Unit 3: Musicality/Theatre Arts

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Unit 3: Musicality/Theatre Arts

Department of Curriculum and Instruction

Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Kindergarten General Music

Unit 3: Musicality/Theatre Arts

Belleville Board of Education

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Unit Overview

In this unit the students will learn about the aspects of performance that make for a more musically interesting experience, such as dynamics and phrasing.

Enduring Understandings

- Music is reflective of the culture(s) that created it.
- Music is always present in the surrounding world.
- Music is a form of communication
- Music is a vehicle of personal expression, style, and taste.
- Music is a language with its own syntax, structure, and rules.
- The creation of music fosters critical thinking.
- Music making involves a set of behaviors that ensure quality of preparation and presentation.
- Increasing technical skill and theoretical knowledge allows performers to better express the music and themselves
- Critique is essential to the music making process
- Performance skills are both physical and mental.

Essential Questions

- How do people/I use music as a way to communicate with others?
- How can music influence your emotions?
- In what ways can musical elements become the foundation of your own composition?
- How do I hone my skills and fine-tune my work?
- How does my individual effort affect the group effort?
- What is quality in a music ensemble and how do you attain it?
- What can be learned from observing, analyzing, and evaluating the performances of myself and others?
- Why is music an important part of any culture?
- How does my musical interpretation reflect my personal culture?
- How does music change over time and place?
- Does music have to be considered beautiful by everybody?
- How do artists make decisions about their music?
- What is the importance of being able to reach and comprehend music as a musician?

Exit Skills

By the end of this unit Kindergarten music students will be able to

- Use rhythmic comprehension in syllabic sounding or words.
- Compare the use of phonetic singing to phonics used to help pronunciation of new words.
- Analyze the link between singing and patterns of speech.
- Compare song structure to sentence structure.
- Compare musical phrasing to sentence and story phrasing.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS)

VPA.1.3.2.B.1	Clap, sing, or play on pitch from basic notation in the treble clef, with consideration of pitch, rhythm, dynamics, and tempo.
VPA.1.3.2.B.2	Demonstrate developmentally appropriate vocal production/vocal placement and breathing technique.
VPA.1.3.2.B.3	Demonstrate correct playing techniques for Orff instruments or equivalent homemade instruments.
VPA.1.3.2.B.4	Vocalize the home tone of familiar and unfamiliar songs, and demonstrate appropriate posture and breathing technique while performing songs, rounds, or canons in unison and with a partner.
VPA.1.3.2.B.5	Improvise short tonal and rhythmic patterns over ostinatos, and modify melodic or rhythmic patterns using selected notes and/or scales to create expressive ideas.
VPA.1.3.2.B.6	Sing or play simple melodies or rhythmic accompaniments in AB and ABA forms independently and in groups, and sight-read rhythmic and music notation up to and including eighth notes and rests in a major scale.
VPA.1.3.2.B.7	Blend unison and harmonic parts and vocal or instrumental timbres while matching dynamic levels in response to a conductor's cues.
VPA.1.3.2.B.CS1	The ability to read music notation correlates with musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics, and tempo.
VPA.1.3.2.B.CS2	Proper vocal production/vocal placement requires an understanding of basic anatomy and the physical properties of sound.
VPA.1.3.2.B.CS3	Playing techniques for Orff instruments develop foundational skills used for hand percussion and melodic percussion instruments.
VPA.1.3.2.B.CS4	Proper breathing technique and correct posture improve the timbre of the voice and protect the voice when singing.
VPA.1.3.2.B.CS5	Improvisation is a foundational skill for music composition.
VPA.1.3.2.B.CS6	Prescribed forms and rules govern music composition, rhythmic accompaniment, and the harmonizing of parts.
VPA.1.3.2.B.CS7	Basic conducting patterns and gestures provide cues about how and when to execute changes in dynamics, timbre, and timing.

Interdisciplinary Connections

LA.RF.K.1	Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.
LA.RF.K.2	Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).
LA.RF.K.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding words.
LA.RF.K.4	Read emergent text with one-to-one correspondence to develop fluency and comprehension skills.

Learning Objectives

Students will demonstrate the ability to:

- Count and interpret the aspects of rhythm
- Define Harmony
- Describe Musical Form
- Define All Relevant Vocabulary
- Interprete and describe the meaning of music
- Interpret music from various cultures
- Provide proper breath support to vocal production
- Identify various time signatures

Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- Use manipulatives during a song and when the manipulative hits the floor students will sing the resting tone.
- The hoberman sphere or other visual of exapnsion and retraction will act as a representation on proper breathing.
- Create a call and response by clapping different patterns between partners

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

- Students will be given a type of voice (speaking, whispering, shouting, singing) and must say a chant using that specific voice.
- Fist-to-Five will be used to gain an understanding of the students grasp of conducting cues used for a concert.

- Admit Tickets

- Anticipation Guide

- Common Benchmarks

- Compare & Contrast

- Create a Multimedia Poster

- DBQ's

- Define

- Describe

- Evaluate

- Evaluation rubrics

- Exit Tickets

- Explaining

- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer

- Illustration

- Journals

- KWL Chart

- Learning Center Activities

- Multimedia Reports

- Newspaper Headline

- Outline

- Question Stems

- Quickwrite

- Quizzes

- Red Light, Green Light

- Self- assessments

- Socratic Seminar

- Study Guide

- Surveys

- Teacher Observation Checklist

- Think, Pair, Share

- Think, Write, Pair, Share

- Top 10 List

- Unit review/Test prep

- Unit tests

- Web-Based Assessments

- Written Reports

Primary Resources & Materials

World of Music: Grade K - Silver Burdette Text Book

World of Music: Grade K - Silver Burdette CD Set

Ancillary Resources

Various Sheet Music
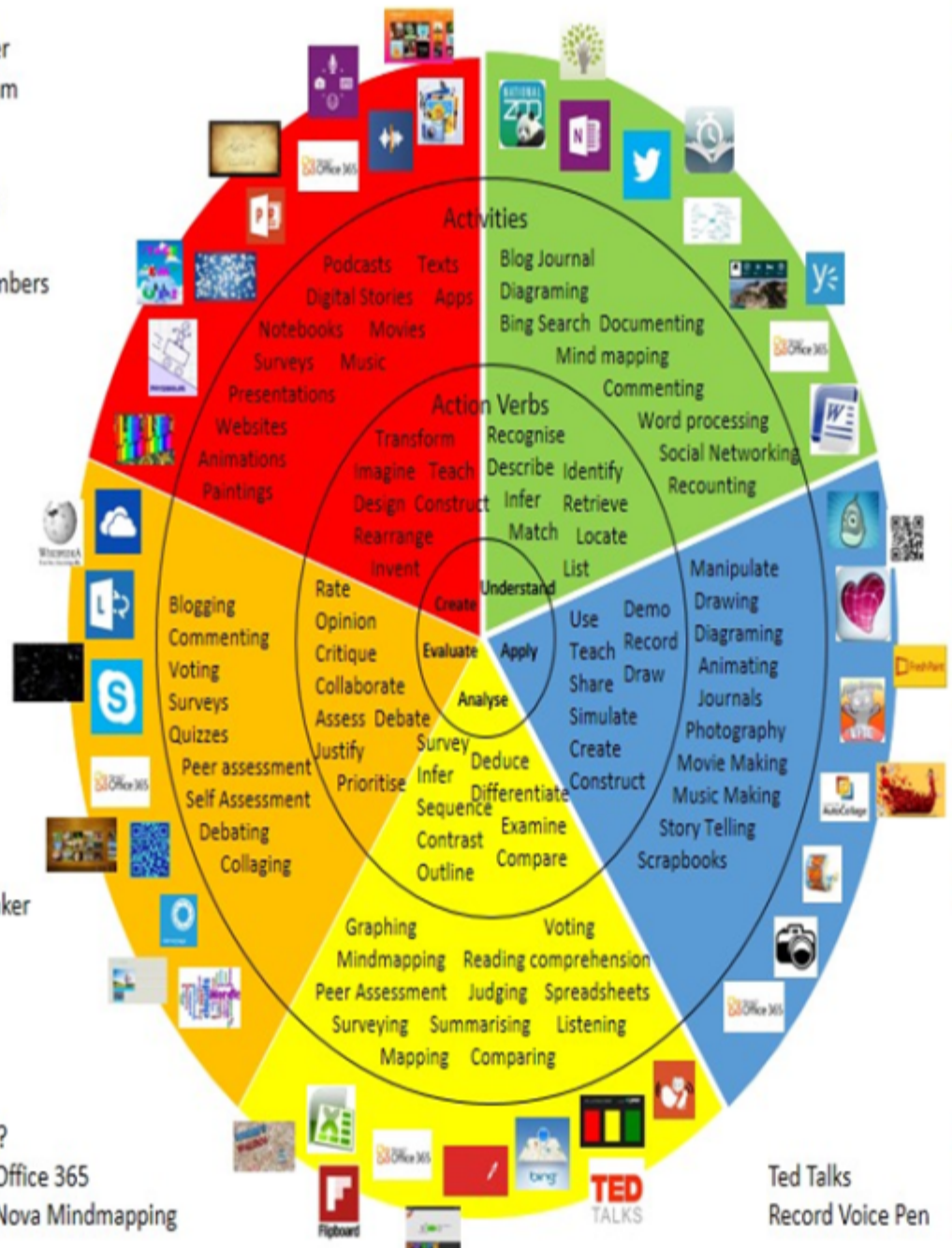
Repertoire

Orff Instruments

Technology Infusion

- Use digital tools such as a Makey Makey or computer to create an instrument to play a rhythm or melody
- Use Skype or Google Hangouts to perform a song with another school.

Win 8.1 Apps/Tools Pedagogy Wheel

Podcasts
Photostory 3
Kid Story Builder
Music Maker Jam
Paint A Story
Office 365
MS PowerPoint
Stack 'Em Up
NqSquared Numbers
Physamajig
Xylophone 8

Wikipedia
Skydrive
Lync
SkyMap
Skype
Office 365
Puzzle Touch
Easy QR
Memorylage
Life Moments
Word Cloud Maker

Where's Waldo?
MS Excel
Flipboard
Office 365
Nova Mindmapping

Ted Talks
Record Voice Pen

Activities

Podcasts   Texts
Digital Stories   Apps
Notebooks   Movies
Surveys   Music
Presentations
Websites
Animations
Paintings

Blog Journal
Diagraming
Bing Search   Documenting
Mind mapping
Commenting
Word processing
Social Networking
Recounting

Blogging
Commenting
Voting
Surveys
Quizzes
Peer assessment
Self Assessment
Debating
Collaging

Manipulate
Drawing
Diagraming
Animating
Journals
Photography
Movie Making
Music Making
Story Telling
Scrapbooks

Graphing   Voting
Mindmapping   Reading comprehension
Peer Assessment   Judging   Spreadsheets
Surveying   Summarising   Listening
Mapping   Comparing

Action Verbs

Transform   Recognise
Imagine   Teach   Describe   Identify
Design   Construct   Infer   Retrieve
Rearrange   Match   Locate
Invent   List

Rate
Opinion
Critique
Collaborate
Assess   Debate
Justify
Prioritise

Survey   Deduce
Infer   Differentiate
Sequence
Contrast   Examine
Outline   Compare

Use   Demo
Teach   Record
Share   Draw
Simulate
Create
Construct

Create
Understand
Evaluate
Apply
Analyse

Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

TECH.8.1.2.A.4	Demonstrate developmentally appropriate navigation skills in virtual environments (i.e., games, museums).
TECH.8.1.2.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems.
TECH.8.1.2.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.
TECH.8.1.2.B.CS1	Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes.
TECH.8.1.2.B.CS2	Create original works as a means of personal or group expression.
TECH.8.1.2.C.1	Engage in a variety of developmentally appropriate learning activities with students in other classes, schools, or countries using various media formats such as online collaborative tools, and social media.
TECH.8.2.2.C.CS1	The attributes of design.
TECH.8.2.2.D.1	Collaborate and apply a design process to solve a simple problem from everyday experiences.

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

CRP.K-12.CRP1.1	Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term

consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.

CRP.K-12.CRP2.1	Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.
CRP.K-12.CRP4.1	Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.
CRP.K-12.CRP5.1	Career-ready individuals understand the interrelated nature of their actions and regularly make decisions that positively impact and/or mitigate negative impact on other people, organization, and the environment. They are aware of and utilize new technologies, understandings, procedures, materials, and regulations affecting the nature of their work as it relates to the impact on the social condition, the environment and the profitability of the organization.
CRP.K-12.CRP6.1	Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.
CRP.K-12.CRP8.1	Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.
CRP.K-12.CRP11.1	Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.
CRP.K-12.CRP12.1	Career-ready individuals positively contribute to every team, whether formal or informal. They apply an awareness of cultural difference to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction. They find ways to increase the engagement and contribution of all team members. They plan and facilitate effective team meetings.

21st Century Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy

- Global Awareness

- Health Literacy

CAEP.9.2.4.A.4   Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.

Differentiation

- Small groups will perform simple rhythmic patterns in response to a call
- Choice will be given to which instruments will be used

Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics

- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

Please identify the **Special Education Learning** adaptations that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding

- highlighted text visual presentation

- modified assignment format

- modified test content

- modified test format

- modified test length

- multiple test sessions

- multi-sensory presentation

- preferential seating

- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary

- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan

- reduced/shortened reading assignments

- Reduced/shortened written assignments

- secure attention before giving instruction/directions

- shortened assignments

- student working with an assigned partner

- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet

- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

English Language Learning (ELL)

- When working on rhythm the teacher will eliminate unnecessary speaking and focus just on the rhythms to be performed

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information

- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarif

- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)

- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing

- decreasing the amount of workpresented or required

- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes

- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives

- providing study guides

- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments

- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test

- tutoring by peers

- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features

- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

At Risk

- Mulitple attempts will be allowed for students to master singing the resting tone of a song.
- Teacher will sing with students to assist in the matching of pitch when students are singing individually.

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information

- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning

- allowing students to select from given choices

- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing

- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.

- decreasing the amount of workpresented or required

- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes

- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes

- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives

- providing study guides

- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments

- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test

- tutoring by peers

- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving

- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

- When imporvising on the drums students will create more complex rhythms while keeping with the steady beat.

- Above grade level placement option for qualified students

- Advanced problem-solving

- Allow students to work at a faster pace

- Cluster grouping

- Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results

- Create a blog or social media page about their unit

- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text

- Debate issues with research to support arguments

- Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor

- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery

- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project

- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities

- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts

- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson

Sample Lesson plan in Unit 1.

Unit Name:

NJSLS:

Interdisciplinary Connection:

Statement of Objective:

Anticipatory Set/Do Now:

Learning Activity:

Student Assessment/CFU's:

Materials:

21st Century Themes and Skills:

Differentiation/Modifications:

Integration of Technology: