

# Unit 4 A Separate System for Juveniles

Content Area: **CTE**  
Course(s): **Criminal Justice**  
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## **Title Section**

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## **Department of Curriculum and Instruction**



**Belleville Public Schools**

**Curriculum Guide**

**Criminal Justice**

**Grades 10-12**

**A Separate System for Juveniles**

**Belleville Board of Education**

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## **Unit Overview**

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Students will study juveniles' responsibilities and rights and how the criminal justice system treats juvenile offenders. Students will learn about juvenile court jurisdiction, police discretion and criminal procedure in juvenile cases. This unit will introduce students to the legal doctrine of *parens patriae*, meaning “the state as parent.” Students will learn the rights of juveniles during juvenile court hearings and the different ways juvenile courts can dispose of cases. Students will also analyze the basis for trying juveniles as adults.

## **Enduring Understanding**

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Based on the belief that juveniles and adults should be treated differently, a separate justice system for juveniles was created in the United States in 1899. New Jersey first began to differentiate between juveniles and adults in 1900. Juveniles were defined as individuals under the age of 18, and delinquency was defined at the time as “any act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony, misdemeanor, municipal ordinance violation or disorderly conduct offense.” The invention of the juvenile court was based on the **doctrine of *parens patriae***, meaning “the state as parent.” Bent on saving children from becoming criminals, reformers advocated transferring the responsibilities for protecting children from families to special

children's courts. A central premise of the juvenile court is that juveniles and adults should be treated differently. It is assumed that adolescents have less responsibility for their acts and need protection. Therefore, it follows that juveniles should receive less than the full adult penalties for their misconduct. Students will consider all issues related to juvenile justice.

### **Essential Questions**

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What are the responsibilities and rights of juveniles in criminal cases?

How did the juvenile justice system originate?

What is the jurisdiction of juvenile Courts?

Do police have discretion in dealing with juvenile offenders?

What options do juvenile courts have in the disposition of juvenile cases?

What are the components of the juvenile justice system?

Is incarcerating more juveniles is cost-effective?

Should juveniles be tried as adults?

Should Juvenile courts be abolished?

### **Exit Skills**

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*By the end of Unit 4 students will demonstrate the ability to;*

Explain the responsibilities and rights of juveniles in criminal cases.

Describe how the juvenile justice system originated and how the juvenile courts developed in NJ.

Explain the basis for the establishment of juvenile courts and the jurisdiction of juvenile Courts.

Recognize the discretion police have in dealing with juvenile offenders.

Explain the options juvenile courts have in the disposition of juvenile cases.

Identify and explain the components of the juvenile justice system.

Explain how juveniles could be tried as adults.

## **New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS-S)**

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Please list only the content-level and cross-curricular **New Jersey Student Learning Standards** applicable to the unit. **Do not list standards that are not used in the unit.**

12.9.3.LW.1	Analyze the nature and scope of the Law, Public Safety, Corrections & Security Career Cluster and the role law, public safety, corrections and security play in society and the economy.
12.9.3.LW.2	Formulate ideas, proposals and solutions to ensure effective and efficient delivery of law, public safety, corrections and/or security services.
12.9.3.LW.3	Assess and implement measures to maintain safe and healthy working conditions in a law, public safety, corrections and/or security environment.
12.9.3.LW-COR.3	Analyze the impact of federal, state and local laws on correctional facilities.
12.9.3.LW-COR.5	Describe the legal, regulatory and organizational guidelines governing the correction services.
12.9.3.LW-COR.7	Demonstrate effective communication skills (e.g., writing, speaking, active listening and nonverbal communication) in the correctional environment.
12.9.3.LW-COR.11	Analyze the impact of the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments in the correction services environment.
12.9.3.LW-COR.12	Apply the ethical and legal responsibilities of correctional staff to various situations in the correction services environment.
12.9.3.LW-COR.13	Describe the knowledge and technical skills needed to carry out the day-to-day operations at a correctional facility.
12.9.3.LW-ENF.4	Model behaviors that exhibit integrity and commitment to a code of conduct and ethics for law enforcement professionals.
12.9.3.LW-ENF.5	Analyze the impact of federal, state and local laws on law enforcement procedures.
12.9.3.LW-ENF.6	Execute established procedures to avoid the violation of the rights guaranteed by the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments.
12.9.3.LW-LEG	Legal Services

## **Interdisciplinary Connections**

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Please list all and any additional **Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross-Curricular** New Jersey Student Learning Standards that link to this unit, and which are not included in the NJSLS section above.

LA.WHST.11-12.2.A	Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
LA.WHST.11-12.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
CRP.K-12.CRP1.1	Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.
CRP.K-12.CRP4.1	Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.
SOC.6.1.12.A.14.b	Analyze how the Supreme Court has interpreted the Constitution to define the rights of the individual, and evaluate the impact on public policies.
SOC.6.1.12.A.14.d	Analyze the conflicting ideologies and actions of political parties regarding spending priorities, the role of government in the economy, and social reforms.

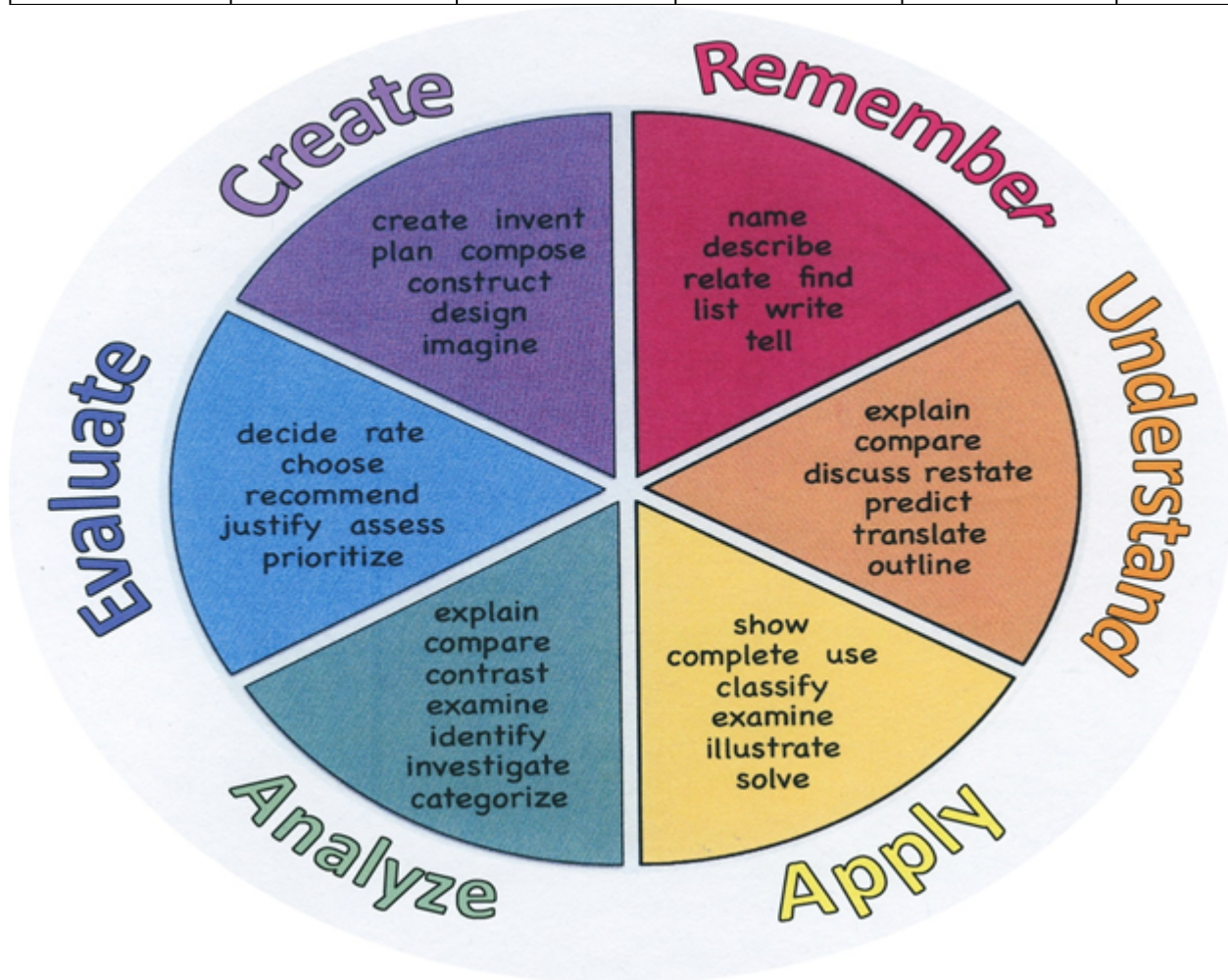
## Learning Objectives

- Explain the responsibilities and rights of juveniles in criminal cases.
- Describe how the juvenile justice system originated and how the juvenile courts developed in NJ.
- Explain the basis for the establishment of juvenile courts and the jurisdiction of juvenile Courts.
- Recognize the discretion police have in dealing with juvenile offenders.
- Explain the options juvenile courts have in the disposition of juvenile cases.
- Identify and explain the components of the juvenile justice system.
- Explain how juveniles could be tried as adults.

**Action Verbs:** Below are examples of action verbs associated with each level of the Revised Bloom's Taxonomy.

Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Choose	Classify	Choose	Categorize	Appraise	Combine
Describe	Defend	Dramatize	Classify	Judge	Compose
Define	Demonstrate	Explain	Compare	Criticize	Construct
Label	Distinguish	Generalize	Differentiate	Defend	Design

List	Explain	Judge	Distinguish	Compare	Develop
Locate	Express	Organize	Identify	Assess	Formulate
Match	Extend	Paint	Infer	Conclude	Hypothesize
Memorize	Give Examples	Prepare	Point out	Contrast	Invent
Name	Illustrate	Produce	Select	Critique	Make
Omit	Indicate	Select	Subdivide	Determine	Originate
Recite	Interrelate	Show	Survey	Grade	Organize
Select	Interpret	Sketch	Arrange	Justify	Plan
State	Infer	Solve	Breakdown	Measure	Produce
Count	Match	Use	Combine	Rank	Role Play
Draw	Paraphrase	Add	Detect	Rate	Drive
Outline	Represent	Calculate	Diagram	Support	Devise
Point	Restate	Change	Discriminate	Test	Generate
Quote	Rewrite	Classify	Illustrate		Integrate
Recall	Select	Complete	Outline		Prescribe
Recognize	Show	Compute	Point out		Propose
Repeat	Summarize	Discover	Separate		Reconstruct
Reproduce	Tell	Divide			Revise
	Translate	Examine			Rewrite
	Associate	Graph			Transform
	Compute	Interpolate			
	Convert	Manipulate			
	Discuss	Modify			
	Estimate	Operate			
	Extrapolate	Subtract			
	Generalize				
	Predict				



### **Suggested Activities & Best Practices**

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- Reading and outlining text
- Teacher oriented class discussion
- Use of PowerPoint to reinforce outlines
- Reaction Papers
- Answering questions
- Vocabulary
- Analyze Real Cases
- Mock Trial

### **Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)**

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- Students will create outlines that will be reviewed and revised based on PowerPoint Presentation and class discussion-alternate assessment
- Checklists and Google Classroom will be used to review student work for comprehension and understanding
- Reviewing juvenile justice case studies and observation during ensuing class discussion
- Unit tests-summative assessment
- Define-formative assessment
- -benchmark assessment
- Analyze Real Cases
- Mock Trial

- Common Benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Newspaper Headline
- Outline

- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Self- assessments
- Socratic Seminar
- Study Guide
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Unit review/Test prep
- Unit tests
- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

## **Primary Resources & Materials**

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Please list all district-provided Primary Resources & Materials and/or those outside that are accessed with district resources.

- Text
- Legal research and internet articles
- PowerPoint software
- Smart T.V.
- E-Learning Platform (Google Classroom)

## **Ancillary Resources**

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Please list all additional resources that will be used to strengthen this unit's lessons.

BHS courtroom and law library

## **Technology Infusion**

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- Internet research on cases and issues in juvenile justice
- PowerPoint presentations used for lesson delivery
- Smart T.V.
- Chromebooks
- E-Learning Platform (Google Classroom)
- Video/Audio equipment for recording and reviewing courtroom presentations



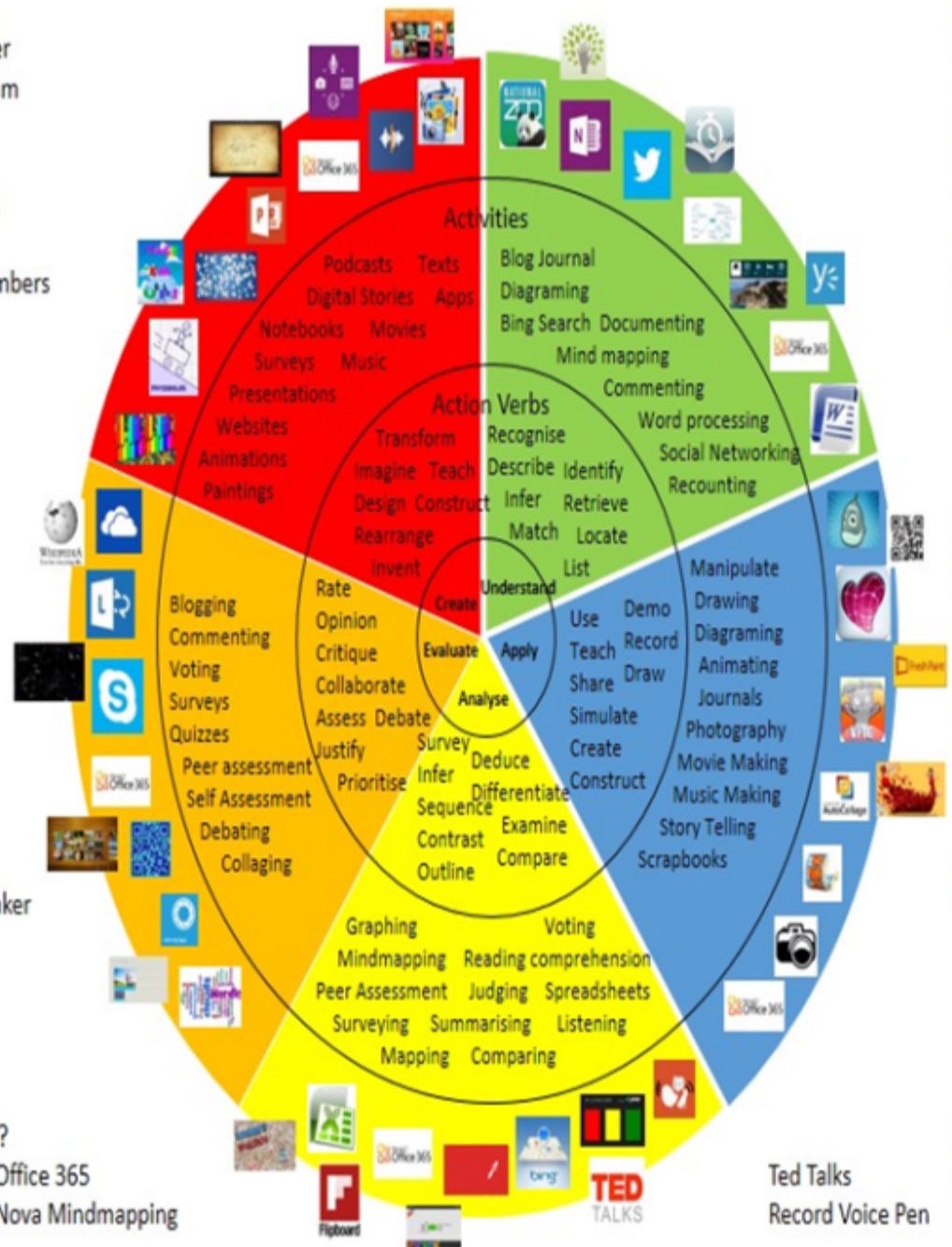
## Win 8.1 Apps/Tools Pedagogy Wheel

Podcasts  
Photostory 3  
Kid Story Builder  
Music Maker Jam  
Paint A Story  
Office 365  
MS PowerPoint  
Stack 'Em Up  
NqSquared Numbers  
Physamajig  
Xylophone 8

Wikipedia  
Skydrive  
Lync  
SkyMap  
Skype  
Office 365  
Puzzle Touch  
Easy QR  
Memorylage  
Life Moments  
Word Cloud Maker

Where's Waldo?  
MS Excel  
Flipboard  
Office 365  
Nova Mindmapping

Ted Talks  
Record Voice Pen



## **Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology**

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Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

CRP.K-12.CRP1	Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
CRP.K-12.CRP2	Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
CRP.K-12.CRP4	Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
CRP.K-12.CRP5	Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.
CRP.K-12.CRP6	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
CRP.K-12.CRP11	Use technology to enhance productivity.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.2	Modify Personalized Student Learning Plans to support declared career goals.
TECH.8.1.12.A	Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.
TECH.8.1.12.A.1	Create a personal digital portfolio which reflects personal and academic interests, achievements, and career aspirations by using a variety of digital tools and resources.
TECH.8.1.12.A.3	Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue.
TECH.8.1.12.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems.
TECH.8.1.12.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.

## **21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes**

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Please list only the **21st Century/Interdisciplinary Themes** that will be incorporated into this unit.

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills

- Media Literacy

## 21st Century Skills

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Please list only the **21st Century Skills** that will be incorporated into this unit.

- Civic Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness

## Differentiation

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Please remember: Effective educational **Differentiation** in a lesson lies within content, process, and/or product.

- Students will be given additional time for completion of assignments or assessments.
- Cooperative grouping to enhance and elevate student productivity.
- Use of visual and auditory presentations to introduce and support lesson delivery.

Please identify the ones that will be employed in this unit.

### Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text

- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

#### **Hi-Prep Differentiations:**

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

#### **Lo-Prep Differentiations**

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

## **Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)**

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Please identify the **Special Education Learning** adaptations that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- Students will work in cooperative groups to prepare Unit outline
- Students will use Unit outline to complete Unit assignments and assessments
- Students will work cooperatively to resolve juvenile justice legal issues and determine the best possible outcome
  
- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multi-sensory presentation
- multiple test sessions
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

## **English Language Learning (ELL)**

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Please identify the **English Language Learning** adaptations that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- Students will work with a peer tutor on Unit assignments and assessments
- Assignments will be modified to enable students to focus on selected objectives such as legal vocabulary by providing a glossary
- Students and teacher will use translation apps to enable students to focus on selected objectives such as legal vocabulary
  
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

## **At Risk**

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Please identify Intervention Strategies that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- Students will be provided with Unit PowerPoint study guide
  - Students will be allowed to use study guide/outline on Unit assessments
  - Alternate assessments will be used such as Reaction Papers and case studies focusing on issues in juvenile justice
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- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
  - teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
  - allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
  - allowing students to select from given choices
  - allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
  - collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
  - decreasing the amount of work presented or required
  - marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
  - modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
  - providing study guides
  - tutoring by peers
  - using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
  - using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
  - using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

## **Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)**

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Please identify the **Talented and Gifted** adaptations that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- Students will use Legal Reasoning problem solving skills to resolve legal disputes
- Students will work in groups to represent each side of a juvenile case and present arguments to student jurors

- Students will identify a current legal issue in juvenile justice and present the issue and arguments on class web page for other students to participate in a threaded discussion

- Advanced problem-solving
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Cluster grouping
- Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

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## **Sample Lesson**

### **Unit Name:**

Unit 4 A Separate System for Juveniles

### **NJSLS:**

See Link Below

### **Interdisciplinary Connection:**

Critical Thinking

Problem Solving

Reading- Informative text/vocabulary

Writing-analysis/evaluation

### **Statement of Objective:**

SWDAT produce written legal materials using writing strategies applicable to the legal services environment and explain juvenile adjudication hearings **by** reading and outlining Ch. 4-3. Students will complete the outline with 100% accuracy.

### **Anticipatory Set/Do Now:**

Ch. 4-2 Discussion Questions

### **Learning Activity:**

T/O class discussion/PPT; Prepare outline for Ch. 4-3.

### **Student Assessment/CFU's:**

See Link Below

**Materials:**

Textbook

Internet

PowerPoint

Lap-Tops

**21st Century Themes and Skills:**

See Link Below

**Differentiation:**

See Link Below

**Integration of Technology:**

PowerPoint

Internet

Class Webpage