

# **Unit 5: Progressivism and World War 1 & 2 Copied from: US History AP, Copied on: 02/21/22**

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## **Title Section 5**

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## **Department of Curriculum and Instruction**



**Belleville Public Schools**

**Curriculum Guide**

**US History AP**

**Unit 5 – Progressivism and World War I & 2**

**Belleville Board of Education**

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Board Approved: Aug 27, 2018

### **Unit Overview**

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This unit will examine the need for change in the United States which became the Progressive Era. It also will include the major legislation that was enacted to reform the country as well as evaluate the Presidents during the time. The second part of the unit will include the United States involvement in World War I and how it affected our nation as well as the world during and after the war.

## **Enduring Understanding**

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Origins of Progressivism and its political, social and economic impacts upon the United States.

The lasting impacts of the Presidents of the Progressive Era.

World War I, how the United States stayed neutral, then eventually reasons for United States Entry.

United States Contributions to victory in World War I both within the country and in Europe.

Treaty of Versailles conference and the lasting impacts of the treaty.

## **Essential Questions**

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What are the origins and lasting impacts of Progressivism?

Why did the United States try to remain neutral, yet eventually get involved in World War I?

What contributions to the United States lead to victory in World War I?

What events led to World War 2?

How was the United States seen on the world stage after WW2?

## **Exit Skills**

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The students will:

- Explain the reasons why the Progressive Era was needed in the United States.
- Analyze political progressivism and the Muckrakers.
- Analyze and evaluate Theodore Roosevelt as a progressive President.
- Describe William Howard Taft as President.
- Analyze and evaluate Woodrow Wilson’s Presidency as a Progressive.
- Compare and Contrast Roosevelt and Wilson as Progressives.
- Explain U.S. Foreign policy between 1912-1916.
- Explain and evaluate reasons for U.S. entry into WWI.
- Describe and evaluate WWI at home including the suspension of Civil Liberties and the economy.
- Describe how the U.S. fought WWI.
- Explain Wilson’s 14 Points and explain the WWI Peace Conference.
- Analyze what the European leaders wanted from the Conference.
- Evaluate the Treaty of Versailles and its lasting impact on Europe.

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## **New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS-S)**

SOC.6.1.12.A.6	Civics, Government, and Human Rights
SOC.6.1.12.A.6.a	Evaluate the effectiveness of Progressive reforms in preventing unfair business practices and political corruption and in promoting social justice.
SOC.6.1.12.A.7	Civics, Government, and Human Rights
SOC.6.1.12.A.7.a	Analyze the reasons for the policy of neutrality regarding World War I, and explain why the United States eventually entered the war.

SOC.6.1.12.A.7.c	Analyze the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations from the perspectives of different countries.
SOC.6.1.12.A.8	Civics, Government, and Human Rights
SOC.6.1.12.A.8.a	Relate government policies to the prosperity of the country during the 1920s, and determine the impact of these policies on business and the consumer.
SOC.6.1.12.A.8.b	Compare and contrast the global marketing practices of United States factories and farms with American public opinion and government policies that favored isolationism.
SOC.6.1.12.A.9	Civics, Government, and Human Rights
SOC.6.1.12.B.9	Geography, People, and the Environment
SOC.6.1.12.B.9.a	Determine how agricultural practices, overproduction, and the Dust Bowl intensified the worsening economic situation during the Great Depression.
SOC.6.1.12.C.6	Economics, Innovation, and Technology
SOC.6.1.12.C.6.a	Evaluate the effectiveness of labor and agricultural organizations in improving economic opportunities for various groups.
SOC.6.1.12.C.6.b	Determine how supply and demand influenced price and output during the Industrial Revolution.
SOC.6.1.12.C.6.c	Analyze the impact of money, investment, credit, savings, debt, and financial institutions on the development of the nation and the lives of individuals.
SOC.6.1.12.C.8.b	Relate social, cultural, and technological changes in the interwar period to the rise of a consumer economy and the changing role and status of women.
SOC.6.1.12.C.9.b	Explain how economic indicators (i.e., gross domestic product, the consumer index, the national debt, and the trade deficit) are used to evaluate the health of the economy.
SOC.6.1.12.D.5.d	Relate varying immigrants' experiences to gender, race, ethnicity, or occupation.
SOC.6.1.12.D.6	History, Culture, and Perspectives
SOC.6.1.12.D.8	History, Culture, and Perspectives
SOC.6.1.12.CS6	The Emergence of Modern America: Progressive Reforms: Progressive reform movements promoted government efforts to address problems created by rapid industrialization, immigration, and unfair treatment of women, children, and minority groups. An expanding market for international trade promoted policies that resulted in America emerging as a world power.
SOC.6.1.12.CS7	The Emergence of Modern America: World War I: United States involvement in World War I affected politics, the economy, and geopolitical relations following the war.
SOC.6.1.12.CS8	The Emergence of Modern America: Roaring Twenties: The 1920s is characterized as a time of social, economic, technological, and political change, as well as a time of emerging isolationism, racial and social tensions, and economic problems.

## Interdisciplinary Connections

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LA.RH.11-12.1	Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from specific details to develop an understanding of the text as a whole.
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LA.RH.11-12.3	Evaluate various perspectives for actions or events; determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain.
LA.RH.11-12.7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
LA.RH.11-12.8	Evaluate an author's claims, reasoning, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other sources.
LA.RST.11-12.1	Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.
LA.RST.11-12.4	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11-12 texts and topics.

## Learning Objectives

Understand origins of Progressivism and its political, social and economic impacts upon the United States.

To articulate World War and how the United States stayed neutral, then eventually reasons for United States Entry.

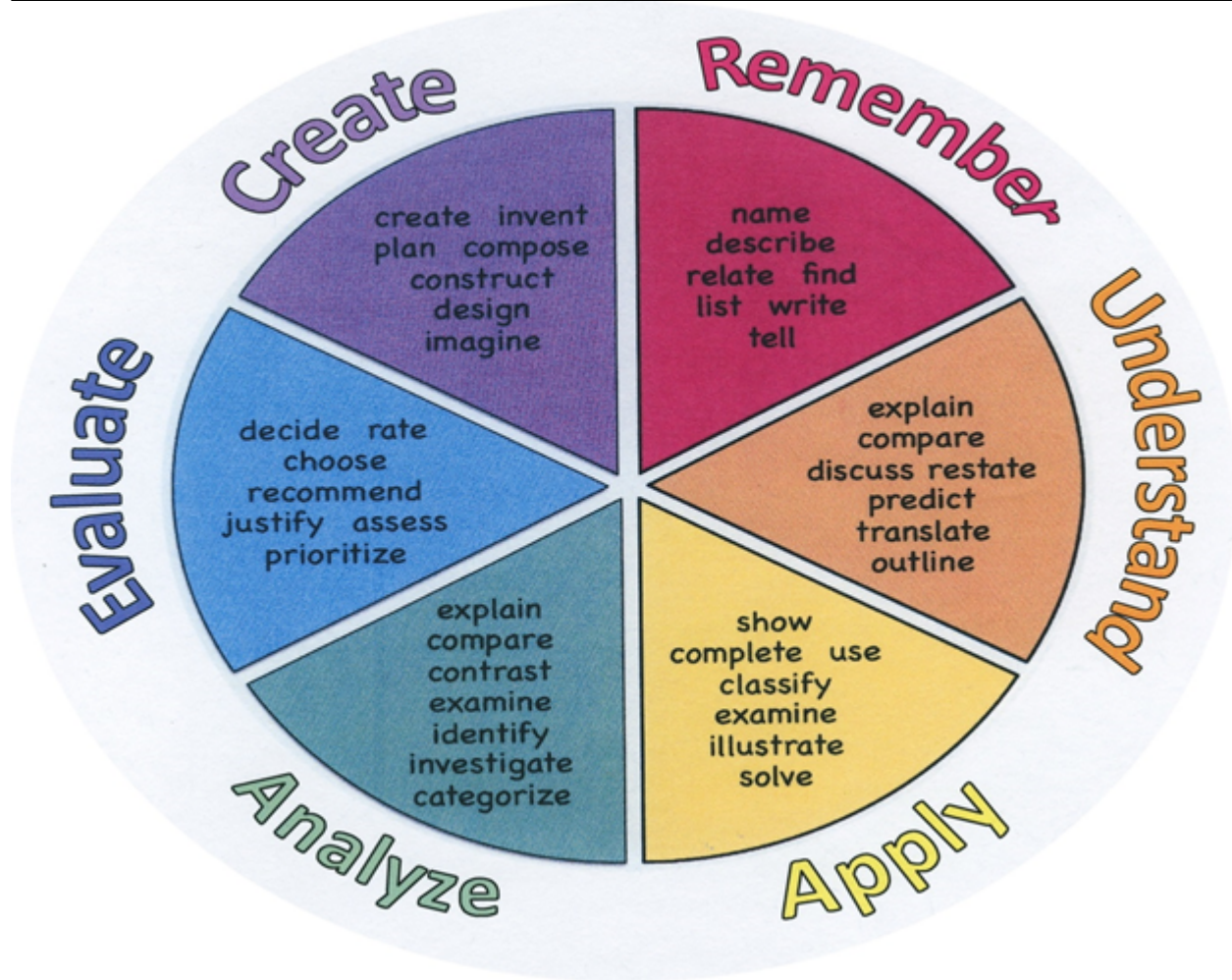
Formulate how the United States Contributions to victory in World War I both within the country and in Europe.

Evaluate the Treaty of Versailles conference and the lasting impacts of the treaty.

**Action Verbs:** Below are examples of action verbs associated with each level of the Revised Bloom's Taxonomy.

Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Choose	Classify	Choose	Categorize	Appraise	Combine
Describe	Defend	Dramatize	Classify	Judge	Compose
Define	Demonstrate	Explain	Compare	Criticize	Construct
Label	Distinguish	Generalize	Differentiate	Defend	Design
List	Explain	Judge	Distinguish	Compare	Develop
Locate	Express	Organize	Identify	Assess	Formulate
Match	Extend	Paint	Infer	Conclude	Hypothesize
Memorize	Give Examples	Prepare	Point out	Contrast	Invent
Name	Illustrate	Produce	Select	Critique	Make
Omit	Indicate	Select	Subdivide	Determine	Originate
Recite	Interrelate	Show	Survey	Grade	Organize
Select	Interpret	Sketch	Arrange	Justify	Plan
State	Infer	Solve	Breakdown	Measure	Produce
Count	Match	Use	Combine	Rank	Role Play
Draw	Paraphrase	Add	Detect	Rate	Drive
Outline	Represent	Calculate	Diagram	Support	Devise
Point	Restate	Change	Discriminate	Test	Generate
Quote	Rewrite	Classify	Illustrate		Integrate
Recall	Select	Complete	Outline		Prescribe
Recognize	Show	Compute	Point out		Propose
Repeat	Summarize	Discover	Separate		Reconstruct
Reproduce	Tell	Divide			Revise
	Translate	Examine			Rewrite
	Associate	Graph			Transform
	Compute	Interpolate			

	Convert Discuss Estimate Extrapolate Generalize Predict	Manipulate Modify Operate Subtract			
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### Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- Introduce and discuss causes of the Progressive movement.
- Discuss the political movement reading, excerpts from Upton Sinclair's The Jungle, Lincoln Steffen's, The Shame of the Cities background notes to Roosevelt
- Discussion of his programs, Square Deal and accomplishments
- Notes on Taft as President
- Notes on Woodrow Wilson, discussion of his policies and accomplishments

- Notes, lecture discussion on U.S. Mexican/Latin American Relations and U.S. neutrality in WWI
- Background on WWI
- Notes on reasons for U.S. entry into WWI
- Notes on the U.S. during WWI on the home front include Anti-German feelings,
- Espionage and Sedition Acts and the economy
- Notes on the U.S. in WWI
- Notes on Wilson's 14 Points
- Long Essay: Some historians have argued that the progressive era was a turning point in the women's rights movement. Support, modify, or refute this interpretation, providing specific evidence to justify your answer.

Discussion on the Peace Conference and the European leaders

### **Evidence of Student Learning - Checking for Understanding (CFU)**

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Students will be able to:

Analyze visual information pertaining to the material

To compare and contrast effective and ineffective policies in both the domestic and foreign affairs areas.

To find the main idea in reading passages in the unit

Use primary documents to understand key points of the unit

Unit test-summative assessment

Evaluation rubrics-formative assessment



## Written reports-alternate assessment

Long Essay: Some historians have argued that the progressive era was a turning point in the women's rights movement. Support, modify, or refute this interpretation, providing specific evidence to justify your answer.-benchmark assessment

- Admit Tickets
- Anticipation Guide
- Common benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Newspaper Headline
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Red Light, Green Light
- Self- assessments
- Socratic Seminar
- Study Guide
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit tests

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## Primary Resources & Materials

Textbook: America Pathways to the Present Prentice Hall

Reference: Bailey and Kennedy, The American Spirit, 11<sup>th</sup> edition, 2006 On-Line Version

DVD: America Story of US

### **Ancillary Resources**

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DBQ Muckrakers

Essay on how effective Theodore Roosevelt was as a Progressive leader.

Essay on both Presidents Theodore Roosevelt and Woodrow Wilson and how they were progressives.

Quiz on Progressive Movement.

Essay on U.S. Policy at home during WWI.

DBQ The Treaty of Versailles.

### **Technology Infusion**

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Upon completion of this sections, please remove all remaining descriptions, notes, outlines, examples and/or illustrations that are not needed or used.

What **Technology Infusion** and/or strategies are integrated into this unit to enhance learning? Please list all hardware, software and strategies. Please find a technology pedagogy wheel for assistance while completing this section.

Originally taken from <http://www.coetail.com/vzimmer/files/2013/02/IPadagogy-Wheel.001.jpg>  
And adapted for Windows 8.1 devices by Charlotte Beckhurst @CharBeckhurst

Wikipedia  
Skydrive  
Lync  
SkyMap  
Skype  
Office 365  
Puzzle Touch  
Easy QR  
Memorylage  
Life Moments  
Word Cloud Maker

Ted Talks  
Record Voice Pen



## **Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology**

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Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

## **21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes**

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Upon completion of this section, please remove all remaining descriptions, notes, outlines, examples and/or illustrations that are not needed or used.

Please list only the **21st Century/Interdisciplinary Themes** that will be incorporated into this unit.

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

## **21st Century Skills**

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Upon completion of this section, please remove all remaining descriptions, notes, outlines, examples and/or illustrations that are not needed or used.

Please list only the **21st Century Skills** that will be incorporated into this unit.

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

## Differentiation

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Upon completion of this section, please remove all remaining descriptions, notes, outlines, examples and/or illustrations that are not needed or used.

Please remember: Effective educational **Differentiation** in a lesson lies within content, process, and/or product.

Please identify the ones that will be employed in this unit.

### Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition

- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

#### **Hi-Prep Differentiations:**

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

#### **Lo-Prep Differentiations**

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

## **Intervention Strategies**

Please identify Intervention Strategies that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- allowing students to select from given choices
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

## **Special Education Learning**

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Please identify the **Special Education Learning** adaptations that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length

- multi-sensory presentation
- multiple test sessions
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

## **English Language Learning (ELL)**

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Please identify the **English Language Learning** adaptations that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

## **Sample Lesson**

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**Name: Federal Government**

**Black History Month**

**Civil Rights Movement**

**NJSLS:linked**



**Interdisciplinary Connection:**[Linked](#)

**Statement of Objective:** SWDAT Recognize and articulate the Civil Rights movement and Acts that go along with this objective by understanding how our government was affected by this movement. Students will research and report this objective and report back to the class.

**Anticipatory Set/Do Now:**[Linked](#)

**Learning Activity:** After a brief synopsis of the material in the objective, Students will research a topic from a list I provided.

**Student Assessment/CFU's:**[Linked](#) Well written assignment, while also being able to articulate their research.

**Materials:** Laptop, LCD, Text Maps, handouts, Terms

**21st Century Themes and Skills:** [Linked](#)

**Differentiation:** Tiered grouping, these groups are put together during the first few weeks of school and will change during the school year to improve success.

**Integration of Technology:**Laptop, LCD, the internet