tools to construct complete sentences.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.F	Write sentences with increasing complexity.
ELA.L.WF.K.3.K	Elaborate a simple subject or simple predicate, in response to questions who, what, where, when, how, or why.
ELA.L.KL.K.1.E	Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.
ELA.L.VI.K.3.C	Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).
ELA.L.VI.K.3.D	Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings.
ELA.RI.CR.K.1	With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in an informational text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RL.CI.K.2	With prompting and support, identify the central message and retell familiar literary texts, including key details (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RI.CI.K.2	With prompting and support, identify the main topic and key details of an informational text (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
ELA.RI.AA.K.7	With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.
ELA.SL.PE.K.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).
ELA.SL.II.K.2	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.

ELA.SL.ES.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.
ELA.SL.AS.K.6	Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.

## Structured Literacy Week 4

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ELA.L.RF.K.2.B	Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.D	Orally repeat multi-syllable words and pronounce the separate syllables.
ELA.L.RF.K.2.E	Isolate and pronounce the initial, final, and medial sounds (phonemes) in spoken, single-syllable words, (simple syllables that do not include final /l/, /m/, /r/, or /x/ sounds and consonant blends).
ELA.L.RF.K.3.A	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing many of the most frequently used sounds of each consonant.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.C	Read high-frequency words and grade level irregular words with automaticity.
ELA.L.RF.K.3.D	Recognize the parts of high-frequency words that are regular and the parts that are irregular.
ELA.L.RF.K.4	Read emergent-reader texts (decodable texts, including words with one-to-one letter-sound correspondences) orally with sufficient decoding accuracy to support comprehension.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.B	Write upper and lowercase letters, with reference to a model.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.D	Identify the letters used to represent vowel phonemes and those used to represent consonants, knowing that every syllable has a vowel.
ELA.L.WF.K.1.E	Write a common grapheme (letter or letter group) for each phoneme.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.A	Representing phonemes, first to last, in simple words, using letters with a transparent relationship to sound (e.g., the “o” in “rope” may be spelled with a single letter, o).
ELA.L.WF.K.2.C	Spelling VC (vowel-consonant) [at, in] and CVC [pet, mud] words with short vowel sounds.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.D	Writing frequently used words accurately.
ELA.L.WF.K.2.E	Attempting phonetic spellings of unknown words.

## Materials/Activities/Resources

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### Core materials:

- HMH Into Reading
- Rigby Leveled Texts
- Schoolwide Writing

### Supplemental materials

- K-2 Foundations materials and techniques
- Brainspring Multi-Sensory Reading materials and techniques
- Patterns of Power

### Web Site Resources:

- Ed Your Friend in Learning



- Fundamentals Unlimited --Schoolwide
- Lexia
- Reading A-Z/RAZ Kids

## **Technology**

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8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.

8.1.2.IC.1: Compare how individuals live and work before and after the implementation of new computing technology.

8.1.2.NI.1: Model and describe how individuals use computers to connect to other individuals, places, information, and ideas through a network.

8.1.2.NI.2: Describe how the Internet enables individuals to connect with others worldwide.

## **Assessment**

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### **Formative Assessment**

- Teacher Observation
- Comprehension Quizzes
- Running Records
- Daily Lesson Checks and Correct & Redirect Opportunities in the Teacher's Guide

### **Summative Assessment**

- Unit Test
- On Demand Pieces
- District Benchmarks
- F&P Benchmark

## **Accommodations & Modifications**

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### **Special Education**

- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Newsela/Readworks/Reading A-Z level reading passages
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud

- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Study Guides
- Mixed Ability Grouping

## **504**

- In class/pull out support with special ed teacher
- Newsela/Readworks/Reading A-Z level reading passages
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts
- Limit number of questions
- Scribe
- Study Guides
- Mixed Ability Grouping

## **ELL**

- Translation device/dictionary
- In class/pull out support with ESL teacher
- Newsela/Readworks/Reading A-Z level reading passages
- Additional time during intervention time
- Preferred seating
- Questions read aloud
- Extended time for completing tasks
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts

## **At-Risk of Failure**

- Additional time during intervention time
- Newsela/Readworks/Reading A-Z level reading passages
- Questions read aloud
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary support
- Mnemonic devices
- Songs/videos to reinforce concepts

## **Gifted & Talented**

- Independent projects
- PEP/GEM class

- Above-Level Reading Materials

## **Interdisciplinary Connections**

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Social Studies Connections:

Science Connections:

HE.K-2.2.1.2.PGD.1	Explore how activity helps all human bodies stay healthy.
HE.K-2.2.1.2.PGD.2	Develop an awareness of healthy habits (e.g., wash hands, cough in arm, brush teeth).
HE.K-2.2.1.2.PGD.3	Explain what being “well” means and identify self-care practices that support wellness.

## **Social and Emotional Learning Connections**

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Learning Mindset: Setting Goals

## **Career Readiness, Life Literacies & Key Skills**

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Financial Literacy (9.1):

- By the end of Grade 2
  - 9.1.2.CR.1: Recognize ways to volunteer in the classroom, school and community.
  - 9.1.2.CR.2: List ways to give back, including making donations, volunteering, and starting a business.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation (9.2):

- By the end of Grade 2
  - 9.1.2.CAP.1: Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.

Life Literacies and Key Skills (9.4):

- By the end of Grade 2
  - 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1,

6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).

- 9.4.2.CT.1: Gather information about an issue, such as climate change, and collaboratively brainstorm ways to solve the problem (e.g., K-2-ETS1-1, 6.3.2.GeoGI.2).
- 9.4.2.CT.2: Identify possible approaches and resources to execute a plan (e.g., 1.2.2.CR1b, 8.2.2.ED.3).
- 9.4.2.CT.3: Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive).
- 9.4.2.DC.6: Identify respectful and responsible ways to communicate in digital environments.
- 9.4.2.DC.7: Describe actions peers can take to positively impact climate change (e.g., 6.3.2.CivicsPD.1).
- 9.4.2.GCA:1: Articulate the role of culture in everyday life by describing one's own culture and comparing it to the cultures of other individuals (e.g., 1.5.2.C2a, 7.1.NL.IPERS.5, 7.1.NL.IPERS.6).
- 9.4.2.IML.1: Identify a simple search term to find information in a search engine or digital resource.
- 9.4.2.TL.7: Describe the benefits of collaborating with others to complete digital tasks or develop digital artifacts (e.g., W.2.6., 8.2.2.ED.2).

## **Career Ready Practices**

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- CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason
- CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.
- CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
- CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.