Unit 3: Drawing and Painting

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Unit 3: Drawing and Painting

Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Third Grade Art
Unit 3: Drawing and Painting

Belleville Board of Education

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Unit Overview

Unit three focuses on drawing and painting. New information will build upon areas already learned.

- Examine historical monuments of countries around the world.
- Using the Elements of Art create a drawing of a monument. Stress the importance of adding interest to the negative space around the drawing.
- Review previous knowledge of painting techniques and methods.
- Paint the monument drawing using concepts of the elements of art.

Enduring Understandings

- Monuments around the world can be interesting subject matter for artwork.
- I can create a drawing of a monument through the knowledge I have of the elements of art: line, shape, form, etc.
- I can use paint to add interest ant realism into my artwork.
- Previous knowledge of paintbrushes and paint application can help make my painting endeavors easier.
- Knowledge of color theory can help me to create art that is as realistic as possible.

Essential Questions

- Why do artists practice drawing?
- How does my previous knowledge of the elements of art help me to make a successful piece of art?
- Is a building or monument considered art?

Exit Skills

By the end of Unit 3:

- All students will demonstrate an understanding of drawing and painting by:
 - o Using their previous knowledge to draw a historical monument from somewhere in the world.
 - o Selecting the appropriate tools for painting the monument drawing.
 - o Applying paint to their drawing in a manner that conveys their understanding of color theory.
 - o Using value and their previous knowledge of light sources to create depth in their artwork.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS)

VA.3-5.1.5.5.Cr2a	Experiment and develop skills in multiple art-making techniques and approaches, through invention and practice.
VPA.1.1.5.D.1	Identify elements of art and principles of design that are evident in everyday life.
VPA.1.1.5.D.2	Compare and contrast works of art in various mediums that use the same art elements and principles of design.
VPA.1.2.5.A.1	Recognize works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art as a reflection of societal values and beliefs.
VPA.1.2.5.A.2	Relate common artistic elements that define distinctive art genres in dance, music, theatre, and visual art.
VPA.1.2.5.A.3	Determine the impact of significant contributions of individual artists in dance, music, theatre, and visual art from diverse cultures throughout history.
VPA.1.3.5.D.1	Work individually and collaboratively to create two- and three-dimensional works of art that make cohesive visual statements and that employ the elements of art and principles of design.
VPA.1.3.5.D.2	Identify common and distinctive characteristics of artworks from diverse cultural and historical eras of visual art using age-appropriate stylistic terminology (e.g., cubist, surreal, optic, impressionistic), and experiment with various compositional approaches influenced by these styles.
VPA.1.3.5.D.3	Identify common and distinctive characteristics of genres of visual artworks (e.g., realism, surrealism, abstract/nonobjective art, conceptual art, and others) using age-appropriate terminology, and experiment with various compositional approaches influenced by these genres.
VPA.1.3.5.D.4	Differentiate drawing, painting, ceramics, sculpture, printmaking, textiles, and computer imaging by the physical properties of the resulting artworks, and experiment with various art media and art mediums to create original works of art.
VPA.1.3.5.D.5	Collaborate in the creation of works of art using multiple art media and art mediums, and present the completed works in exhibition areas inside and outside the classroom.
VPA.1.4.5.A.1	Employ basic, discipline-specific arts terminology to categorize works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art according to established classifications.
VPA.1.4.5.A.2	Make informed aesthetic responses to artworks based on structural arrangement and personal, cultural, and historical points of view.
VPA.1.4.5.A.3	Demonstrate how art communicates ideas about personal and social values and is inspired by an individual's imagination and frame of reference (e.g., personal, social, political, historical context).
VPA.1.4.5.B.1	Assess the application of the elements of art and principles of design in dance, music, theatre, and visual artworks using observable, objective criteria.

VPA.1.4.5.B.2	Use evaluative tools, such as rubrics, for self-assessment and to appraise the objectivity of critiques by peers.
VPA.1.4.5.B.3	Use discipline-specific arts terminology to evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.
VPA.1.4.5.B.4	Define technical proficiency, using the elements of the arts and principles of design.
VPA.1.4.5.B.5	Distinguish ways in which individuals may disagree about the relative merits and effectiveness of artistic choices in the creation and performance of works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.

Interdisciplinary Connections

LA.RL.3.1	Ask and answer questions, and make relevant connections to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.
MA.3.MD.D.8	Solve real world and mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths, finding an unknown side length, and exhibiting rectangles with the same perimeter and different areas or with the same area and different perimeters.
MA.3.G.A.1	Understand that shapes in different categories (e.g., rhombuses, rectangles, and others) may share attributes (e.g., having four sides), and that the shared attributes can define a larger category (e.g., quadrilaterals). Recognize rhombuses, rectangles, and squares as examples of quadrilaterals, and draw examples of quadrilaterals that do not belong to any of these subcategories.
LA.SL.3.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on grade 3 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
LA.SL.3.1.A	Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
HPE.2.1.4.D.1	Determine the characteristics of safe and unsafe situations and develop strategies to reduce the risk of injuries at home, school, and in the community (e.g., fire safety, poison safety, accident prevention).
HPE.2.1.4.D.4	Demonstrate simple first-aid procedures for choking, bleeding, burns, and poisoning.
HPE.2.1.4.E.4	Summarize the causes of stress and explain way s to deal with stressful situations.
HPE.2.2.4.A.2	Demonstrate effective interpersonal communication when responding to disagreements or conflicts with others.

Learning Objectives

After completing drawing and painting students will be able to:

- Recognize a monument from another country.
- **Demonstrate** success in using the elements of art to create a drawing of a monument.
- **Develop** strong observational drawing and painting skills.

Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- 1. Using or creating posters with students to show them proper brush care and usage.
- 2. Having students take up "jobs" on painting days, making them responsible for clean-up and set-up of the room.
- 3. Making a list on the board with students of places in town they consider to be monuments.

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

- Project (Summative)
- Portfolio (Benchmark)
- Participatory Assessment (Alternative)
- Peer Reviews (Formative)
- Sample Assessment: "At the beginning of each lesson, have students review 'the main idea' of their painting project. What are we trying to get done in our project today? How can we achieve that?"

In addition to the assessments listed above, the following assessments can be used to track progress:

- Common Benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration
- Self- assessments
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Unit review/Test prep

Primary Resources & Materials

- Color Wheel poster, or printout
- School and town libraries
- Various internet websites for art education.

Ancillary Resources

- Pinterest, Pinterest.com
- Artsonia, Artsonia.com
- The Getty Institute, getty.edu
- WebArt, webart.com
- Internet, Virtual Museum Tours
- Hand-outs
- YouTube videos related to art history, artists, or art creation.

Technology Infusion

SmartBoard (where available), Projector, ipad, Computer, Internet for reference or websites with relevant art information.

Win 8.1 Apps/Tools Pedagogy Wheel **Podcasts** Photostory 3 Kid Story Builder Music Maker Jam Paint A Story Office 365 MS PowerPoint **Activities** Stack 'Em Up Blog Journal NgSquared Numbers Diagraming Physamajig Bing Search Documenting Mind mapping Xylophone 8 Commenting Action Verbs Word processing Recognise Social Networkin Describe Identify Recounting Design Construct Infer Retrieve Wikipedia Match Locate Skydrive List Manipulate Rate Lync Drawing Blogging Demo Use Opinion SkyMap Teach Record Diagraming Commenting Critique Evaluate Animating Voting Skype Share Draw Collaborate Journals Surveys Office 365 Simulate Assess Debate Quizzes Photography Puzzle Touch Survey Justify Create Deduce Movie Making Peer assessment Sequence Differentiate Construct Prioritise Easy QR Music Making Self Assessment Memorylage Examine Story Telling Debating Contrast Compare Scrapbooks Life Moments Collaging Outline Word Cloud Maker Graphing Voting Mindmapping Reading comprehension Peer Assessment Judging Spreadsheets Surveying Summarising Listening Mapping Comparing Where's Waldo? 830Nor365 MS Excel Office 365 Ted Talks Flipboard Nova Mindmapping Record Voice Pen

Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

TECH.O.I.J.M.CJI UNGESTAND AND A CECHNOLOGY SYSTEM	TECH.8.1.5.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems
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TECH.8.1.5.A.CS2 Select and use applications effectively and productively.

TECH.8.1.5.B.CS1 Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes.

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- · Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- Information Literacy
- · Life and Career Skills

CRP.K-12.CRP4.1 Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to

ensure the desired outcome.

CRP.K-12.CRP6.1 Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different

ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand

how to bring innovation to an organization.

CRP.K-12.CRP8.1 Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the

nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of

problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they

thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.

21st Century Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

Differentiation

- When working on a project, students who are struggling with finishing a project will be given more time to do so.
- At the beginning of each class, to ensure that all students are aware of their goal, it will be written clearly on the board and read aloud.
- When working on a project for multiple weeks, an oral review of the work already completed to remind students of their progress will be given.

Differentiations:

- Extra time to complete assignments
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Visual presentation

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Independent research and projects
- Project-based learning

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Goal setting with students
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

- 1. Giving students earlier access to the materials used for painting making to make sure they are comfortable with the material.
- 2. Using hands-on assistance to help students learn different painting techniques, specifically color mixing and

cleaning off the brush.

- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- check work frequently for understanding
- · have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- · highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- multi-sensory presentation
- · preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- · shortened assignments
- · student working with an assigned partner

English Language Learning (ELL)

- 1. Giving students earlier access to the materials used for painting making to make sure they are comfortable with the material.
- 2. Using hands-on assistance to help students learn different painting techniques, specifically color mixing and cleaning off the brush.
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- · using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarif
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- decreasing the amount of workpresented or required
- · tutoring by peers

At Risk

- 1. Using thumbs up and verbal praise to highlight student's successes in the project as well as to keep them on track.
- 2. Using fist-to-five to check for student understanding after directions for projects are given.
- 3. When student understands concepts, having them "lead" students at their table in group painting examples.
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards,

charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning

- · allowing students to select from given choices
- · collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of workpresented or required
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- · tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- · using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

1. Have students do the "100 color challenge", where they use primary colors, black and white paint to fill in 100 squares with different colors of paint.

- · Advanced problem-solving
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- · Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- · Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- · Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- · Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Student Assessment/CFU's:

Sample Lesson		
Sample lesson located in Unit 1.		
Unit Name:		
NUCLO.		
NJSLS:		
Interdisciplinary Connection:		
Statement of Objective:		
Anticipatory Set/Do Now:		
Learning Activity:		

Materials:
21st Century Themes and Skills:
Differentiation/Modifications:
Integration of Technology: