## Kinematic Equations for Linear Motion

 (For constant acceleration ONLY)** To select the appropriate equation to solve a particular problem:

1) List what quantities are given - (will be 3)
2) List what is being asked for - (will be 1 ).
3) Find the equation in the table that contains all 4 involved quantities.

| Equation | Involved <br> Quantities | Unneeded <br> Quantity |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1) $v_{f}=v_{i}+a t$ | $v_{i}, v_{f}, a, t$ | $\Delta x$ |
| 2) $v_{f}^{2}=v_{i}^{2}+2 a \Delta x$ | $\Delta x, v_{f}, v_{i}, a$ | $t$ |
| 3) $\Delta x=v_{i} t+\frac{1}{2} a t^{2}$ | $\Delta x, v_{i}, a, t$ | $v_{f}$ |
| 4) $\Delta x=\frac{1}{2}\left(v_{f}+v_{i}\right) t$ | $\Delta x, v_{f}, v_{i}, t$ | $a$ |
| 5) $\Delta x=v_{f} t-\frac{1}{2} a t^{2}$ | $\Delta x, v_{f}, a, t$ | $v_{i}$ |

$* * \Delta x=\left(x_{f}-x_{i}\right)$
** These equations work for motion in ANY one direction
** If $\Delta x$ also represents the total distance in only 1 direction, you can replace $\Delta \boldsymbol{x}$ with $d$ (for distance) and then think of $v_{f}$ and $v_{i}$ in terms of speed rather than velocity

