

# Unit 3: Volume Concepts

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## Unit 3: Volume Concepts

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## Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

# Mathematics: Grade 5

## Unit 3: Volume Concepts

Belleville Board of Education

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## **Unit Overview**

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Unit 3 will cover one topic including (T10) Understand Volume Concepts.

## **Enduring Understandings**

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### **Topic 10 focuses on:**

- Volume can be measured by counting the number of cubic units needed to fill a three-dimensional figure.
- Formulas can be used to find the volume of rectangular prisms and cubes.
- Formulas can be used to find the volume of rectangular prisms and cubes.
- The volume of a solid figure composed of rectangular prisms can be found by adding the volumes of each rectangular prism.
- Some problems can be solved by first finding and solving one or more sub-problems and then using the answer(s) to solve the original problem.
- Good math thinkers know how to pick the right tools to solve math problems.

## **Essential Questions**

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(T10) Understand Volume Concepts

- What is the meaning of volume of a solid?
- How can the volume of a rectangular prism be found?

## Exit Skills

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Topic 10: Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.

## New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSL)

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The [Math Practices](#), as put forth by the National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM), are connected within all lessons:

MP.1 - Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

MP.2 - Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

MP.3 - Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

MP.4 - Model with mathematics.

MP.5 - Use appropriate tools strategically.

MP.6 - Attend to precision.

MP.7 - Look for and make use of structure.

MP.8 - Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

MA.5.MD.C	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
MA.5.MD.C.3	Recognize volume as an attribute of solid figures and understand concepts of volume measurement.
MA.5.MD.C.3a	A cube with side length 1 unit, called a “unit cube,” is said to have “one cubic unit” of volume, and can be used to measure volume.
MA.5.MD.C.3b	A solid figure which can be packed without gaps or overlaps using $n$ unit cubes is said to have a volume of $n$ cubic units.
MA.5.MD.C.4	Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and non-standard units.
MA.5.MD.C.5	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume.
MA.5.MD.C.5a	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.
MA.5.MD.C.5b	Apply the formulas $V = l \times w \times h$ and $V = B \times h$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.

MA.5.MD.C.5c

Recognize volume as additive. Find volumes of solid figures composed of two non-overlapping right rectangular prisms by adding the volumes of the non-overlapping parts, applying this technique to solve real world problems.

## Interdisciplinary Connections

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LA.RL.5.1	Quote accurately from a text, and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
LA.RF.5.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding words.
LA.RF.5.3.A	Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
LA.L.5.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

## Learning Objectives

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After completing Unit 3, students will be able to:

### Topic 10:

- Find the volume of solid figures.
- Find the volume of rectangular prisms using a formula.
- Find the volume of prisms in different ways.
- Find the volume of a solid figure that is the combination of two or more rectangular prisms.
- Use models, prior knowledge of volumes, and previously learned strategies to solve word problems involving volume.
- Use previously learned knowledge about volumes to choose the appropriate tools to solve volume problems.

## Suggested Activities & Best Practices

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- Consider Extension Activity e.g. Topic 10-1, pg. 583
- Further suggested activities embedded within each Topic

## Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

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- Common Formative Assessments (Formative)

- Common Summative Assessments (Summative)
- District Benchmark (Benchmark)
- Do Now
- Exit Tickets
- Higher-order Questioning / Rich Discussion
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Performance Task (Alternative)
- Quick Check (enVisionmath)
- Quick Write
- Quizzes (Formative)
- Rubrics
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think-Pair-Share
- Turn-and-Talk / Share-out
- Unit Assessments (Summative)
- WIK / WINK

## **Primary Resources & Materials**

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EnVision Math Teacher Edition

[PearsonRealize.com](https://www.pearsonrealize.com)

## **Ancillary Resources**

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[New Jersey Student Learning Standards for Mathematics](#)

[NJSLS Mathematics Crosswalk](#)

[IXL Learning](#)

[NCTM Illuminations](#)

## **Technology Infusion**

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### Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;

- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

CRP.K-12.CRP2.1	Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.
CRP.K-12.CRP4.1	Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.
CRP.K-12.CRP6.1	Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.
CRP.K-12.CRP8.1	Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.
CRP.K-12.CRP11.1	Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.
CAEP.9.2.8.B.3	Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.
TECH.8.1.5.A	Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.
TECH.8.1.5.A.1	Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems.
TECH.8.1.5.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems
TECH.8.1.5.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.

## **21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes**

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- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy

- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

## **21st Century Skills**

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- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

## **Differentiation**

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- Use the "Quick Check" feature on Pearson Realize (embedded in each Unit) to help determine the strategy for differentiating instruction; the "Assess and Differentiate" page will prescribe the differentiated instructional activity

### **Differentiations:**

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments aloud
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition



- Dictation to scribe

### **Hi-Prep Differentiations:**

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

### **Lo-Prep Differentiations**

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal-setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

- Consider Intervention Activity and/or Reteach e.g. Topic 10-1, pg. 591A
- Use suggestions under Technology Center section in Pearson Realize to target students with disabilities
- Use the [Pacer Center Action Information Sheet](#) for research-based ideas on accommodations and modifications
  - Allow for open-note/open-book assessments
  - Check classwork frequently for understanding
  - Conduct preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
  - Consider behavior management plan
  - Implement accommodations/modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
  - Modified test content/format
  - Modified written assignments
  - Multi-sensory presentation
  - Pre-annotate text
  - Preferential seating
  - Promote pair work
  - Provide extended time on various assignments
  - Provide printed/online copies of lesson notes
  - Secure attention before providing instruction/directions
  - Use assistive technology

## **English Language Learning (ELL)**

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- Use Teaching Tool 48 as a graphic organizer to help students connect a visual to the vocabulary term
- Use Teaching Tool 49 to connect students' understanding of vocabulary terms with actual meanings
- Use suggestions under English Language Learners section in Pearson Realize to target beginning, intermediate, and advanced learners e.g. Topic 10-1, pg. 587A
- Use suggestions under Technology Center section in Pearson Realize to target ELLs
  - Allow for multiple student revisions
  - Allow for open-note / open-book assessments
  - Allow multiple forms of student products (projects, models, slide-shows, etc.) to demonstrate student learning
  - Ask and give information using key words
  - Demonstrate listening comprehension by responding to questions
  - Develop basic sight vocabulary
  - Differentiate assessments to reflect selected objectives
  - Express ideas in single words

- Leverage computer spell checker
- Modify reading assignments to correlate with lexile level
- Peer tutoring / Peer note-taking
- Speak using content area vocabulary in context
- Teacher-created Study Guide
- Use prior experiences to understanding meanings
- Use videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

## **At Risk**

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- Decrease the amount of work represented or required by assigning the "Do You Understand?" and the "Do You Know How?" sections of each lesson

- Use suggestions under Technology Center section in Pearson Realize to target at-risk students

- Use suggestions under Intervention Activity e.g. Topic 10-1, Error Intervention, pg. 589-590

- Allow for multiple student revisions
- Allow for open-note / open-book assessments
- Allow multiple forms of student products (projects, models, slide-shows, etc.) to demonstrate student learning
- Allow students to select from given assignment choices
- Differentiate assessments to reflect selected objectives
- Mark students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- Peer tutoring / Peer note-taking
- Promote student collaboration on in-class / outside class assignments
- Reduce lengthy outside reading assignments
- Teach key aspects of a topic - eliminate non-essential information
- Teacher-created Study Guide
- Use authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- Use videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

## **Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)**

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- Use suggestions under Extension for Early Finishers section in Pearson Realize to target advanced learners

- Use suggestions under Advanced Activity Centers to target advanced learners e.g. Topic 10-1, pg. 591A

- Administer Unit Assessment to determine level of proficiency
- Allow gifted children to create and publish a class newspaper to distribute
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Complete activities aligned with above grade-level text using Benchmark results
- Consider parental input about the education of their gifted children

- Create a blog or social media page about a topic of interest
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Involve students in academic contests
- Promote advanced problem-solving
- Remember that gifted children may not excel in all areas
- Set individual goals
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge