Unit 1: The Elements of Art

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Unit 1: The Elements of Art

Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Fifth Grade Art

Unit 1: The Elements of Art

Belleville Board of Education

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Unit Overview

Unit one focuses on the Elements of Art: line, shape, color, form, space, value, and texture.

This is a review unit that should be gone over quickly, focusing mainly on how to incorporate all the elements into artwork and process.

Elements of Art

- Review the elements, define each and give examples of how they are used.
- Practice incorporating the elements together into one exercise.
- Review how understanding the elements has helped with previous artwork.

Enduring Understandings

- All seven elements of art can be used in unison to create harmonious artwork.
- It is important to understand the basic fundamentals of art as a foundation for all art creation.
- Knowledge of the Elements of Art will help me to create successful artwork.

Essential Questions

- Why do the Elements of Art exist?
- How does the understanding of these elements make me a better artist?
- How do the Elements of Art help me to make a meaningful and visually pleasing artwork?
- How can the elements of art help me outside of the studio?

Exit Skills

By the end of Unit 1:

- All students will demonstrate an understanding of the Elements of Art by:
 - o Naming all seven elements.
 - o Defining and explaining all seven elements.
 - o Using all seven elements in an exercise that reviews previous knowledge and prepares students for new endeavors.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS)

VPA.1.1.5.D.1	Identify elements of art and principles of design that are evident in everyday life.
VPA.1.1.5.D.2	Compare and contrast works of art in various mediums that use the same art elements and principles of design.
VPA.1.2.5.A.1	Recognize works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art as a reflection of societal values and beliefs.
VPA.1.2.5.A.2	Relate common artistic elements that define distinctive art genres in dance, music, theatre, and visual art.
VPA.1.2.5.A.3	Determine the impact of significant contributions of individual artists in dance, music, theatre, and visual art from diverse cultures throughout history.
VPA.1.3.5.D.2	Identify common and distinctive characteristics of artworks from diverse cultural and historical eras of visual art using age-appropriate stylistic terminology (e.g., cubist, surreal, optic, impressionistic), and experiment with various compositional approaches influenced by these styles.
VPA.1.3.5.D.3	Identify common and distinctive characteristics of genres of visual artworks (e.g., realism, surrealism, abstract/nonobjective art, conceptual art, and others) using age-appropriate terminology, and experiment with various compositional approaches influenced by these genres.
VPA.1.3.5.D.4	Differentiate drawing, painting, ceramics, sculpture, printmaking, textiles, and computer imaging by the physical properties of the resulting artworks, and experiment with various art media and art mediums to create original works of art.
VPA.1.3.5.D.5	Collaborate in the creation of works of art using multiple art media and art mediums, and present the completed works in exhibition areas inside and outside the classroom.
VPA.1.4.5.A.1	Employ basic, discipline-specific arts terminology to categorize works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art according to established classifications.
VPA.1.4.5.A.2	Make informed aesthetic responses to artworks based on structural arrangement and personal, cultural, and historical points of view.
VPA.1.4.5.A.3	Demonstrate how art communicates ideas about personal and social values and is inspired by an individual's imagination and frame of reference (e.g., personal, social, political, historical context).
VPA.1.4.5.B.1	Assess the application of the elements of art and principles of design in dance, music, theatre, and visual artworks using observable, objective criteria.
VPA.1.4.5.B.2	Use evaluative tools, such as rubrics, for self-assessment and to appraise the objectivity of critiques by peers.

VPA.1.4.5.B.3	Use discipline-specific arts terminology to evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.
VPA.1.4.5.B.4	Define technical proficiency, using the elements of the arts and principles of design.
VPA.1.4.5.B.5	Distinguish ways in which individuals may disagree about the relative merits and effectiveness of artistic choices in the creation and performance of works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.

Interdisciplinary Connections

LA.RL.5.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes.
MA.5.NF.B.7	Apply and extend previous understandings of division to divide unit fractions by whole numbers and whole numbers by unit fractions.
MA.5.G.A.2	Represent real world and mathematical problems by graphing points in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane, and interpret coordinate values of points in the context of the situation.
MA.5.G.B	Classify two-dimensional figures into categories based on their properties.
LA.SL.5.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
HPE.2.1.6.D.1	Summarize the common causes of intentional and unintentional injuries in adolescents and related prevention strategies.
HPE.2.1.6.D.4	Assess when to use basic first-aid procedures.
HPE.2.1.6.E.2	Make recommendations to resolve incidences of school and community conflict, violence, harassment, gang violence, discrimination, and bullying.

Learning Objectives

After completing the elements of art students will be able to:

- Recite each one of the elements of art.
- Explain how each element is used and why.
- Sketch examples of each element.
- Breakdown artwork they examine by its use of the elements of art.
- Produce successful artwork through their knowledge of the elements of art.

Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- 1. Show students short videos that explain the different elements of art.
- 2. Separate students into groups and have them work on mini-projects that showcase different elements of art.

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

- Project (Summative)
- Portfolio (Benchmark)
- Participatory Assessment (Alternative)
- Peer Reviews (Formative)
- Sample Assessment: "Have students in groups create different posters that describe and show the different elements of art."

In addition to the assessments listed above, the following assessments can be used to track progress:

- Common Benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration
- Self- assessments
- · Teacher Observation Checklist
- Unit review/Test prep

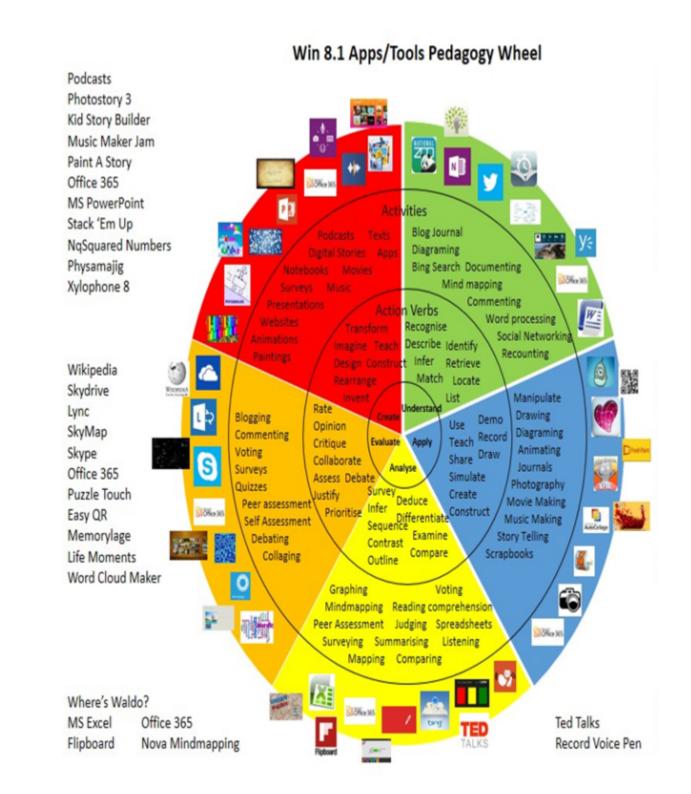
Primary Resources & Materials

- Color Wheel poster, or printout
- School and town libraries
- Various internet websites for art education.

Ancillary Resources

- Pinterest, Pinterest.com
- Artsonia, Artsonia.com
- The Getty Institute, getty.edu
- WebArt, webart.com
- Internet, Virtual Museum Tours
- Hand-outs
- YouTube videos related to art history, artists, or art creation.

SmartBoard (where available), Projector, ipad, Computer, Internet for reference or websites with relevant art information



Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of 21st Century Skills & Technology and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;

Visual and Performing Arts.

TECH.8.1.5.A.1	Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems.
TECH.8.1.5.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems
TECH.8.1.5.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.
TECH.8.1.5.B.CS2	Create original works as a means of personal or group expression.

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- · Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

CRP.K-12.CRP2.1	Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through
	experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between

abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when

it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.

CRP.K-12.CRP4.1 Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity,

> whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are

excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.

21st Century Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- **Global Awareness**
- Health Literacy

Differentiation

- When working on a project, students who are struggling with finishing a project will be given more time to do so.
- At the beginning of each class, to ensure that all students are aware of their goal, it will be written clearly on the board and read aloud.
- When working on a project for multiple weeks, an oral review of the work already completed to remind students of their progress will be given.

Differentiations:

- Extra time to complete assignments
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Visual presentation

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Independent research and projects
- Project-based learning

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- · Goal setting with students

CRP.K-12.CRP6.1

Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

- 1. Make handout of all Elements of Art and visual examples of them.
- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- · behavior management plan
- · check work frequently for understanding
- · have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- · multi-sensory presentation
- · multiple test sessions
- · preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- · secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- · shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner

English Language Learning (ELL)

- 1. Make flashcards for student of all Elements of Art with possibly bilingual vocabulary.
- 2. Use verbal emphasis on the names of all of the Elements so students can familiarize themselves with them.
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- · using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarif
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- · decreasing the amount of workpresented or required
- providing study guides
- tutoring by peers

At Risk

1. Have students choose which elements of art they want to focus on when working on unit projects.

- 2. Find peer partner to help explain elements of art student might be struggling with.
- · allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- · teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- allowing students to select from given choices
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of workpresented or required
- · marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- tutoring by peers
- · using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- · using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

- 1. Have students look through several famous pieces of art, and have them list the elements of art they see in the art piece, as well as how they are used in it.
- Above grade level placement option for qualified students
- Advanced problem-solving
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- · Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson

Unit Name: Sculpture

NJSLS: attached below

Interdisciplinary Connection: Math, social studies

Statement of Objective: SWDAT build a sculpture by creating a three dimensional gnome with paper mache.

Anticipatory Set/Do Now: What three things do most gnomes have in common?

Learning Activity: Students will begin by preparing their water bottles for construction by weighting them. Discuss with the class why a weight inside the bottle is necessary for their structure. Demonstrate how to add the correct amount of clay/plaster/quick rock to the inside of the bottle, add water to activate, then uncap and set aside for drying. During the remaining minutes in class demonstrate how to begin building the armature for the skeleton of their gnomes.

Student Assessment/CFU's: Define, describe, explain, self-assessment.

Materials: Water bottles, quick rock, masking tape, paper, paper mache paste, paint, paint brushes, water, paper towels, batting, any additional tools or embellishments the students want to bring in for their gnomes.

21st Century Themes and Skills: Creativity and innovation, problem solving and critical thinking.

Differentiation: Visual demonstrations and aides available for visual learners; Class discussion and explanation for auditory learners; Physical creation, hands-on work, for kinesthetic learners.

Integration of Technology: Examples will be shown on my computer, or my ipad, whenever applicable.

CRP.K-12.CRP6.1	Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.
SOC.6.1.4.B.8	Compare ways people choose to use and distribute natural resources.
VPA.1.1.5.D.1	Identify elements of art and principles of design that are evident in everyday life.
VPA.1.2.5.A.1	Recognize works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art as a reflection of societal values and beliefs.
VPA.1.3.5.D.1	Work individually and collaboratively to create two- and three-dimensional works of art that make cohesive visual statements and that employ the elements of art and principles of design.
VPA.1.3.5.D.2	Identify common and distinctive characteristics of artworks from diverse cultural and historical eras of visual art using age-appropriate stylistic terminology (e.g., cubist, surreal, optic, impressionistic), and experiment with various compositional approaches influenced by these styles.
VPA.1.3.5.D.5	Collaborate in the creation of works of art using multiple art media and art mediums, and present the completed works in exhibition areas inside and outside the classroom.
VPA.1.4.5.B.2	Use evaluative tools, such as rubrics, for self-assessment and to appraise the objectivity of critiques by peers.