## **Unit 3: Enhancing Documents (Chapters 11-13)**

Content Area: **Technology**Course(s): **Word Processing** 

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#### **Title Section**

## **Department of Curriculum and Instruction**



**Belleville Public Schools** 

Curriculum Guide

Word Processing

Grades 9-11

**Belleville Board of Education** 

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#### **Unit Overview**

Throughout Unit 3: Enhancing Documents, students will learn common vocabulary associated with the program and chapters. Chapters 11-13 contains content on how to enhance a document creatively and builds upon skills and knowledge gained from previous chapters. During the portion of Unit 3, students will continue to learn various applications that will provide them information on: enhancing a document with images, shapes, tables and graphs.

This area should give an introduction to the Unit.

- What is the Unit About?
- What should students expect to learn from this unit?
- Etc.

#### **NJSLS**

9.3.12.BM.5	Implement systems, strategies and techniques used to manage information in a business.
9.3.12.BM.6	Implement, monitor and evaluate business processes to ensure efficiency and quality results.
9.3.12.BM-ADM.2	Access, evaluate and disseminate information for business decision making.

CRP.K-12.CRP1	Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
CRP.K-12.CRP1.1	Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.
CRP.K-12.CRP2	Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
CRP.K-12.CRP2.1	Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.
CRP.K-12.CRP4.1	Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.
CRP.K-12.CRP6.1	Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.
CRP.K-12.CRP11	Use technology to enhance productivity.
TECH.8.1.12.A.1	Create a personal digital portfolio which reflects personal and academic interests, achievements, and career aspirations by using a variety of digital tools and resources.
TECH.8.1.12.A.2	Produce and edit a multi-page digital document for a commercial or professional audience and present it to peers and/or professionals in that related area for review.
TECH.8.1.12.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems.
TECH.8.1.12.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.
TECH.8.1.12.B.CS1	Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes.
TECH.8.1.12.B.CS2	Create original works as a means of personal or group expression.
TECH.8.1.12.D.CS2	Demonstrate personal responsibility for lifelong learning.
TECH.8.1.12.E.CS2	Locate, organize, analyze, evaluate, synthesize, and ethically use information from a variety of sources and media.
TECH.8.1.12.E.CS3	Evaluate and select information sources and digital tools based on the appropriateness for specific tasks.
TECH.8.2.12.D.CS1	Apply the design process.

### **Exit Skills**

- Enhance a document creatively using various formatting features
- Apply picture formatting tools to creatively design photos/clip art images

• Insert, modify, and format a basic table

#### **Enduring Understanding**

- Common vocabulary associated with the program and unit 3.
- Various design elements to customize and enhance the look of the document
- Creatively design documents using images, graphics, tables, shapes and graphs.

### **Definition:** Enduring Understandings

Enduring understandings are statements summarizing important ideas and core processes that are central to a discipline and have lasting value beyond the classroom. They synthesize what students should understand—not just know or do—as a result of studying a particular content area. Moreover, they articulate what students should "revisit" over the course of their lifetimes in relationship to the content area.

#### Enduring understandings:

- 1. Frame the big ideas that give meaning and lasting importance to such discrete curriculum elements as facts and skills
- 2. Can transfer to other fields as well as adult life
- 3. "Unpack" areas of the curriculum where students may struggle to gain understanding or demonstrate misunderstandings and misconceptions
- 4. Provide a conceptual foundation for studying the content area and
- 5. Are deliberately framed as declarative sentences that present major curriculum generalizations and recurrent ideas.

#### **Example:**

#### Reading/Literature

#### This is an Enduring Understanding

Reading is a process by which we construct meaning about the information being communicated by an author within a print or non-print medium.

#### This is an Essential Ouestion

How is reading a process of constructing meaning from text?

### **Essential Questions**

### Chapter 11

- How can I improve a document's visual appearance?
- How can I insert, format and customize a picture or clipart image?
- What is a smart art graphic?
- How can I insert, format and customize a smart art image?

#### Chapter 12

- What is the difference between a screen shot and a screen clipping?
- How can I insert, draw or format shapes?
- What is word art?
- How can I insert and customize word art?

#### Chapter 13

- What is a table?
- How can I insert, draw, format and design a table?
- How does a quick table resemble a template?

# Essential Question: A question that lies at the heart of a subject or a curriculum and one that promotes inquiry and the discovery of a subject.

- •They can help students discover patterns in knowledge and solve problems.
- •They support inductive teaching—guiding students to discover meaning, which increases motivation to learn.
- •They are one of the most powerful tools for helping students think at more complex levels.
- •They engage the personal intellect—something that traditional objectives usually fail to do.
- •Have no obvious "right" answer
- •Raise other important questions, often across subject-area boundaries
- Address a concept
- •Raise other important questions
- •Naturally and appropriately recur
- •Stimulate critical, ongoing rethinking
- •Are framed to provoke and sustain student interest

#### What makes a Questions "Essential?"

- •Continues throughout all our lives
- •Refers to core ideas and inquiries within a discipline
- •Helps students effectively ask questions and make sense of important and complex ideas, knowledge, and know-how
- •Engages a specific and diverse set of learners

#### **Two Types of Essential Questions:**

- •Overarching: The overall "Big Idea"
  - •More general, broader
  - •Point beyond specific topics or skills
  - •Promote the transfer of understanding

- •Topical: Unit or lesson specific but still promotes inquiry
  - •Unit or lesson specific used to guide individual units or lessons
  - •Promote inquiry
  - •Resist obvious answers
  - •Require explanation and justification

#### **Examples:**

- •What is a true friend?
- •What makes an artist amazing?
- •In what sense is the body a system?
- •What is the law of nature, and how is it like or unlike social laws?
- •To what extent is US history a history of progress?
- •In what ways do diet and exercise affect health?
- •Must heroes be flawless?
- •How do effective writers hook and hold their readers?
- •How do cultures affect one another?
- •Does practice make perfect?
- •What is healthy eating? Healthy living?
- •How and when do we use mathematics?
- •How does something acquire value?

### **Learning Objectives**

- Construct a document creatively using various formatting features
- Demonstrate ability to apply picture formatting tools to creatively design photos/clip art images
- Develop, modify, and format a basic table

#### **Tips on Writing Good Learning Objectives**

#### **Bloom's Taxonomy**

#### **Applying Bloom's Taxonomy to Learning Objectives**

Effective learning objectives need to be observable and/or measureable, and using action verbs is a way to achieve this. Verbs such as "identify", "argue," or "construct" are more measureable than vague or passive verbs such as "understand" or "be aware of". As you develop your syllabus focus on articulating clear learning objectives and then use these objectives to guide class assignments, exams and overall course assessment questions.

#### Sample Learning Objectives for a Lower Division Course

#### After completing Nutrition 101 *Humans and Food*, students will be able to:

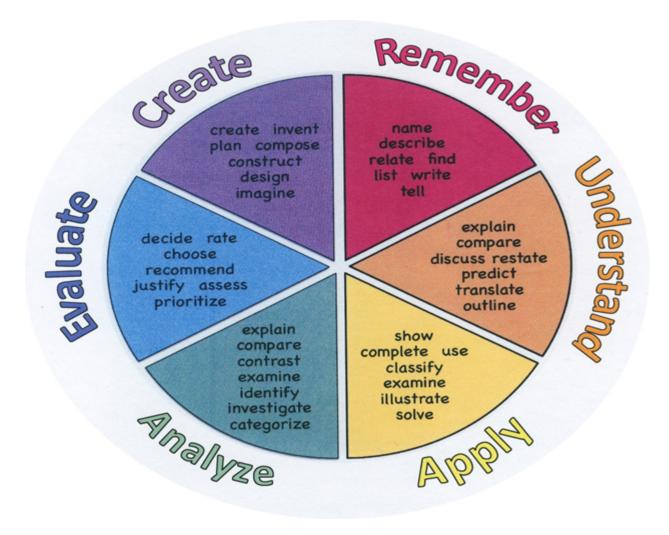
- Identify nutrients found in common food sources via the product's nutrition label
- Use computer dietary analysis to assess a 2-day dietary intake and summarize results
- Locate nutrition-related information on the Internet and use evaluative criteria to identify reliability of

### the information

### **Action Verbs**

Below are examples of action verbs associated with each level of the Revised Bloom's Taxonomy. These are useful in writing learning objectives, assignment objectives and exam questions.

Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Choose	Classify	Choose	Categorize	Appraise	Combine
Describe	Defend	Dramatize	Classify	Judge	Compose
Define	Demonstrate	Explain	Compare	Criticize	Construct
Label	Distinguish	Generalize	Differentiate	Defend	Design
List	Explain	Judge	Distinguish	Compare	Develop
Locate	Express	Organize	Identify	Assess	Formulate
Match	Extend	Paint	Infer	Conclude	Hypothesize
Memorize	Give Examples	Prepare	Point out	Contrast	Invent
Name	Illustrate	Produce	Select	Critique	Make
Omit	Indicate	Select	Subdivide	Determine	Originate
Recite	Interrelate	Show	Survey	Grade	Organize
Select	Interpret	Sketch	Arrange	Justify	Plan
State	Infer	Solve	Breakdown	Measure	Produce
Count	Match	Use	Combine	Rank	Role Play
Draw	Paraphrase	Add	Detect	Rate	Drive
Outline	Represent	Calculate	Diagram	Support	Devise
Point	Restate	Change	Discriminate	Test	Generate
Quote	Rewrite	Classify	Illustrate		Integrate
Recall	Select	Complete	Outline		Prescribe
Recognize	Show	Compute	Point out		Propose
Repeat	Summarize	Discover	Separate		Reconstruct
Reproduce	Tell	Divide			Revise
	Translate	Examine			Rewrite
	Associate	Graph			Transform
	Compute	Interpolate			
	Convert	Manipulate			
	Discuss	Modify			
	Estimate	Operate			
	Extrapolate	Subtract			
	Generalize				
	Predict				



### **Interdisciplinary Connections**

Please list all and any cross-curricular content standards that link to this Unit.

LA.K-12.NJSLSA.R1	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
LA.RST.9-10.1	Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.
LA.RST.9-10.4	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9-10 texts and topics.
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.W6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.
LA.RST.9-10.10	By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
LA.WHST.9-10.1	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant sufficient textual and non-textual evidence.

LA.WHST.9-10.2	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.SL5	Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.
LA.WHST.9-10.5	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
LA.WHST.9-10.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.

### **Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology**

#### **Key SUBJECTS AND 21st CENTURY THEMES**

Mastery of key subjects and 21st century themes is essential for all students in the 21stcentury.

Key subjects include:

- English, reading or language arts
- World languages
- Arts
- Mathematics
- Economics
- Science
- Geography
- History
- Government and Civics

### **21st Century/Interdisciplinary Themes**

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

### **21st Century Skills**

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy

- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

**Technology Infusion**What technology can be used in this unit to enhance learning?

#### Win 8.1 Apps/Tools Pedagogy Wheel Podcasts Photostory 3 Kid Story Builder Music Maker Jam Paint A Story Office 365 MS PowerPoint **Activities** Stack 'Em Up Blog Journal NgSquared Numbers Diagraming Physamajig Bing Search Documenting Mind mapping Xylophone 8 Commenting Action Verbs Word processing Recognise Social Networkin Describe Identify Recounting Infer Retrieve Wikipedia Match Locate Skydrive List Manipulate Rate **Jnderstar** Lync Drawing Blogging Demo Use Opinion SkyMap Teach Record Diagraming Commenting Critique Evaluate Animating Voting Share Draw Skype Collaborate Journals Surveys Office 365 Simulate Assess Debate Quizzes Photography Survey Puzzle Touch Create Justify Deduce Movie Making Peer assessment Sequence Differentiate Construct Prioritise Easy QR Music Making Self Assessment Memorylage Examine Story Telling Debating Contrast Compare Scrapbooks Life Moments Collaging Outline Word Cloud Maker Graphing Voting Mindmapping Reading comprehension Peer Assessment Judging Spreadsheets Surveying Summarising Listening Mapping Comparing Where's Waldo? 830Kee 365 MS Excel Office 365 Ted Talks Flipboard Nova Mindmapping Record Voice Pen

#### Smartboard

#### **Differentiation**

Instructional Strategies (D) Smartboard; modified/chunking assignments;

Activities (D) Do Now activities, classroom assignments, written and performance assessments

Experiences (D) Individual, partner and group assignments, creative/hands on projects

#### As a Reminder:

The basis of good differentiation in a lesson lies in differentiating by content, process, and/or product.

#### Resources:

• NJDOE: Instructional Supports and Scaffolds for Success in Implementing the Common Core State Standards http://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/success/math/k2/

### **Special Education**

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- · additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- · check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- · highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- · modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multi-sensory presentation
- multiple test sessions
- · preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary

- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- · student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- · Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

#### **ELL**

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarif
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- · allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of workpresented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- · reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- · tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

### **Intervention Strategies**

- · allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- · allowing students to select from given choices
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- · decreasing the amount of workpresented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes

- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- · reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- · tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- · using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

### **Evidence of Student Learning-CFU's**

Please list ways educators may effectively check for understanding in this secion.

- Admit Tickets
- Anticipation Guide
- Common benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Illustration
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Self- assessments
- · Study Guide
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit tests

#### **Primary Resources**

Please list all resources available to you that are located either within the district or that can be obtained by

district resources.
• Textbook: Signature Microsoft Word 2013
• Textoook. Signature Wicrosoft Word 2013
Ancillary Resources
Please list ALL other resources available to strengthen your lesson.
Supplemental teacher created assignments and projects
<ul><li>Internet Video Tutorials</li><li>End of course NOCTI teasting</li></ul>
Sample Lesson
Unit Name:
NJSLS:
Interdisciplinary Connection:
Statement of Objective:
Anticipatory Set/Do Now:
Learning Activity:
Student Assessment/CFU's:
Materials:
21st Century Themes and Skills:
Differentiation/Modifications:
Integration of Technology: