

AP Chemistry Unit- 11 Organic Chemistry and Polymers Copied from: Chemistry AP, Copied on: 02/21/22

Content Area: **Science**
Course(s): **Sample Course**
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Title Section

Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

AP Chemistry

11, 12

Belleville Board of Education

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Unit Overview

1. Allotropes
2. Hydrocarbons
3. Petroleum
4. Functional Groups
5. Organic reactions
6. Monomers & Polymers

NJSLS

SCI.9-12.HS-PS1-2.1.1

students observe patterns in systems at different scales and cite patterns as empirical evidence for causality in supporting their explanations of phenomena. They recognize classifications or explanations used at one scale may not be useful or need revision using a different scale; thus requiring improved investigations and experiments. They use mathematical representations to identify certain patterns and analyze patterns of performance in order to reengineer and improve a designed system.

SCI.9-12.HS-PS1-1.2	Modeling in 9–12 builds on K–8 and progresses to using, synthesizing, and developing models to predict and show relationships among variables between systems and their components in the natural and designed worlds.
SCI.9-12.HS-PS1-5.6	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions
SCI.9-12.HS-PS1-5.6.1	Apply scientific principles and evidence to provide an explanation of phenomena and solve design problems, taking into account possible unanticipated effects.
SCI.9-12.HS-PS1-4.PS1.A.1	A stable molecule has less energy than the same set of atoms separated; one must provide at least this energy in order to take the molecule apart.
SCI.9-12.HS-PS1-3.PS1.A.1	The structure and interactions of matter at the bulk scale are determined by electrical forces within and between atoms.
SCI.9-12.HS-PS1-2.PS1.B.1	The fact that atoms are conserved, together with knowledge of the chemical properties of the elements involved, can be used to describe and predict chemical reactions.

Exit Skills

Enduring Understanding

1. representations and models can be used to communicate scientific phenomena and solve scientific problems.
2. mathematics, appropriately applied, can be used to explain phenomena.
3. scientific questioning can be used to extend thinking or to guide investigations within the context of the AP course.
4. planning and implementation of data collection strategies in relation to a particular scientific question, leads to supported conclusions and problem solutions
5. proper data analysis and evaluation of evidence is imperative in scientific studies.
6. scientific explanations and theories must be used as guiding principles for scientific investigations
7. connections of knowledge across various scales, concepts, and representations in and across domains leads to comprehensive responses to problems in science.

Essential Questions

1. How are fragrances manufactured?
2. How are pharmaceuticals purified?
3. How are fossil fuels converted to consumer products?

Learning Objectives

1. relate structure and properties of carbon allotropes?
2. sources of hydrocarbons, and the most important applications?
3. name linear and branched hydrocarbons?
4. write the formula of linear and branched hydrocarbons given its name?
5. name linear and branched functional groups?
6. write the formula of linear and branched functional groups given its name?
7. describe, distinguish, and apply the different organic reactions?
8. explain the relationship between monomers and polymers?
9. relate the structures of specific polymers to their properties and uses?

Interdisciplinary Connections

Please list all and any cross-curricular content standards that link to this Unit.

Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Key SUBJECTS AND 21st CENTURY THEMES

Mastery of key subjects and 21st century themes is essential for all students in the 21st century.

Key subjects include:

- English, reading or language arts
- World languages
- Arts
- Mathematics
- Economics
- Science
- Geography
- History
- Government and Civics

21st Century/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy

- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

21st Century Skills

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

Technology Infusion

What technology can be used in this unit to enhance learning?

The basis of good differentiation in a lesson lies in differentiating by content, process, and/or product.

Resources:

- NJDOE: Instructional Supports and Scaffolds for Success in Implementing the Common Core State Standards <http://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/success/math/k2/>

Special Education

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multiple test sessions
- multi-sensory presentation
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

ELL

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information

- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

Intervention Strategies

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- allowing students to select from given choices
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Evidence of Student Learning-CFU's

Please list ways educators may effectively check for understanding in this section.

- Admit Tickets
- Anticipation Guide
- Common benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Newspaper Headline
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Red Light, Green Light
- Self- assessments
- Socratic Seminar
- Study Guide
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit tests

Primary Resources

Please list all resources available to you that are located either within the district or that can be obtained by district resources.

Ancillary Resources

Please list ALL other resources available to strengthen your lesson.

Sample Lesson

One Lesson per Curriculum must bein this lesson plan template. I.e. one lesson in one unit

Unit Name:

NJSLS:

Interdisciplinary Connection:

Statement of Objective:

Anticipatory Set/Do Now:

Learning Activity:

Student Assessment/CFU's:

Materials:

21st Century Themes and Skills:

Differentiation/Modifications:

Integration of Technology: