

Unit 3: Socialization Copied from: Sociology, Copied on: 02/21/22

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Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Sociology, 11th/12th grades

Unit 3: Socialization

Belleville Board of Education

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Unit Overview

Unit 3 examines:

- the common forms of social interaction
- how these interactions affect society
- sociological components within society such as "status" and "role"
- how technology is used by scientists to classify societies
- the use of groups within a society including primary and secondary groups
- apply the use of nonverbal communication skills

Enduring Understanding

1. Sociologists identify five common forms of social interaction; exchange, competition, conflict,

cooperation, and accommodation.

2. Social structure is the network of interrelated statuses and roles that guides human interaction.
3. A status is a socially defined position in society, while a role is the behavior attached to a status.
4. Sociologists classify societies according to groups including informal/formal organization.
5. Groups affect how people react to one another including primary, secondary, in-group, out-group.
6. Sociologists recognize three broad categories of society; preindustrial, industrial, and postindustrial.
7. Groups are the foundation of social life and they differ in terms of size, organization and purpose.

Essential Questions

What are the main components of social structure and what are their effects on interaction?

What are the five common types of social interaction and how do they affect social structure?

How do sociologists classify and categorize societies?

What are the forms and functions of groups within society?

What kinds of groups are formed and how do they affect society?

What do sociologists mean by the term “status”?

How are status and roles related? What are social institutions?

How did preindustrial society lead to industrial/post-industrialization today?

How do sociologists define the term group and what is their main function?

What types of groups do sociologists recognize and how do these differ from formal organizations?

Exit Skills

By the end of Unit 3,

1. Students should be able to apply domain-specific vocabulary such as status; role; secondary groups in their various assessments.
2. Students should be able to choose a side to a query and provide logical argument for their choice.
3. Students should be able to deductively use new information and logically apply this evidence to a related problem.
4. Students should be able to inductively gather information and deduce a theory based on their findings.
5. Students should be able to gather information in meaningful clusters and apply their findings to specific problems.
6. Students should be able to apply nonverbal communication skills and explain how they are used in everyday society.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSL-S)

SOC.9-12.3	Social Relationships: Self, Groups, and Socialization
SOC.9-12.3.1	Students will describe the process of socialization across the life course.
SOC.9-12.3.1.1	Primary agents of socialization: family, peers, media, schools, and religion
SOC.9-12.3.1.2	Deviance and conformity
SOC.9-12.3.2	Students will explain the process of the social construction of the self.
SOC.9-12.3.2.1	I & me
SOC.9-12.3.2.2	Role-taking
SOC.9-12.3.2.3	Generalized other

SOC.9-12.3.2.4	Identity
SOC.9-12.3.3	Students will examine the social construction of groups and their impact on the life chances of individuals.
SOC.9-12.3.3.1	Reference groups
SOC.9-12.3.3.2	Primary and secondary groups
SOC.9-12.3.3.3	In-groups and out-groups
SOC.9-12.4	Stratification and Inequality
SOC.9-12.4.1	Students will identify common patterns of social inequality.
SOC.9-12.4.1.1	Privilege
SOC.9-12.4.1.2	Power
SOC.9-12.4.1.3	Racial and ethnic inequality
SOC.9-12.4.1.4	Class inequality
SOC.9-12.4.1.5	Gender inequality
SOC.9-12.4.2	Students will analyze the effects of social inequality on groups and individuals.
SOC.9-12.4.2.1	Life chances
SOC.9-12.4.2.2	Social problems
SOC.9-12.4.2.3	Inter- and intra-group conflict
SOC.9-12.4.3	Students will explain the relationship between social institutions and inequality.
SOC.9-12.4.3.1	Distribution of power through social institutions
SOC.9-12.4.3.2	Potential of institutions to produce, reinforce, or challenge inequality
SOC.9-12.4.4	Students will assess responses to social inequality.
SOC.9-12.4.4.1	Individual responses to inequality
SOC.9-12.4.4.2	Group responses to inequality such as social movements
SOC.9-12.4.4.3	Social policy responses to inequality

Interdisciplinary Connections

LA.RH.9-10.1	Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information.
LA.RH.9-10.2	Determine the theme, central ideas, key information and/or perspective(s) presented in a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas.
LA.RH.9-10.3	Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; draw connections between the events, to determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them.
LA.RH.9-10.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history and the social sciences; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.

LA.RH.9-10.5	Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance an explanation or analysis.
LA.RH.9-10.6	Compare the point of view of two or more authors in regards to how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts.
LA.RH.9-10.7	Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text, to analyze information presented via different mediums.
LA.RH.9-10.8	Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims.
LA.RH.9-10.9	Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic, or of various perspectives, in several primary and secondary sources; analyze how they relate in terms of themes and significant historical concepts.
LA.RH.9-10.10	By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
SOC.9-12.1.1.1	Compare present and past events to evaluate the consequences of past decisions and to apply lessons learned.
SOC.9-12.1.1.2	Analyze how change occurs through time due to shifting values and beliefs as well as technological advancements and changes in the political and economic landscape.
SOC.9-12.1.2.1	Construct various forms of geographic representations to show the spatial patterns of physical and human phenomena.
SOC.9-12.1.2.2	Relate current events to the physical and human characteristics of places and regions.
SOC.9-12.1.3.1	Distinguish valid arguments from false arguments when interpreting current and historical events.
SOC.9-12.1.3.2	Evaluate sources for validity and credibility and to detect propaganda, censorship, and bias.
SOC.9-12.1.3.3	Gather relevant information from multiple sources representing a wide range of views (including historians and experts) while using the date, context, and corroborative value of the sources to guide the selection.
SOC.9-12.1.4.2	Demonstrate effective presentation skills by presenting information in a clear, concise, and well-organized manner taking into consider appropriate use of language for task and audience.

Learning Objectives

- Identify five common forms of social interaction
- Evaluate how status and roles affect interactions among society members
- Examine components of status such as master status; ascribed and achieved status
- Evaluate the roles that guide human behavior such as role conflict; role strain and role set
- Analyze how technology enables members of society to meet its needs
- Discover the foundation of groups- definition including in and out groups
- Analyze size, duration, description of groups such as primary and secondary groups.
- Evaluate the need for formal organizations
- Apply nonverbal communication skills

Action Verbs: Below are examples of action verbs associated with each level of the Revised Bloom's Taxonomy.

Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Choose Describe	Classify Defend	Choose Dramatize	Categorize Classify	Appraise Judge	Combine Compose

Define	Demonstrate	Explain	Compare	Criticize	Construct
Label	Distinguish	Generalize	Differentiate	Defend	Design
List	Explain	Judge	Distinguish	Compare	Develop
Locate	Express	Organize	Identify	Assess	Formulate
Match	Extend	Paint	Infer	Conclude	Hypothesize
Memorize	Give Examples	Prepare	Point out	Contrast	Invent
Name	Illustrate	Produce	Select	Critique	Make
Omit	Indicate	Select	Subdivide	Determine	Originate
Recite	Interrelate	Show	Survey	Grade	Organize
Select	Interpret	Sketch	Arrange	Justify	Plan
State	Infer	Solve	Breakdown	Measure	Produce
Count	Match	Use	Combine	Rank	Role Play
Draw	Paraphrase	Add	Detect	Rate	Drive
Outline	Represent	Calculate	Diagram	Support	Devise
Point	Restate	Change	Discriminate	Test	Generate
Quote	Rewrite	Classify	Illustrate		Integrate
Recall	Select	Complete	Outline		Prescribe
Recognize	Show	Compute	Point out		Propose
Repeat	Summarize	Discover	Separate		Reconstruct
Reproduce	Tell	Divide			Revise
	Translate	Examine			Rewrite
	Associate	Graph			Transform
	Compute	Interpolate			
	Convert	Manipulate			
	Discuss	Modify			
	Estimate	Operate			
	Extrapolate	Subtract			
	Generalize				
	Predict				



Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- Establish sociological context by checking for understanding about the process of socialization.
- Build foundation through vocabulary and key people identification such as values, norms, anticipatory socialization
- Use of primary sources from multiple perspectives including view point, culture and class
- Use of Ebook to interactively use the text book through videos, pictures, audio etc
- Research and collect conceptual evidence for an alternative assessment; essay; PPT
- Write an essay applying the Agents of Socialization to their everyday lives.
- Complete the Grinch assignment using sociological concepts to explain how the Grinch became who he is.
- Use of YouTube videos to portray how sociological concepts are displayed in society.
- Analyze a song (their choice) and apply the sociological concepts to explain such as norms, ascribed/achieved status; roles; in-group/out-group

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

Use of Exit Tickets to conclude the lesson on how socialization affects all of society.-summative assessment

Student Presentations on how aspects such as primary groups or master status changes the way we act as a society and use Evaluation Rubrics-benchmark assessment

Think, pair, share-formative assessment

Written reports-alternate assessment

- Common Benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- DBQ's
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Illustration
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Multimedia Reports
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quizzes
- Self- assessments
- Study Guide

- Surveys
- Unit tests
- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

Primary Resources & Materials

Sociology - HMH Social Studies Textbook

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Movies: Gridiron Gang; Breakfast Club; Greatest Showman; Can't Buy Me Love; My Girl

Ancillary Resources

- NEWSELA
- COMMONLIT
- In the Trenches: Teaching and Learning Sociology [Maxine P. Atkinson](#), [Kathleen S. Lowney](#), W. W. Norton, Incorporated, 2016 - [Sociology](#) - 368 pages

Technology Infusion

- Create a PPT, Google Slides, Slidesmania describing how specific socialization aspects affect people at different times.
- Make an interactive website about how the master status affects the world we live in today.
- Use of Google Chrome Books
- Google Classroom to communicate information to the students
- Various Online tools
- Online Databases from BHS Media Center
- Use of Flipgrid when utilizing student presentations

Win 8.1 Apps/Tools Pedagogy Wheel

Podcasts
 Photostory 3
 Kid Story Builder
 Music Maker Jam
 Paint A Story
 Office 365
 MS PowerPoint
 Stack 'Em Up
 NqSquared Numbers
 Physamajig
 Xylophone 8

Wikipedia
 Skydrive
 Lync
 SkyMap
 Skype
 Office 365
 Puzzle Touch
 Easy QR
 Memorylage
 Life Moments
 Word Cloud Maker

Where's Waldo?
 MS Excel
 Flipboard
 Office 365
 Nova Mindmapping

Ted Talks
 Record Voice Pen



Originally taken from <http://www.coetail.com/vzimmer/files/2013/02/iPadagogy-Wheel.001.jpg>
 And adapted for Windows 8.1 devices by Charlotte Beckhurst @CharBeckhurst

Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

Research how military uses sociological concepts to create soldiers.

Breakdown social stereotypes

Analyze how technology has created a "new society".

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

TECH.8.1.12.A	Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.
TECH.8.1.12.B	Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.
TECH.8.1.12.C	Communication and Collaboration: Students use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively, including at a distance, to support individual learning and contribute to the learning of others.
TECH.8.1.12.D	Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.
TECH.8.1.12.E	Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

21st Century Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

Differentiation

Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments aloud
- Rephrase written directions
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Tiered activities/assignments

- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

Use of vocabulary to introduce the sociological terms in this unit.

Extended time for Journals from the perspective of a character from Breakfast Club and how they were affected by social status.

Check students progress as they take notes on socialization.

Various choices of movie assessments with leveled Rubrics

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content

- modified test format
- modified test length
- multiple test sessions
- multi-sensory presentation
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

English Language Learning (ELL)

allowing students to work with other English speaking students on specific assignments

true/false assessments about various socialization aspects of society.

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

At Risk

provide a unit syllabus to help students stay focused

use real life examples when teaching about the struggles of the clash of social structure.

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- allowing students to select from given choices
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

debate about how culture affects people in different social standings - use Movies such as Breakfast Club, Mean Girls, The Greatest Showman

investigate the ways society reacts to various social structures.

- Above grade level placement option for qualified students
- Advanced problem-solving
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Cluster grouping
- Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
- Create a blog or social media page about their unit
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments

- Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson

Using the template below, please develop a **Sample Lesson** for the first unit only.

Unit Name:

NJSLS:

Interdisciplinary Connection:

Statement of Objective:

Anticipatory Set/Do Now:

Learning Activity:

Student Assessment/CFU's:

Materials:

21st Century Themes and Skills:

Differentiation/Modifications:

Integration of Technology:

1/6 - R (D)

1/7 - F (E) - start movie

1/11 - T (G)

1/12 - W (H) ½ day

1/13 - R (A - 5th Period)

- Review Poem from hmwk; ask students what they thought of it; have they witnessed anything like this before?

- Crash Discussion Questions (Groups) - [Discussion Questions](#)
 - Students complete the questions in groups. Randomly ask to share
- Double Consciousness Activity & Discussion (10 minutes) - [Double Consciousness](#)
- Start Movie (1/7 - F): Crash (115 minutes) [Movie](#)
- [Post Movie Questions](#)