

Unit 3 Weather Systems and Patterns (Earth and Space Science, Engineering Design)

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Title Section

Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Meteorology 11,12

Unit 3 - Weather Systems and Patterns

Belleville Board of Education

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Unit Overview

Weather is the current state of the atmosphere and is measured with consideration for temperature, atmospheric pressure, humidity, wind speed and direction, clouds and rain.

Climate conversely is the state of the atmosphere over long time periods, for example years, decades, centuries or greater.

In general, the weather that impacts the surface of the Earth occurs in a layer of the atmosphere called the troposphere.

Weather parameters are measured with varied instruments, while Atmospheric temperature is simply measured with a thermometer.

Enduring Understanding

- Analyze data using mathematical models, in order to make valid scientific claims
- Science Investigations use diverse methods, to compile data, of which all may be valid.

- New technologies, serve to drive scientific knowledge and therefore continued innovation.
- Science arguments are mainly strengthened by multiples sources of empirical evidence.
- Empirical Evidence is required to identify patterns and distinguish between cause and correlation of proposed scientific claims.
- Rates of change can be quantified and modeled over long or short periods of time, and some cannot be reversed.
- Develop a model based on evidence, that displays the relationships between the components of the system.

Essential Questions

1. Why is it more difficult to forecast and predict severity of winter storms as opposed to other seasonal storms?
2. How do the Great Lakes affect snowfall in the US North East states?
3. What is the purpose of the National Weather Service, who runs it, and how vital/ valued is the information they disseminate?

Exit Skills

- Explain the various types of Fronts that can form when air masses meet, and the implications of that.
- Compare and contrast how hail, lightening, and tornadoes are created within thunderstorms, and what can fuel the velocity, size, or energy explosion.
- Evaluate radar images to describe the state of a tropical storm or hurricane.
- Research and present on the history and development of the Nor'easter storms.
- Describe the formation of ice crystals and how the properties of water, affect life on Earth.
- Use the Saffir-Simpson scale to evaluate historical tropical storms.
- Demonstrate the proper safety protocols to be used in schools during tornado events.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS-S)

[NextGen Science Standards](#)

SCI.9-12.HS-ESS2-4	Use a model to describe how variations in the flow of energy into and out of Earth's systems result in changes in climate.
SCI.9-12.HS-ESS2-7	Construct an argument based on evidence about the simultaneous coevolution of Earth's systems and life on Earth.
SCI.9-12.HS-ESS2-2	Analyze geoscience data to make the claim that one change to Earth's surface can create feedbacks that cause changes to other Earth systems.
SCI.9-12.HS-ESS2-6	Develop a quantitative model to describe the cycling of carbon among the hydrosphere, atmosphere, geosphere, and biosphere.
SCI.9-12.HS-ESS2-1	Develop a model to illustrate how Earth's internal and surface processes operate at different spatial and temporal scales to form continental and ocean-floor features.
SCI.9-12.HS-ESS2-3	Develop a model based on evidence of Earth's interior to describe the cycling of matter by thermal convection.
SCI.9-12.HS-ESS2-5	Plan and conduct an investigation of the properties of water and its effects on Earth materials and surface processes.
SCI.9-12.HS-ETS1-4	Use a computer simulation to model the impact of proposed solutions to a complex real-world problem with numerous criteria and constraints on interactions within and between systems relevant to the problem.
SCI.9-12.HS-ETS1-3	Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world problem based on prioritized criteria and trade-offs that account for a range of constraints, including cost, safety, reliability, and aesthetics, as well as possible social, cultural, and environmental impacts.
SCI.9-12.HS-ETS1-1	Analyze a major global challenge to specify qualitative and quantitative criteria and constraints for solutions that account for societal needs and wants.
SCI.9-12.HS-ETS1-2	Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.

Interdisciplinary Connections

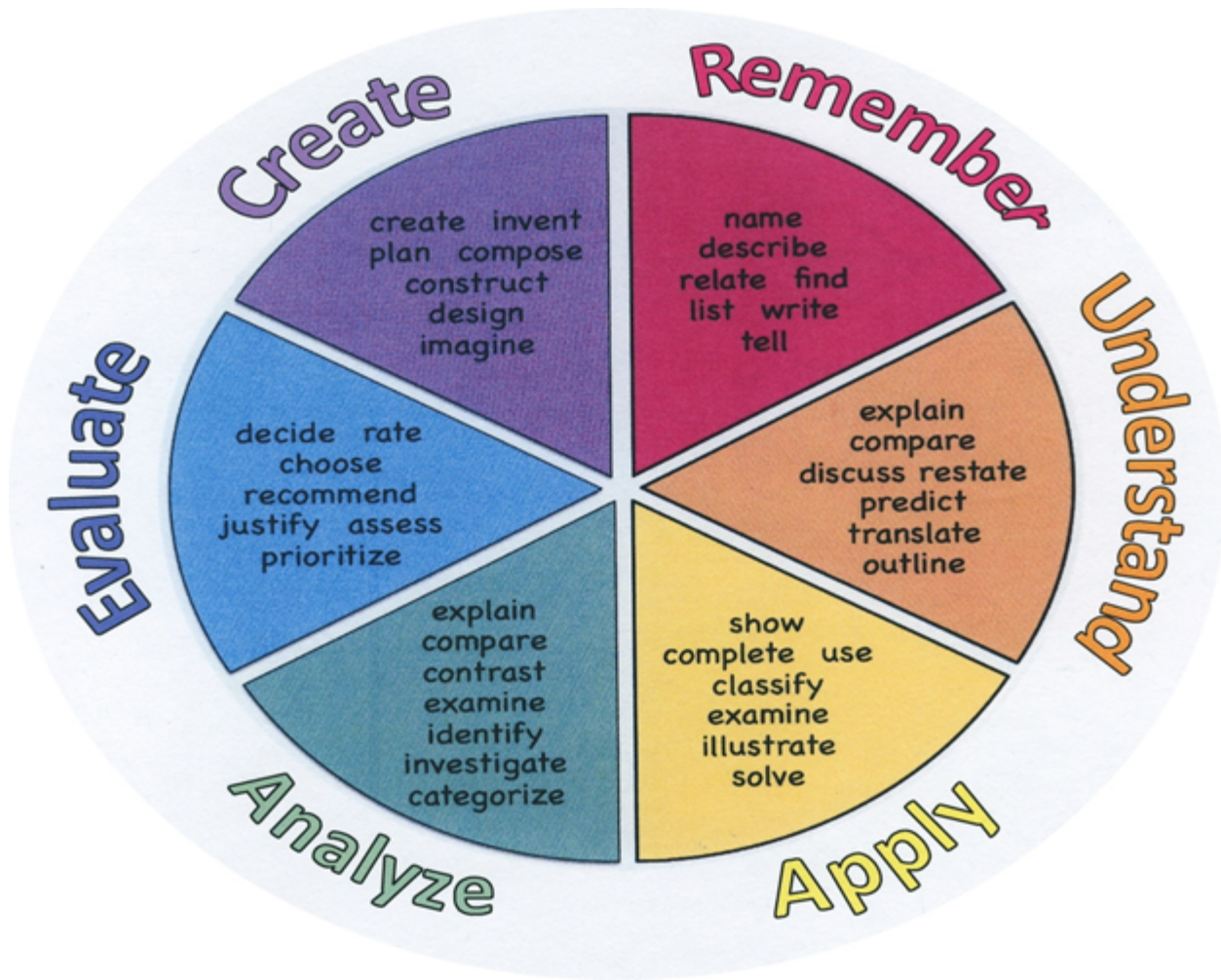
LA.RST.11-12.1	Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.
LA.RST.11-12.2	Determine the central ideas, themes, or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
LA.RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
MA.A-CED.A.2	Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales.
MA.A-CED.A.3	Represent constraints by equations or inequalities, and by systems of equations and/or

inequalities, and interpret solutions as viable or nonviable options in a modeling context.

Learning Objectives

- Students will be able to explain the effect of lakes, on snowfall in neighboring regions.
- Students will be able to describe the effects of exposure to winter weather and other outdoor elements, on the human body.
- Students will be able to illustrate the life cycle of a hurricane, and analyze the "naming system" for tropical storms, and hurricanes.
- Students will be able to evaluate tornadic activity using the Enhanced Fujita scale.
- Students will be able to define Vorticity, and how it can create certain weather patterns.

Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Choose	Classify	Choose	Categorize	Appraise	Combine
Describe	Defend	Dramatize	Classify	Judge	Compose
Define	Demonstrate	Explain	Compare	Criticize	Construct
Label	Distinguish	Generalize	Differentiate	Defend	Design
List	Explain	Judge	Distinguish	Compare	Develop
Locate	Express	Organize	Identify	Assess	Formulate
Match	Extend	Paint	Infer	Conclude	Hypothesize
Memorize	Give Examples	Prepare	Point out	Contrast	Invent
Name	Illustrate	Produce	Select	Critique	Make
Omit	Indicate	Select	Subdivide	Determine	Originate
Recite	Interrelate	Show	Survey	Grade	Organize
Select	Interpret	Sketch	Arrange	Justify	Plan
State	Infer	Solve	Breakdown	Measure	Produce
Count	Match	Use	Combine	Rank	Role Play
Draw	Paraphrase	Add	Detect	Rate	Drive
Outline	Represent	Calculate	Diagram	Support	Devise
Point	Restate	Change	Discriminate	Test	Generate
Quote	Rewrite	Classify	Illustrate		Integrate
Recall	Select	Complete	Outline		Prescribe
Recognize	Show	Compute	Point out		Propose
Repeat	Summarize	Discover	Separate		Reconstruct
Reproduce	Tell	Divide			Revise
	Translate	Examine			Rewrite
	Associate	Graph			Transform
	Compute	Interpolate			
	Convert	Manipulate			
	Discuss	Modify			
	Estimate	Operate			
	Extrapolate	Subtract			
	Generalize				
	Predict				



Suggested Activities & Best Practices

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

Chapter Tests 3-7 (Summative)

Performance Task - Climate Change and Natural Disasters (Formative)

Common, Department Quarterly Benchmarks (Benchmark)

Oncourse Assessment Tools (Formative)

Unit Test/Quiz (Summative)

"Do Now/Exit Ticket" Activity (Formative)

- Admit Tickets
- Anticipation Guide
- Common Benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- DBQ's
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Multimedia Reports
- Newspaper Headline
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Red Light, Green Light
- Self- assessments
- Socratic Seminar
- Study Guide
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist

- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit review/Test prep
- Unit tests
- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

Primary Resources & Materials

Kenneth R Miller, Ph.D. - Joseph Levine, Ph.D. - New Jersey - Pearson Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River - 2014

Ancillary Resources

1. [AMS Glossary of Meteorology](#)
Authoritative source with over 12,000 definitions of meteorological terms.
2. [iWeather.net](#)
Atmospheric data analyses and forecasts.
3. [National Weather Service \(NWS\) Homepage](#)
Source for education, advisories, maps, safety, and additional information on all NOAA/NWS products.
4. [NOAA's nowCOAST mapping portal](#)
Real-time coastal information and NOAA forecasts.
5. [The Weather Channel](#)
Providing national and local weather forecast for cities, as well as weather radar, report, and hurricane coverage.
6. [Hydrological Prediction Center](#)
Surface weather systems including regional maps.
7. [NWS "Weather Page"](#)
Access to National Weather Service information for the entire United States.
8. [Ohio State University Wx Twister](#)
Current real-time weather information page for weather data, maps, and imagery from Ohio State University's Atmospheric Sciences Program.
9. [Penn State University e-Wall: The Electronic Map Wall](#)
Electronic map wall with current, future, and past data from multiple model predictions produced by Penn State University.
10. [Plymouth State Weather Center](#)
Current real-time and archived weather information page for weather data, maps, and imagery from Plymouth State University weather program.
11. [Texas A&M University Department of Atmospheric Sciences Weather Interface](#)
Metar data for any specific location from Texas A&M University's Department of Atmospheric Sciences.
12. [The Florida State University Florida Climate Center](#)
Florida Climate Center data, forecasts, and topic resource for both the state of Florida and national climate data.

13. [Unisys Weather Map System](#)
Another map source, also an archive for surface, upper air, and satellite maps.
14. [University of Northern Iowa's STORM Project](#)
Seeks to initiate, support, and coordinate education, service, and research activities that relate weather information in Iowa and the Midwest.
15. [Weather Guides at the University of Illinois](#)
Integrates current and archived weather data with multimedia instructional resources using new and innovative technologies.
16. [AGI Education GeoSource](#)
Thousands of free geoscience education resources from a variety of organizations, from lessons to outreach and teacher professional development, for use in classrooms, scout programs, or at home.
17. [California Education and the Environment Initiative](#)
Providing educators with professional learning and instructional materials that demonstrate how to blend the environment into the teaching of traditional academic subjects like science, history, and English language arts.
18. [Educator's Bridge](#)
Resources for elementary, middle, and high school science educators.
19. [GOES-R Education Proving Ground](#)
Featuring the design and development of pre- and post-launch lesson plans and activities for teachers and students.
20. [Iowa State University Iowa Environmental Mesonet](#)
Collecting environmental data from cooperating members with observing networks. The data are stored and made available on this website.
21. [Learn: Atmospheric Science Explorers](#)
Middle-school-specific modules include background information, hands-on activities using simple materials, and authentic assessment tools for teaching weather in the classroom.
22. [MetEd Educator's Portal](#)
Providing education and training resources to benefit the operational forecaster community, university atmospheric scientists and students, and anyone interested in learning more about meteorology, weather forecasting, and related geoscience topics.
23. [National Center for Atmospheric Research \(NCAR\) Education and Outreach](#)
Resources for elementary, middle, and high school students as well as parents, teachers, college students and the public at large.
24. [National Weather Service Virtual School Talks](#)
The NWS National School Outreach team is ready to teach and answer your students weather questions through an online virtual classroom.
25. [NOAA Education Resources](#)
NOAA's portal to weather education.
26. [NOAA's Jetstream - Online School for Weather](#)
Designed to help educators, emergency managers, or anyone interested in learning about weather and weather safety.
27. [NSF Earth and Environment Classroom Resources](#)
Collection of lessons and web resources is aimed at classroom teachers, their students, and students' families.
28. [Penn State University Weather Links](#)
Selection of weather resources both local to Pennsylvania and national.
29. [Rutgers Weather Center](#)
Current real-time weather information page for weather data, maps, and imagery from Rutgers University's Meteorology program.
30. [The GLOBE Program](#)
Promotes and supports students, teachers and scientists to collaborate on inquiry-based investigations of the environment and the Earth system.

31. [UCAR Teaching Boxes](#)
Dense topic material for middle and high school science educators teaching weather-related coursework with goals and activities.
 32. [Weather and Climate Resource List](#)
Listing of available resources intended to assist those who teach weather and climate at any level from preschool through introductory college level courses.
 33. [Weather Safety Information](#)
Safety tips for earthquakes, tornadoes, hurricanes, floods, and wildfires.
 34. [AGI Career Compass](#)
Career Compass provides options, tips, suggestions, and strategies for how students can obtain critical skills, experiences, and competencies in order to launch their geoscience career.
 35. [AGI Geoscience in Your State Factsheets](#)
Highlighting geoscience areas including employment, water, minerals, energy, and hazards in each state.
 36. [NOAA Teaching Climate and the Essential Principles of Climate Literacy](#)
Climate.gov presents information that is deemed important for individuals and communities to know and understand about Earth's climate, impacts of climate change, and approaches to adaptation or mitigation.
 37. [Climate Literacy & Energy Awareness Network Climate Literacy Quiz](#)
How's your climate literacy? The explanations beneath each question describes each concept in plain language and links to teaching materials and references. Test your knowledge, and learn as you go.
- [NWS Weather Forecast Offices](#)
 - [NWS Office of Climate, Water, and Weather Services](#)

[Lockheed Martin GOES-R Series](#)

Explore the GOES-R satellite series with a wealth of facts, videos, and outreach material

- NASA Meteorology resources for Inquiry based learning
- Chrome Book Projects/ Research/ Analysis
- Google Classroom
- American Meteorological Society On line Resources

Technology Infusion

Win 8.1 Apps/Tools Pedagogy Wheel

Podcasts
 Photostory 3
 Kid Story Builder
 Music Maker Jam
 Paint A Story
 Office 365
 MS PowerPoint
 Stack 'Em Up
 NqSquared Numbers
 Physamajig
 Xylophone 8

Wikipedia
 Skydrive
 Lync
 SkyMap
 Skype
 Office 365
 Puzzle Touch
 Easy QR
 Memorylage
 Life Moments
 Word Cloud Maker

Where's Waldo?
 MS Excel
 Flipboard
 Office 365
 Nova Mindmapping

Ted Talks
 Record Voice Pen



Originally taken from <http://www.coetail.com/vzimmer/files/2013/02/iPadagogy-Wheel.001.jpg>
 And adapted for Windows 8.1 devices by Charlotte Beckhurst @CharBeckhurst

TECH.8.1.12.C.CS2	Communicate information and ideas to multiple audiences using a variety of media and formats.
TECH.8.1.12.C.CS3	Develop cultural understanding and global awareness by engaging with learners of other cultures.
TECH.8.1.12.C.CS4	Contribute to project teams to produce original works or solve problems.

Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

CRP.K-12.CRP1.1	Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.
CRP.K-12.CRP2.1	Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.
CRP.K-12.CRP5.1	Career-ready individuals understand the interrelated nature of their actions and regularly make decisions that positively impact and/or mitigate negative impact on other people, organization, and the environment. They are aware of and utilize new technologies, understandings, procedures, materials, and regulations affecting the nature of their work as it relates to the impact on the social condition, the environment and the profitability of the organization.

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy

- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

21st Century Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

Differentiation

Content

1. **Using reading materials at varying readability levels;**
2. **Using spelling or vocabulary lists**
3. **Presenting ideas through both auditory and visual means;**
4. **Using small groups and share pairs; and**
5. **Meeting with small groups to re-teach an idea or skill for struggling learners, or to extend the thinking or skills of advanced learners.**

Process

1. **Using tiered activities through which all learners work with the same important understandings and skills, but proceed with different levels of support, challenge, or complexity;**
2. **Developing personal agendas**
3. **Offering manipulatives or other hands-on supports**
4. **Varying the length of time a student may take to complete a task in order to provide additional support for a struggling learner or to encourage an advanced learner to pursue a topic in greater depth.**

Products

1. **Giving students options of how to express required learning**
2. **Using rubrics that match and extend students' varied skills levels;**
3. **Allowing students to work alone or in small groups on their products; and**
4. **Encouraging students to create their own product assignments as long as the assignments contain required elements.**

Learning environment

1. **Making sure there are places in the room to work quietly and without distraction, as well as places that invite student collaboration;**

2. **2. Providing materials that reflect a variety of cultures and home settings;**
3. **3. Setting out clear guidelines for independent work that matches individual needs;**
4. **4. Developing routines that allow students to get help when teachers are busy with other students and cannot help them immediately; and**
5. **5. Helping students understand that some learners need to move around to learn, while others do better sitting quietly (Tomlinson, 1995, 1999; Winebrenner, 1992, 1996).**

Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning

- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

- Textbook for at-home use - Meteorology
 - Additional time for assignments - performance task - Climate Change and Natural Disasters
 - Provision of notes or outlines - Chapters 3-7
 - Choice of test format (multiple-choice, essay, true-false) - Chapter Tests 3-7
-
- printed copy of board work/notes provided
 - additional time for skill mastery
 - assistive technology
 - behavior management plan
 - Center-Based Instruction
 - check work frequently for understanding
 - computer or electronic device utilizes
 - extended time on tests/ quizzes
 - have student repeat directions to check for understanding
 - highlighted text visual presentation
 - modified assignment format

- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multi-sensory presentation
- multiple test sessions
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

English Language Learning (ELL)

ELP Level 2: Define vocabulary concepts from illustrations and word/ phrase banks. - Chapters 3-7

ELP Level 3: Give examples of vocabulary concepts from illustrations and word/phrase banks. Chapters 3-7

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

At Risk

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- allowing students to select from given choices
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

Special Topics Project, TED Talk, Independent Study Project - Climate Change and disasters

- Above grade level placement option for qualified students
- Advanced problem-solving
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Cluster grouping
- Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
- Create a blog or social media page about their unit
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson
