

# **Unit 5: Classify and Count Data; Describe and Compare Measurable Attributes**

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## **Unit 5: Classify and Count Data; Describe and Compare Measurable Attributes**

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### **Department of Curriculum and Instruction**



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

## **Mathematics: Kindergarten**

# **Unit 5: Classify and Count Data; Describe and Compare Measurable Attributes**

Belleville Board of Education

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## **Unit Overview**

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Unit 5 will cover two topics including (T5) Classify and Count Data and (T14) Describe and Compare Measurable Attributes.

## **Enduring Understandings**

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### **Topic 5 focuses on:**

- Objects can be classified into two categories, based on whether they have or do not have a particular attribute.
- Objects can be classified into two categories, based on whether they have or do not have a particular attribute. Each group can then be counted.
- Data can be sorted and compared in a variety of ways. Objects can be sorted by putting those with a particular attribute in one group and those without that attribute in another group. Then the groups can be counted and the categories can be compared by count.
- Good math thinkers use math to explain why they are right. They can talk about the math that others do too.

### **Topic 14 focuses on:**

- When you compare by length or height, you are thinking about how long or tall objects are. Objects can be compared by length or height to see which is longer/taller and which is shorter.
- When you compare by capacity, you are thinking about how much objects hold. Objects can be compared by capacity to see which holds more and which holds less.
- When you compare by weight, you are thinking about how heavy objects are. Objects can be compared

by weight to see which is heavier and which is lighter.

- Objects have measurable attributes that can be recognized and described.
- Good math thinkers are careful about what they write and say, so their ideas about math are clear.

## Essential Questions

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(T5): Classify and Count Data

- How can you put objects into categories?
- How can you find the number of creatures that belong to each category or group?
- How do you know which category has more?
- How can you decide and explain whether someone's answer makes sense?

(T14): Describe and Compare Measurable Attributes

- How can objects be compared by length, height, capacity, and weight?

## Exit Skills

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Topic 5: Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category

Topic 14: Describe and compare measurable attributes including length, height, capacity, and weight

## New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS)

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The [Math Practices](#), as put forth by the National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM), are connected within all lessons:

MP.1 - Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

MP.2 - Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

MP.3 - Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

MP.4 - Model with mathematics.

MP.5 - Use appropriate tools strategically.

MP.6 - Attend to precision.

MP.7 - Look for and make use of structure.

MP.8 - Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

MA.K.CC.B.5	Count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.
MA.K.CC.C.6	Identify whether the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in another group, e.g., by using matching and counting strategies.
MA.K.CC.C.7	Compare two numbers between 1 and 10 presented as written numerals.
MA.K.MD.A.1	Describe measurable attributes of objects, such as length or weight. Describe several measurable attributes of a single object.
MA.K.MD.A.2	Directly compare two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has “more of”/“less of” the attribute, and describe the difference.
MA.K.MD.B.3	Classify objects into given categories; count the numbers of objects in each category and sort the categories by count.

## Interdisciplinary Connections

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LA.RF.K.1.A	Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.
LA.W.K.2	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.
LA.W.K.8	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
LA.SL.K.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
LA.SL.K.1.A	Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).
LA.SL.K.1.B	Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.
LA.SL.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.
LA.SL.K.5	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.

## Learning Objectives

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**After completing Unit 5, students will be able to:**

### Topic 5:

- Clarify objects into categories and tell why they are in those categories.
- Count how many objects are in different categories.

- Use counting to compare how many objects are in different categories.
- Tell if the way objects have been sorted , counted, and compared makes sense.

#### **Topic 14:**

- Compare objects by length and height.
- Compare objects by capacity.
- Compare objects by weight.
- Use attributes to describe different objects.
- Use words to describe how an object can be measured.
- Solve math problems about objects with measurable attributes by using precision.

#### **Suggested Activities & Best Practices**

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- "Taller than Teddy" Dramatic Play Center Activity, Pearson Realize, pg. 799K
- "How Many Cups?" Sand and Water Center Activity, Pearson Realize, pg. 799K
- Further activities can be found on pgs. 799K, 799L

#### **Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)**

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- Common Formative Assessments
- Common Summative Assessments
- District Benchmark (Benchmark)
- Do Now
- Exit Tickets
- Exit Tickets
- Higher-order Questioning / Rich Discussion
- Journals
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Performance Task (Alternative)
- Quick Check (enVisionmath)
- Quick Write
- Quizzes (Formative)

- Rubrics
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think-Pair-Share
- Turn-and-Talk / Share-out
- Unit Assessments (Summative)
- WIK / WINK

## **Primary Resources & Materials**

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EnVision Math Teacher Edition

[PearsonRealize.com](https://www.pearsonrealize.com)

## **Ancillary Resources**

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[New Jersey Student Learning Standards for Mathematics](#)

[NJSLS Mathematics Crosswalk](#)

[IXL Learning](#)

[NCTM Illuminations](#)

## **Technology Infusion**

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- Visual and Performing Arts.

CRP.K-12.CRP2.1	Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.
CRP.K-12.CRP4.1	Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.
CRP.K-12.CRP6.1	Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.
CRP.K-12.CRP8.1	Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.
CRP.K-12.CRP11.1	Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.
CAEP.9.2.4.A.4	Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.
TECH.8.1.2.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems.
TECH.8.1.2.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.
TECH.8.1.2.E.1	Use digital tools and online resources to explore a problem or issue.
TECH.8.2.2.A.1	Define products produced as a result of technology or of nature.
TECH.8.2.2.A.2	Describe how designed products and systems are useful at school, home and work.

## **21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes**

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy



- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

## **21st Century Skills**

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- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

## **Differentiation**

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- Use the "Quick Check" feature on Pearson Realize (embedded in each Unit) to help determine the strategy for differentiating instruction; the "Assess and Differentiate" page will prescribe the differentiated instructional activity

### **Differentiations:**

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments aloud
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe

## **Hi-Prep Differentiations:**

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

## **Lo-Prep Differentiations**

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal-setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

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## **Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)**

- "Long, Longer, Longest" Movement Center, Pearson Realize, pg. 799L

- Further suggestions on pg. 799L
  - Use suggestions under Technology Center section in Pearson Realize to target students with disabilities
  - Use the [Pacer Center Action Information Sheet](#) for research-based ideas on accommodations and modifications
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- Allow for open-note/open-book assessments
  - Check classwork frequently for understanding
  - Conduct preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
  - Consider behavior management plan
  - Implement accommodations/modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
  - Modified test content/format
  - Modified written assignments
  - Multi-sensory presentation
  - Pre-annotate text
  - Preferential seating
  - Promote pair work
  - Provide extended time on various assignments
  - Provide printed/online copies of lesson notes
  - Secure attention before providing instruction/directions
  - Use assistive technology

## **English Language Learning (ELL)**

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- Use Teaching Tool 48 as a graphic organizer to help students connect a visual to the vocabulary term
  - Use Teaching Tool 49 to connect students' understanding of vocabulary terms with actual meanings
  - Use suggestions under English Language Learners section in Pearson Realize to target beginning, intermediate, and advanced learners e.g. pg. 800A
  - Use suggestions under Technology Center section in Pearson Realize to target ELLs
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- Allow for multiple student revisions
  - Allow for open-note / open-book assessments
  - Allow multiple forms of student products (projects, models, slide-shows, etc.) to demonstrate student learning
  - Ask and give information using key words
  - Demonstrate listening comprehension by responding to questions
  - Develop basic sight vocabulary
  - Differentiate assessments to reflect selected objectives
  - Express ideas in single words

- Leverage computer spell checker
- Modify reading assignments to correlate with lexile level
- Peer tutoring / Peer note-taking
- Speak using content area vocabulary in context
- Teacher-created Study Guide
- Use prior experiences to understanding meanings
- Use videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

## **At Risk**

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- Decrease the amount of work represented or required by assigning the "Do You Understand?" and the "Do You Know How?" sections of each lesson
- Use suggestions under Technology Center section in Pearson Realize to target at-risk students
- Use suggestions under Error Intervention e.g. 806

- Allow for multiple student revisions
- Allow for open-note / open-book assessments
- Allow multiple forms of student products (projects, models, slide-shows, etc.) to demonstrate student learning
- Allow students to select from given assignment choices
- Differentiate assessments to reflect selected objectives
- Mark students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- Peer tutoring / Peer note-taking
- Promote student collaboration on in-class / outside class assignments
- Reduce lengthy outside reading assignments
- Teach key aspects of a topic - eliminate non-essential information
- Teacher-created Study Guide
- Use authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- Use videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

## **Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)**

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- Use suggestions under Extension for Early Finishers section in Pearson Realize to target advanced learners
- Use suggestions under Advanced Activity Centers to target advanced learners e.g. Advanced Activity Center, Sunlight and Earth's Surface, pg. 809A
- Administer Unit Assessment to determine level of proficiency
- Allow gifted children to create and publish a class newspaper to distribute
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Complete activities aligned with above grade-level text using Benchmark results

- Consider parental input about the education of their gifted children
- Create a blog or social media page about a topic of interest
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Involve students in academic contests
- Promote advanced problem-solving
- Remember that gifted children may not excel in all areas
- Set individual goals
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge