

Unit 3: Industrialization to Imperialism Copied from: World History H, Copied on: 02/21/22

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Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

World History Honors - 9th grade

Unit 3: Industrialization to Imperialism

Belleville Board of Education

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Unit Overview

Unit 3 examines:

- the effects of the Industrial Revolution in Europe, Japan and the United States
- how scientific technology through the Industrial Revolution created new forms of energy and inventions
- how the urban migration and growth of the cities was created by the Industrial Revolution
- how capitalism emerged as the dominant economic pattern
- how the growth of industrial economies led to imperialism and colonialism due to the need and desire for more resources

Enduring Understanding

- new feelings and motivations of nationalism and belonging
- the Industrial Revolution was a result of technological innovation and expanding economic activity and

markets, resulting in massive population movement, urbanization, and the development of complex economic systems.

- discontent with prevailing economic, political, and social conditions was the impetus for change, which resulted in revolution or reform for groups such as women.
- the Western countries colonized large areas of Africa and Asia, leading to major political and cultural changes that still have an impact on today's world.

Essential Questions

- How does the concept of Nationalism impacted global affairs?
- Did the Industrial Revolution helped or harmed civilization?
- In what ways did the Industrial Revolution change roles of men, women and children?
- How has the growth of industry augmented social classes?
- In what ways did Industrialization lead to competing political ideologies?
- Why did the need for resources and creation of wealth fuel colonization?
- How were the indigenous people and their culture viewed and treated before and during colonization?
- What was the struggle between socialism and capitalism and how did it create political discord to lead to the creation of political parties?
- How does technology contribute to historical turning points?

Exit Skills

By the end of Unit 3:

- to apply domain-specific vocabulary in their verbal and written responses, essays and papers.
- to choose a side to a query and provide logical argument for their choice.
- to deductively use new information and logically apply this evidence to a related problem.
- to inductively gather information and deduce a theory based on their findings.
- to gather information in meaningful clusters and apply their findings to specific problems.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSL-S)

| | |
|------------------|---|
| SOC.6.1.12.C.6.b | Determine how supply and demand influenced price and output during the Industrial Revolution. |
| SOC.6.1.12.CS5 | The Development of the Industrial United States: Technological developments and unregulated business practices revolutionized transportation, manufacturing, and consumption, and changed the daily lives of Americans. The Industrial Revolution and immigration had a powerful impact on labor relations, urbanization, the environment, cultural values, and created tensions between ethnic and social groups. |
| SOC.6.2.12.A.3.c | Analyze the relationship between industrialization and the rise of democratic and social reforms, including the expansion of parliamentary government. |
| SOC.6.2.12.B.3.a | Assess the impact of imperialism by comparing and contrasting the political boundaries of the world in 1815 and 1914. |
| SOC.6.2.12.C.3.a | Analyze interrelationships among the “agricultural revolution,” population growth, industrialization, specialization of labor, and patterns of land-holding. |
| SOC.6.2.12.C.3.b | Analyze interrelationships among the Industrial Revolution, nationalism, competition for global markets, imperialism, and natural resources. |
| SOC.6.2.12.C.3.e | Compare the impact of imperialism on economic development in Africa, Asia, and Latin America regarding barriers or opportunities for future development and political independence. |
| SOC.6.2.12.D.3.b | Explain how industrialization and urbanization affected class structure, family life, the daily lives of men, women, and children, and the environment. |
| SOC.6.2.12.D.3.c | Compare and contrast China’s and Japan’s views of and responses to imperialism, and determine the effects of imperialism on the development and prosperity of each country in the 20th century. |
| SOC.6.2.12.D.3.d | Analyze the extent to which racism was both a cause and consequence of imperialism, and evaluate the impact of imperialism from multiple perspectives. |
| SOC.6.2.12.D.4.a | Analyze the extent to which nationalism, industrialization, territory disputes, imperialism, militarism, and alliances led to World War I. |
| SOC.6.2.12.CS3 | Age of Revolutions: Political and Industrial Revolutions, Imperialism, Reform, and Global Impact: Discontent with prevailing economic, political, and social conditions was the impetus for change, which resulted in revolution or reform. The Industrial Revolution was a consequence of technological innovation and expanding economic activity and markets, resulting in massive population movement, urbanization, and the development of complex economic systems. Industrialized nations embarked on a competitive race for global resources and markets, resulting in the establishment of political and economic control over large regions of the world that had a lasting impact. |
| SOC.6.2.12.CS4 | A Half-Century of Crisis and Achievement: The Era of the Great Wars: Nationalism, imperialism, industrialization, and militarism contributed to an increase in economic and |

military competition among European nations, the Ottoman Empire, and Japan, and led to World War I. The failure of the Treaty of Versailles, the impact of the global depression, and the expansionist policies and actions of Axis nations are viewed as major factors that resulted in World War II. World Wars I and II were "total wars" in which nations mobilized entire populations and economies and employed new military tactics that resulted in unprecedented death and destruction, as well as drastic changes in political boundaries. World Wars I and II challenged economic and political power structures and gave rise to a new balance of power in the world. Economic, technological, and military power and bureaucracies have been used by nations to deliberately and systematically destroy ethnic/racial, political, and cultural groups.

Interdisciplinary Connections

| | |
|----------------|---|
| LA.RH.9-10.1 | Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information. |
| LA.RH.9-10.2 | Determine the theme, central ideas, key information and/or perspective(s) presented in a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas. |
| LA.RH.9-10.3 | Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; draw connections between the events, to determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. |
| LA.RH.9-10.4 | Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history and the social sciences; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone. |
| LA.RH.9-10.5 | Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance an explanation or analysis. |
| LA.RH.9-10.6 | Compare the point of view of two or more authors in regards to how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. |
| LA.RH.9-10.7 | Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text, to analyze information presented via different mediums. |
| LA.RH.9-10.8 | Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. |
| LA.RH.9-10.9 | Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic, or of various perspectives, in several primary and secondary sources; analyze how they relate in terms of themes and significant historical concepts. |
| LA.RH.9-10.10 | By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently. |
| SOC.9-12.1.1.1 | Compare present and past events to evaluate the consequences of past decisions and to apply lessons learned. |
| SOC.9-12.1.1.2 | Analyze how change occurs through time due to shifting values and beliefs as well as technological advancements and changes in the political and economic landscape. |
| SOC.9-12.1.2.1 | Construct various forms of geographic representations to show the spatial patterns of physical and human phenomena. |

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| SOC.9-12.1.2.2 | Relate current events to the physical and human characteristics of places and regions. |
| SOC.9-12.1.3.1 | Distinguish valid arguments from false arguments when interpreting current and historical events. |
| SOC.9-12.1.3.2 | Evaluate sources for validity and credibility and to detect propaganda, censorship, and bias. |
| SOC.9-12.1.3.3 | Gather relevant information from multiple sources representing a wide range of views (including historians and experts) while using the date, context, and corroborative value of the sources to guide the selection. |
| SOC.9-12.1.4.1 | Take a position on a current public policy issue and support it with historical evidence, reasoning, and constitutional analysis in a written and/or oral format. |
| SOC.9-12.1.4.2 | Demonstrate effective presentation skills by presenting information in a clear, concise, and well-organized manner taking into consider appropriate use of language for task and audience. |

Learning Objectives

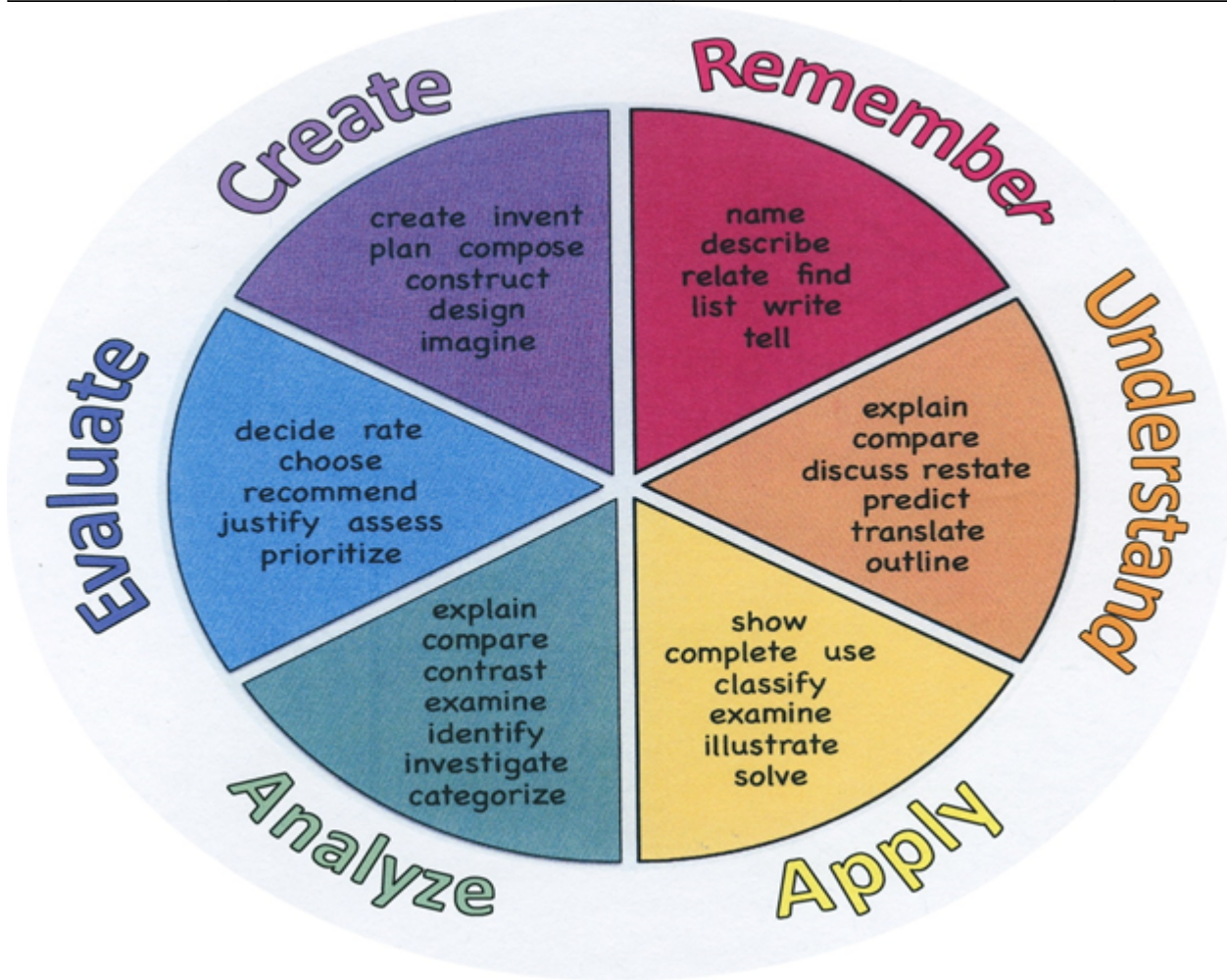
Students will be able to:

- analyze the effects of the Industrial Revolution in Europe and the United States.
- analyze why and how England was the first country to industrialize.
- examine how scientific and technological changes and new forms of energy brought about massive social, economic, and and technological advances of nations during this era in history which created a cultural change
- describe the growth of population, rural to urban migration and growth of cities associated with the Industrial Revolution and the motivations behind it.
- trace the evolution of work and labor, the effects of immigration, mining and manufacturing, division of labor, and the union movement.
- understand the connections among natural resources, entrepreneurship, colonization, labor, and capital in an industrial economy.
- analyze the emergence of capitalism as a dominant economic pattern and the responses to it, including Utopianism, Social Democracy, Socialism, and Communism.
- describe the rise of industrial economies and their link to imperialism and colonialism: The role played by national security and strategic advantage; moral issues raised by the search for national hegemony, Social Darwinism, and the missionary impulse; material issues such as land, resources, and technology.
- discuss the locations of the colonial rule and how they continued to impact geography today
- explain imperialism from the perspective of the colonizers and the colonized and the varied immediate and long-term responses by the people under colonial rule and the various connections to today

Action Verbs: Below are examples of action verbs associated with each level of the Revised Bloom's Taxonomy.

| Remember | Understand | Apply | Analyze | Evaluate | Create |
|----------|---------------|------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| Choose | Classify | Choose | Categorize | Appraise | Combine |
| Describe | Defend | Dramatize | Classify | Judge | Compose |
| Define | Demonstrate | Explain | Compare | Criticize | Construct |
| Label | Distinguish | Generalize | Differentiate | Defend | Design |
| List | Explain | Judge | Distinguish | Compare | Develop |
| Locate | Express | Organize | Identify | Assess | Formulate |
| Match | Extend | Paint | Infer | Conclude | Hypothesize |
| Memorize | Give Examples | Prepare | Point out | Contrast | Invent |
| Name | Illustrate | Produce | Select | Critique | Make |
| Omit | Indicate | Select | Subdivide | Determine | Originate |
| Recite | Interrelate | Show | Survey | Grade | Organize |

| | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------|-------------|
| Select | Interpret | Sketch | Arrange | Justify | Plan |
| State | Infer | Solve | Breakdown | Measure | Produce |
| Count | Match | Use | Combine | Rank | Role Play |
| Draw | Paraphrase | Add | Detect | Rate | Drive |
| Outline | Represent | Calculate | Diagram | Support | Devise |
| Point | Restate | Change | Discriminate | Test | Generate |
| Quote | Rewrite | Classify | Illustrate | | Integrate |
| Recall | Select | Complete | Outline | | Prescribe |
| Recognize | Show | Compute | Point out | | Propose |
| Repeat | Summarize | Discover | Separate | | Reconstruct |
| Reproduce | Tell | Divide | | | Revise |
| | Translate | Examine | | | Rewrite |
| | Associate | Graph | | | Transform |
| | Compute | Interpolate | | | |
| | Convert | Manipulate | | | |
| | Discuss | Modify | | | |
| | Estimate | Operate | | | |
| | Extrapolate | Subtract | | | |
| | Generalize | | | | |
| | Predict | | | | |



Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- Establish historical context by checking for understanding about events leading up to Imperialism.
- Build foundation through vocabulary and key people identification such as Ottoman Empire and Imperialistic nature.
- Analyze and create a Google Slides to explain the impact of Imperialism on future events such as World War I.
- Use of maps and interactive time lines to understand the context surrounding the time period / event including maps of Imperialistic Regions.
- Create a map of the Europe and show how each area was impacted by the events surrounding the Industrial Revolution.
- Use of primary sources from multiple perspectives including view point, culture and class
- Use of Ebook to interactively use the text book through videos, pictures, audio etc
- Write a journal entry from a key persons point of view
- Research and collect historical evidence for an essay about how the ideas of Imperialism have altered our 21st Century today.

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

Use of Exit Tickets to conclude the lesson on how Industrialization affected today's society.-formative assessment

Unit test-summative assessment

-alternate assessments (see below)

Student Presentations on a specific imperialistic nations and how they took over certain areas such as African and use Evaluation Rubrics

Compare and contrast life in before and after Industrialization. Explain in an essay.

-benchmark assessments (see below)

- Use of Ebook to interactively use the text book through videos, pictures, audio etc
- Write a journal entry from a key persons point of view
- Research and collect historical evidence for an essay about how the ideas of Imperialism have altered our 21st Century today.

- Admit Tickets
- Anticipation Guide
- Common Benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- DBQ's
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Multimedia Reports
- Newspaper Headline
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Red Light, Green Light
- Self- assessments
- Socratic Seminar
- Study Guide
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit review/Test prep
- Unit tests
- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

Primary Resources & Materials

HMH World History Textbook

HMH World History Ebook

Ancillary Resources

- NEWSELA
- COMMONLIT
- History.com- HMH login additional resources
- HMH Player App
- Reading Like A Historian
- Biographical Dictionary (HMH)
- Close Read Screencasts
- Connect One
- Interactive Timelines

Technology Infusion

- Create a PPT describing how the Industrial Revolution led to many societal changes such as women's suffrage.
- Make an interactive website about how the Imperialism affected the world we live in today.
- Use of Google Chrome Books
- Google Classroom to communicate information to the students
- Various Online tools
- Online Databases from BHS Media Center
- Use of Flipgrid when utilizing student presentations

Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| TECH.8.1.12.A | Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations. |
| TECH.8.1.12.B | Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology. |
| TECH.8.1.12.C | Communication and Collaboration: Students use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively, including at a distance, to support individual learning and contribute to the learning of others. |
| TECH.8.1.12.D | Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior. |
| TECH.8.1.12.E | Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information. |

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

21st Century Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

Differentiation

Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading

- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

Extended time for Journals from the perspective of various members of the European society during the Industrial Revolution.

Check students progress as they take notes on events surrounding the surge of Imperialism.

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan

- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multiple test sessions
- multi-sensory presentation
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

English Language Learning (ELL)

allowing students to work with other English speaking students on specific assignments

true/false assessments about the changes as a result of Imperialism.

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives

- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

At Risk

provide a unit syllabus to help students stay focused

use real life examples when teaching about the changes throughout European society when the Industrial Revolution began.

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- allowing students to select from given choices
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

debate if Imperialism affected US society today.

investigate the ways the Industrial Revolution changed society today.

- Above grade level placement option for qualified students
- Advanced problem-solving

- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Cluster grouping
- Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
- Create a blog or social media page about their unit
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson

Using the template below, please develop a **Sample Lesson** for the first unit only.

Unit Name:

NJSLS:

Interdisciplinary Connection:

Statement of Objective:

Anticipatory Set/Do Now:

Learning Activity:

Student Assessment/CFU's:

Materials:

21st Century Themes and Skills:

Differentiation/Modifications:

Integration of Technology:

