

# **Unit 2: Structure and Properties of Matter (Physical Science) Copied from: Chemistry (Physical Science), Copied on: 02/21/22**

Content Area: **Science**  
Course(s): **Chemistry**  
Time Period:  
Length: **30 days**  
Status: **Published**

## **Title Section**

---

## **Department of Curriculum and Instruction**



**Belleville Public Schools**

**Curriculum Guide**

# **Academic Chemistry, Unit 2 Structure and Properties of Matter**

**Belleville Board of Education**

**102 Passaic Avenue**

## **Belleville, NJ 07109**

**Prepared by:** Teacher, Michael Alfieri

Dr. Richard Tomko, Ph.D., M.J., Superintendent of Schools

Ms. LucyAnn Demikoff, Director of Curriculum and Instruction K-12

Ms. Nicole Shanklin, Director of Elementary Education K-8, ESL Coordinator K-12

Mr. George Droste, Director of Secondary Education

Board Approved: September 23, 2019

### **Unit Overview**

---

1. Matter can be explained, observed, and analyzed by their component atoms.
2. The properties of matter can be explained by the the component atoms inter and intra relationships
3. Atomic structure is used in the organization of elements on the periodic table
4. The understanding and function of the Periodic Table are the base in understanding how matter is composed.

## **Enduring Understanding**

---

1. Energy transfer occurs when matter changes
2. The classification of matter, its properties, and changes allows for us to understand the world around us
3. Atoms are the building blocks of all matter - atoms are made up of three particles protons, neutrons, and electrons
4. Electron movement exists as a duality of both waves and particles
5. Atomic theory has evolved over the years as increased technological ability has allowed us to identify the composition of atoms and their relative positions
6. Periodic placement and the arrangement of the modern periodic table is based upon specific properties and characteristics of elements, particularly their electron structure and valance electrons leading to the ability to make predictions of how an element will behave and react based on periodic properties

## **Essential Questions**

---

1. **What is matter and what is energy?**
2. **How can we classify matter and how does this classification allow us to better understand the outside world?**
3. **How does the current model of the atom explain electron structure?**
4. **How are electrons configured around the nucleus and how did scientists develop this theory?**
5. **How can a periodic table assist to identify the components of an atom or ion**
6. **How can I use a periodic table to predict chemical reactions?**
7. **How can I use the properties of elements to predict intra and interactions among elements?**

## **Exit Skills**

---

1. Identifying examples of physical and chemical properties.
2. Differentiating between physical and chemical properties and intensive and extensive properties.
3. Describing the characteristics of 3 primary states of matter.
4. Differentiating between a mixture and a pure substance.
5. Describing the similarities and differences between an element, a compound, and a mixture.
6. Creating models that represent elements, compounds, and mixtures at the particulate level.
7. Describing the characteristics of protons, neutrons, and electrons.
8. Describing how an element's physical and chemical properties are related to the number and arrangement of electrons in its atoms.
9. Identifying the number of protons, neutrons, and electrons in an atom that is expressed in isotope notation.
10. Expressing the symbol of an atom in isotope notation.
11. Calculating the average atomic mass of various elements using known values of their isotopes.
12. Defining an alloy and describing how the properties of an alloy differ from those of its constituent elements.
13. Calculating the molar mass for a given compound.
14. Calculating the percent composition of a given compound.
15. Explaining how frequencies of emitted light are related to charges in electron energies.
16. Describing the relationship between wavelength and frequency of light.
17. Drawing a model of the Bohr atom.
18. Predicting the identity of an unknown element using a known emission spectrum.
19. Identifying and representing the models of "s", "p", and "d" orbitals.
20. Writing full electron configurations for a given element and then expressing the configuration in noble gas notation.
21. Demonstrating the relationship between Hund's Rule, Pauli exclusion principle, and electron configuration.
22. Locating Alkali metals, alkaline earth metals, transition metals, lanthanide's, actinides, halogens, and noble gases on the Periodic Table.
23. Identifying similarities among elements in a given group on the Periodic Table.
24. Defining atomic radius, ionic radius, ionization energy, electron affinity, and electronegativity.

9-12.HS-PS1-2	Construct and revise an explanation for the outcome of a simple chemical reaction based on the outermost electron states of atoms, trends in the periodic table, and knowledge of the patterns of chemical properties.
9-12.HS-PS1-3	Plan and conduct an investigation to gather evidence to compare the structure of substances at the bulk scale to infer the strength of electrical forces between particles.
9-12.HS-PS1-2.1.1	students observe patterns in systems at different scales and cite patterns as empirical evidence for causality in supporting their explanations of phenomena. They recognize classifications or explanations used at one scale may not be useful or need revision using a different scale; thus requiring improved investigations and experiments. They use mathematical representations to identify certain patterns and analyze patterns of performance in order to reengineer and improve a designed system.
9-12.HS-PS1-1.1.1	students observe patterns in systems at different scales and cite patterns as empirical evidence for causality in supporting their explanations of phenomena. They recognize classifications or explanations used at one scale may not be useful or need revision using a different scale; thus requiring improved investigations and experiments. They use mathematical representations to identify certain patterns and analyze patterns of performance in order to reengineer and improve a designed system.
9-12.HS-PS1-3.1.1	students observe patterns in systems at different scales and cite patterns as empirical evidence for causality in supporting their explanations of phenomena. They recognize classifications or explanations used at one scale may not be useful or need revision using a different scale; thus requiring improved investigations and experiments. They use mathematical representations to identify certain patterns and analyze patterns of performance in order to reengineer and improve a designed system.
9-12.HS-PS1-1.2	Modeling in 9–12 builds on K–8 and progresses to using, synthesizing, and developing models to predict and show relationships among variables between systems and their components in the natural and designed worlds.
9-12.HS-PS1-1.2.1	Use a model to predict the relationships between systems or between components of a system.
9-12.HS-PS1-3.3.1	Plan and conduct an investigation individually and collaboratively to produce data to serve as the basis for evidence, and in the design: decide on types, how much, and accuracy of data needed to produce reliable measurements and consider limitations on the precision of the data (e.g., number of trials, cost, risk, time), and refine the design accordingly.
9-12.HS-PS1-2.6	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions
9-12.HS-PS1-2.6.1	Construct and revise an explanation based on valid and reliable evidence obtained from a variety of sources (including students' own investigations, models, theories, simulations, peer review) and the assumption that theories and laws that describe the natural world operate today as they did in the past and will continue to do so in the future.
9-12.HS-PS1-1.PS1.A.1	Each atom has a charged substructure consisting of a nucleus, which is made of protons and neutrons, surrounded by electrons.
9-12.HS-PS1-3.PS1.A.1	The structure and interactions of matter at the bulk scale are determined by electrical forces within and between atoms.
9-12.HS-PS1-1.PS1.A.2	The periodic table orders elements horizontally by the number of protons in the atom's

nucleus and places those with similar chemical properties in columns. The repeating patterns of this table reflect patterns of outer electron states.

9-12.HS-PS1-3.PS1.A.2

Attraction and repulsion between electric charges at the atomic scale explain the structure, properties, and transformations of matter, as well as the contact forces between material objects.

9-12.HS-PS1-1.PS1.A.3

Attraction and repulsion between electric charges at the atomic scale explain the structure, properties, and transformations of matter, as well as the contact forces between material objects.

9-12.HS-PS1-2.PS1.B.1

The fact that atoms are conserved, together with knowledge of the chemical properties of the elements involved, can be used to describe and predict chemical reactions.

The periodic table orders elements horizontally by the number of protons in the atom's nucleus and places those with similar chemical properties in columns. The repeating patterns of this table reflect patterns of outer electron states.

## **Interdisciplinary Connections**

---

MA.K-12.4

Model with mathematics.

MA.N-Q.A.1

Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.

MA.N-Q.A.2

Define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling.

MA.N-Q.A.3

Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities.

LA.RST.11-12.1

Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.

LA.RST.9-10.7

Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.

LA.WHST.9-10.2

Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.

LA.WHST.11-12.2

Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.

LA.WHST.11-12.2.A

Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

LA.WHST.9-10.2.A

Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

LA.WHST.9-10.2.B

Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.

## Learning Objectives

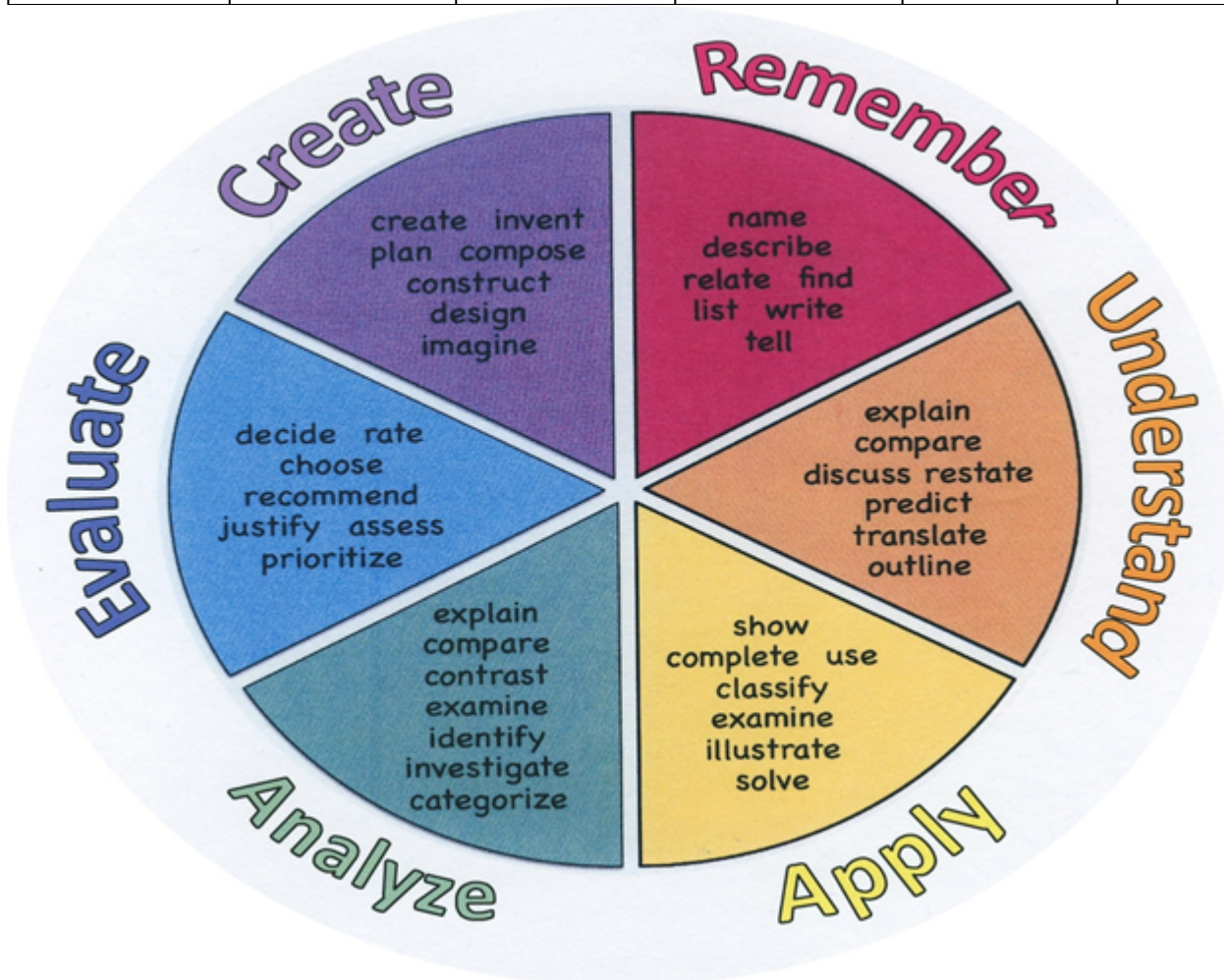
---

1. Students will be able to use their learning to analyze and communicate how matter affects components of their lives
2. Analyze the properties of matter for the purpose of classification
3. Demonstrate the ability to distinguish physical and chemical properties and changes by performing a separation of mixtures by homo or heterogeneous means
4. Identify the types and procedures of separation of mixtures
5. Utilize all skills and knowledge to analyze and communicate how energy transfers exists in their lives
6. Connect energy transfer, different states of matter, and phase changes
7. Translate quantitative data to and from a heating curve for analysis and conclusions
8. Use engineering design to build a device that converts energy from one state to another
9. Indicate the number of each type of subatomic particle and location when given a ground state atom or an ion
10. Calculate the average atomic mass of an element given the relative abundances of isotopes
11. Apply the current atomic model to determine structure of atoms and relate their behavior based on their periodicity
12. Describe the makeup of specific atomic orbitals based on their relative quantum numbers
13. Depict the electron configuration of a given atom in various forms
14. Explain the placement of elements on the periodic table of elements
15. Determine physical properties and chemical properties of an element based on periodic placement
16. Define, differentiate, and apply the uses of electro negativity and reactivity

**Action Verbs:** Below are examples of action verbs associated with each level of the Revised Bloom's Taxonomy.

Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Choose	Classify	Choose	Categorize	Appraise	Combine
Describe	Defend	Dramatize	Classify	Judge	Compose
Define	Demonstrate	Explain	Compare	Criticize	Construct
Label	Distinguish	Generalize	Differentiate	Defend	Design
List	Explain	Judge	Distinguish	Compare	Develop
Locate	Express	Organize	Identify	Assess	Formulate
Match	Extend	Paint	Infer	Conclude	Hypothesize
Memorize	Give Examples	Prepare	Point out	Contrast	Invent
Name	Illustrate	Produce	Select	Critique	Make
Omit	Indicate	Select	Subdivide	Determine	Originate
Recite	Interrelate	Show	Survey	Grade	Organize
Select	Interpret	Sketch	Arrange	Justify	Plan
State	Infer	Solve	Breakdown	Measure	Produce
Count	Match	Use	Combine	Rank	Role Play
Draw	Paraphrase	Add	Detect	Rate	Drive
Outline	Represent	Calculate	Diagram	Support	Devise
Point	Restate	Change	Discriminate	Test	Generate
Quote	Rewrite	Classify	Illustrate		Integrate
Recall	Select	Complete	Outline		Prescribe
Recognize	Show	Compute	Point out		Propose
Repeat	Summarize	Discover	Separate		Reconstruct
Reproduce	Tell	Divide			Revise
	Translate	Examine			Rewrite
	Associate	Graph			Transform
	Compute	Interpolate			

	Convert Discuss Estimate Extrapolate Generalize Predict	Manipulate Modify Operate Subtract			
--	--	---	--	--	--



### Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- Chemlab - Model atomic mass
- Chemlab - Analyze Line Spectra
- Minilab - Organize Elements



## **Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)**

---

-The Structure of the Atom test (Summative)

-Electrons in Atoms test (Summative)

-The Periodic Table and Periodic Law test (Summative)

-Lab Journal (Alternate)

-Benchmark #2 (Benchmark)

-"Do Now/Exit Ticket" Activity (Formative)

- Admit Tickets
- Anticipation Guide
- Common Benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- DBQ's
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Multimedia Reports
- Newspaper Headline
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Red Light, Green Light
- Self- assessments
- Socratic Seminar
- Study Guide
- Surveys

- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit review/Test prep
- Unit tests
- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

## **Primary Resources & Materials**

---

Chemistry- Matter And Change- Glencoe, Worksheet and lab CD

## **Ancillary Resources**

---

Chemistry- Matter And Change- Glencoe provided powerpoints

## **Technology Infusion**

---

- Online periodic table.
- PHET online atom simulation to build atoms of different atomic mass.

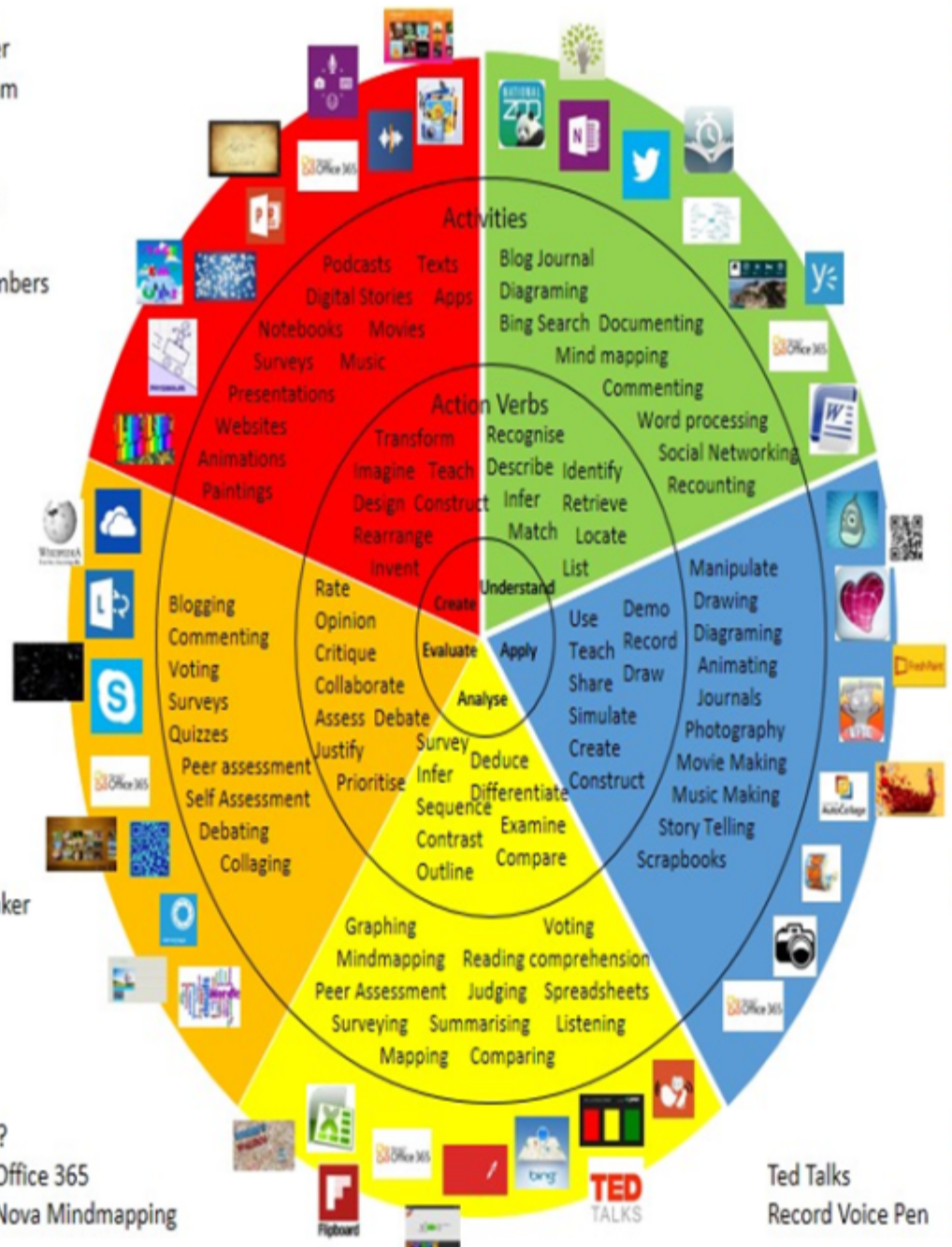
# Win 8.1 Apps/Tools Pedagogy Wheel

Originally taken from <http://www.coetail.com/zimmer/files/2013/02/IPadagogy-Wheel.001.jpg>  
And adapted for Windows 8.1 devices by Charlotte Beckhurst @CharBeckhurst

Podcasts  
 Photostory 3  
 Kid Story Builder  
 Music Maker Jam  
 Paint A Story  
 Office 365  
 MS PowerPoint  
 Stack 'Em Up  
 NqSquared Numbers  
 Physamajig  
 Xylophone 8

Wikipedia  
 Skydrive  
 Lync  
 SkyMap  
 Skype  
 Office 365  
 Puzzle Touch  
 Easy QR  
 Memorylage  
 Life Moments  
 Word Cloud Maker

Where's Waldo?  
 MS Excel  
 Flipboard  
 Office 365  
 Nova Mindmapping



Ted Talks  
 Record Voice Pen

## Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

---

CAEP.9.2.12.C.1	Review career goals and determine steps necessary for attainment.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.2	Modify Personalized Student Learning Plans to support declared career goals.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.3	Identify transferable career skills and design alternate career plans.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.4	Analyze how economic conditions and societal changes influence employment trends and future education.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.5	Research career opportunities in the United States and abroad that require knowledge of world languages and diverse cultures.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.6	Investigate entrepreneurship opportunities as options for career planning and identify the knowledge, skills, abilities, and resources required for owning and managing a business.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.7	Examine the professional, legal, and ethical responsibilities for both employers and employees in the global workplace.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.8	Assess the impact of litigation and court decisions on employment laws and practices.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.9	Analyze the correlation between personal and financial behavior and employability.
TECH.8.1.12.A.1	Create a personal digital portfolio which reflects personal and academic interests, achievements, and career aspirations by using a variety of digital tools and resources.
TECH.8.1.12.A.2	Produce and edit a multi-page digital document for a commercial or professional audience and present it to peers and/or professionals in that related area for review.
TECH.8.1.12.A.3	Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue.

## 21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

---

Upon completion of this section, please remove all remaining descriptions, notes, outlines, examples and/or illustrations that are not needed or used.

Please list only the **21st Century/Interdisciplinary Themes** that will be incorporated into this unit.

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

## 21st Century Skills

---

Upon completion of this section, please remove all remaining descriptions, notes, outlines, examples and/or illustrations that are not needed or used.

Please list only the **21st Century Skills** that will be incorporated into this unit.

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

## Differentiation

---

- Small group lab group for minilab.
- Provide large print study guide for Periodic Table test.
- Schedule extra time for students during test.

### Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation

- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

#### **Hi-Prep Differentiations:**

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

#### **Lo-Prep Differentiations**

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

- Pre- test study guides provided.
- Step by step Electromagnetic Wave equations.
- Provide powerpoints on google classroom.

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multiple test sessions
- multi-sensory presentation
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

## **English Language Learning (ELL)**

---

- Provide Spanish textbook.
- Peers translate notes.

- Provide Spanish to English notes on electron configuration.

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

## **At Risk**

---

-Provide modified tests on Atoms.

-Provide tutoring times after school.

-Allow test correction for credit.

-Provide step by step electron configuration examples.

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- allowing students to select from given choices
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives



- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

## **Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)**

---

-Provide advanced work on electron configuration (F-block)

-Provide extra lab assignments on Periodic table

- Above grade level placement option for qualified students
- Advanced problem-solving
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Cluster grouping
- Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
- Create a blog or social media page about their unit
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

## **Sample Lesson**

---

See Unit 1

Unit Name:

NJSLS:

Interdisciplinary Connection:

Statement of Objective:

Anticipatory Set/Do Now:

Learning Activity:

Student Assessment/CFU's:

Materials:

21st Century Themes and Skills:

Differentiation/Modifications:

Integration of Technology: