

Unit 2: Finding and Analyzing the Law

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Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Law & Advocacy

Unit 2-Finding and Analyzing the Law

Grades 10-12

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Unit Overview

In this Unit students will analyze the sources and functions of law and the democratic process and its effect on how laws are created. Students will learn how to conduct legal research to find statutory and case law and apply the law to different factual situations in an attempt to resolve legal disputes. Students will be able to identify criminal and civil cases and formulate legal remedies. Students will analyze legislation and case law on women, racial and ethnic minorities, the LGBTQ community, and individuals with disabilities and how these groups have contributed to the American economy, politics and society. Students will assess the responses of the United States and other nations to the violations of human rights throughout history and comprehend the personal and legal responsibility that each citizen bears to fight racism and hatred whenever and wherever it happens. Students will evaluate the government response to climate change and the effects of global warming on environment.

Enduring Understanding

The justice system is responsible for resolving both civil and criminal legal disputes. Criminal disputes are considered public wrongs that are prosecuted by the government. Civil law is concerned with private wrongs or disputes between individuals which result in a lawsuit. Statutory law is influenced by the will of the people and the law has the ability to change to reflect the culture of the time. All people have the personal and legal responsibility that each citizen bears to fight racism and hatred whenever and wherever it happens. Appreciation for the various ways women, racial and ethnic minorities, the LGBTQ community, and individuals with disabilities have contributed to the American economy, politics and society. Recognize the responsibilities of the United States and other nations to respond to the violation of human rights that occurred during the Holocaust and other genocides. Recognize the origins of the antislavery movement and the impact of particular events, such as the Amistad decision, on the movement. Evaluate

the government response to climate change and the effects of global warming on environment.

Essential Questions

- What is the function of the rule of law in our society?
- What are the sources of law in the United States?
- How is statutory law, case law, constitutional law, and administrative law is created?
- What are the different types of crimes and criminal defenses?
- What are the areas of civil law?
- What is the personal and legal responsibility that each citizen bears to fight racism?
- How have women, racial and ethnic minorities, the LGBTQ community, and individuals with disabilities contributed to the American economy, politics and society?
- How have the United States and other nations responded to the violation of human rights that occurred during the Holocaust and other genocides?
- What are the origins of the antislavery movement and what has been the impact of particular events, such as the Amistad decision, on the movement?
- What is and has been the government's response to climate change and the effects of global warming on environment?

Exit Skills

By the end of this Unit students will be able to:

- Identify and define the function of the rule of law in our society.
- Compare and contrast sources of law in the United States.
- Explain how statutory law, case law, constitutional law, and administrative law is created.
- Distinguish between civil and criminal cases.
- Determine Federal vs. State court jurisdiction.
- Identify types of crimes and criminal defenses.
- Identify areas of civil law.
- Distinguish between substantive and procedural laws.
- Comprehend the personal and legal responsibility that each citizen bears to fight racism and hatred whenever and wherever it happens.
- Identify the various ways women, racial and ethnic minorities, the LGBTQ community, and individuals with disabilities have contributed to the American economy, politics and society.
- Discuss the responses of the United States and other nations to the violation of human rights that occurred during the Holocaust and other genocides.
- Comprehend the origins of the antislavery movement and the impact of particular events, such as the Amistad decision, on the movement.
- Evaluate the government response to climate change and the effects of global warming on environment.

PFL.9.1.2.CR	Civic Responsibility
SOC.6.1.12.CivicsPR.2.a	Use primary sources to explain how judicial review made the Supreme Court an influential branch of government and construct an argument regarding the continuing impact of the Supreme Court today. Civic and political institutions address social and political problems at the local, state, tribal, national, and/or international level. Social and political systems throughout time have promoted and denied civic virtues and democratic principles.
SOC.6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.b	Use case studies and evidence to evaluate the effectiveness of the checks and balances system in preventing one branch of national government from usurping too much power during contemporary times.
SOC.6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.c	Analyze how the Supreme Court has interpreted the Constitution to define and expand individual rights and use evidence to document the long-term impact of these decisions on the protection of civil and human rights.

Interdisciplinary Connections

LA.RL.11-12.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)
LA.RL.11-12.5	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.
LA.RL.11-12.6	Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).
LA.RI.11-12.7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
LA.RI.11-12.8	Describe and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. and global texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).
LA.W.11-12.1	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
LA.W.11-12.1.A	Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
LA.W.11-12.1.B	Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
LA.W.11-12.1.C	Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons

and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

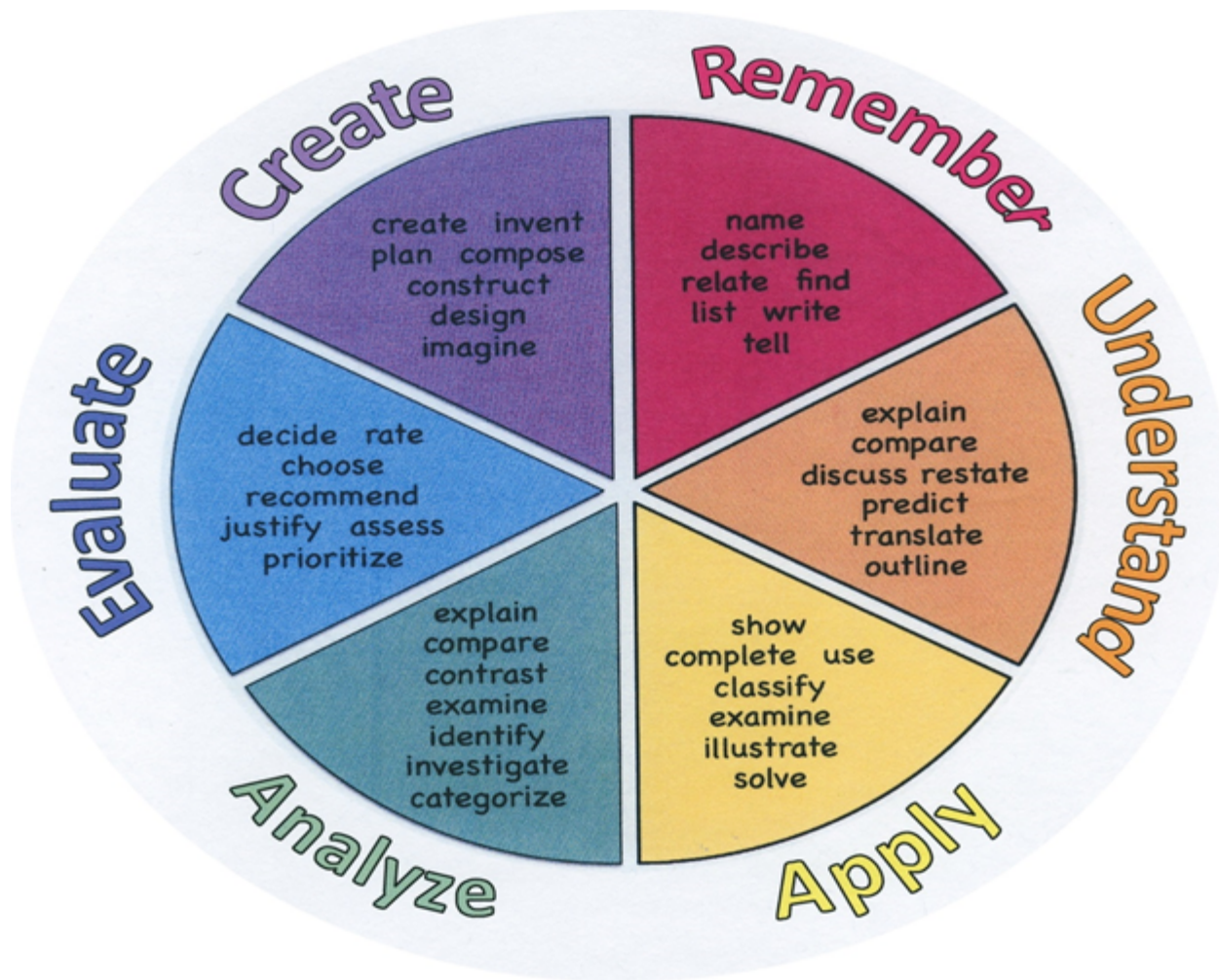
- LA.W.11-12.1.D Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- LA.W.11-12.1.E Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
- LA.W.11-12.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- LA.W.11-12.2.A Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- LA.W.11-12.2.D Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
- LA.W.11-12.2.F Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
- LA.W.11-12.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
- LA.W.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
- LA.W.11-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- LA.W.11-12.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.
- LA.W.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- LA.W.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. (MLA or APA Style Manuals).
- LA.W.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- LA.SL.11-12.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
- LA.SL.11-12.1.A Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.
- LA.SL.11-12.1.B Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.

Learning Objectives

- Define “law” and explain its role in our society.
- Describe the function of the rule of law in our society.
- Compare and contrast sources of law in the United States.
- Explain how statutory law, case law, constitutional law, and administrative law is created.
- Distinguish between civil and criminal cases.
- Distinguish between substantive and procedural laws.

Action Verbs: Below are examples of action verbs associated with each level of the Revised Bloom's Taxonomy.

Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Choose	Classify	Choose	Categorize	Appraise	Combine
Describe	Defend	Dramatize	Classify	Judge	Compose
Define	Demonstrate	Explain	Compare	Criticize	Construct
Label	Distinguish	Generalize	Differentiate	Defend	Design
List	Explain	Judge	Distinguish	Compare	Develop
Locate	Express	Organize	Identify	Assess	Formulate
Match	Extend	Paint	Infer	Conclude	Hypothesize
Memorize	Give Examples	Prepare	Point out	Contrast	Invent
Name	Illustrate	Produce	Select	Critique	Make
Omit	Indicate	Select	Subdivide	Determine	Originate
Recite	Interrelate	Show	Survey	Grade	Organize
Select	Interpret	Sketch	Arrange	Justify	Plan
State	Infer	Solve	Breakdown	Measure	Produce
Count	Match	Use	Combine	Rank	Role Play
Draw	Paraphrase	Add	Detect	Rate	Drive
Outline	Represent	Calculate	Diagram	Support	Devise
Point	Restate	Change	Discriminate	Test	Generate
Quote	Rewrite	Classify	Illustrate		Integrate
Recall	Select	Complete	Outline		Prescribe
Recognize	Show	Compute	Point out		Propose
Repeat	Summarize	Discover	Separate		Reconstruct
Reproduce	Tell	Divide			Revise
	Translate	Examine			Rewrite
	Associate	Graph			Transform
	Compute	Interpolate			
	Convert	Manipulate			
	Discuss	Modify			
	Estimate	Operate			
	Extrapolate	Subtract			
	Generalize				
	Predict				



Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- Use of the e-learning platform using web based services for classroom management and lesson delivery
- Reading and outlining text and other e-material
- Using outline templates and PowerPoint presentations to reinforce student outlines
- Teacher oriented class discussion
- Reaction Papers addressing legal topics and current event issues
- Answering Discussion Questions and Unit/Lesson assessment questions
- Legal Vocabulary Review
- Unit specific Case Study exercises
- Analyze and discuss legislation, policy making, case law, and current event issues addressing;
 - The effects of global warming on the environment
 - The political, economic, and social contributions of persons with disabilities and lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender people
 - The Holocaust and genocides and the personal responsibility that each citizen bears to fight racism and hatred whenever and wherever it happens

- The contributions of African-Americans to our country

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

- Students will create outlines that will be reviewed and revised based on PowerPoint Presentation and class discussions-Alternate assessment
 - Checklists and the E-learning platform will be used to review student work for comprehension and understanding
 - Unit test-Summative Assessment
 - Evaluation rubrics for writing, oral presentations-Formative Assessment
 - Engage in Mock Trial debate of current event legal issues-Benchmark Assessment
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- Admit Tickets
 - Common Benchmarks
 - Compare & Contrast
 - Create a Multimedia Poster
 - Define
 - Describe
 - Evaluate
 - Evaluation rubrics
 - Exit Tickets
 - Explaining
 - Illustration
 - Journals
 - Learning Center Activities
 - Multimedia Reports
 - Newspaper Headline
 - Outline
 - Question Stems
 - Quickwrite
 - Quizzes
 - Self- assessments
 - Socratic Seminar
 - Study Guide
 - Surveys
 - Teacher Observation Checklist
 - Think, Pair, Share
 - Think, Write, Pair, Share
 - Unit review/Test prep
 - Unit tests

- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

Primary Resources & Materials

- Textbook: Mock Trials: Preparing, Presenting, and Winning Your Case
- Access to Legal periodicals such as NJSBF Legal Eagle and database resources such as Newsela, Mackin Educational Resources
- Internet access for legal research on current event issues
- Presentation tools such as a Smart T.V.
- E-Learning Platform (Student Information Systems i.e. Power School/Schoology)

Ancillary Resources

- BHS Courtroom
- BHS Law Library
- Video equipment for recording courtroom trials and activities

Technology Infusion

- Access to a cloud-based Student Information System (i.e. PowerSchool) and learning management system (i.e. Schoology)
- Presentation tools to aid in lesson delivery (i.e. Smart T.V.)
- Chromebooks for student use
- Video/Audio equipment for recording and reviewing courtroom presentations

Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

LA.WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
LA.WHST.11-12.9	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
LA.WHST.11-12.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
WRK.9.2.12.CAP.2	Develop college and career readiness skills by participating in opportunities such as structured learning experiences, apprenticeships, and dual enrollment programs.
WRK.9.2.12.CAP.3	Investigate how continuing education contributes to one's career and personal growth.
TECH.9.4.12.CT.2	Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a).

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
 - Communication and Collaboration
 - Information Literacy
 - Media Literacy
 - Life and Career Skills
 - Creativity and Innovation
-
- Communication and Collaboration
 - Creativity and Innovation
 - Critical thinking and Problem Solving
 - ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
 - Information Literacy

- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

21st Century Skills

- Global Awareness
 - Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
 - Civic Literacy
 - Environmental Literacy
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- Civic Literacy
 - Environmental Literacy
 - Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
 - Global Awareness

Differentiation

- Students will be given additional time for completion of assignments or assessments
- Cooperative grouping to enhance and elevate student productivity during legal research projects such as mock trial hearings
- Use of visual and auditory presentations to introduce and support lesson delivery
- Use of web based resources and databases that provide structured reading levels and read aloud options

Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe

- Small group setting

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

- Students will work in cooperative groups to prepare Unit outline
- Students will use Unit outline to complete Unit assignments and assessments
- Students will work cooperatively to resolve legal disputes using Legal Reasoning problem solving skills

- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
 - Additional time for skill mastery
 - Preview of content
 - Behavior management plan
 - Student working with assigned partner
 - Modified test length
 - Modified assignment format
 - Assistive technology
 - Check work frequently for understanding
-
- printed copy of board work/notes provided
 - additional time for skill mastery
 - assistive technology
 - behavior management plan
 - Center-Based Instruction
 - check work frequently for understanding
 - computer or electronic device utilizes
 - extended time on tests/ quizzes
 - have student repeat directions to check for understanding
 - highlighted text visual presentation
 - modified assignment format
 - modified test content
 - modified test format
 - modified test length
 - multi-sensory presentation
 - multiple test sessions
 - preferential seating
 - preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
 - Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
 - reduced/shortened reading assignments
 - Reduced/shortened written assignments
 - secure attention before giving instruction/directions
 - shortened assignments
 - student working with an assigned partner
 - teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
 - Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

English Language Learning (ELL)

- Students will work with a peer tutor on Unit assignments and assessments
- Assignments will be modified to enable students to focus on selected objectives such as legal vocabulary by providing a glossary
- Providing study guides

- Using word processing, spell check and grammar check features
 - Modifying tests and assignments
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- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
 - using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
 - allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
 - allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
 - allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
 - decreasing the amount of work presented or required
 - having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
 - modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
 - providing study guides
 - reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
 - reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
 - tutoring by peers
 - using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
 - using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

At Risk

- Students will be provided with Unit PowerPoint study guide
 - Students will be allowed to use study guide/outline on Unit assessments
 - Modifying tests and assignments
-
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
 - teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
 - allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
 - allowing students to select from given choices
 - allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
 - collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
 - decreasing the amount of work presented or required
 - having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
 - marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
 - modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
 - providing study guides
 - reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
 - reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
 - tutoring by peers

- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

- Students will use Legal Reasoning problem solving skills to resolve legal disputes
 - Demonstrate self-directed learning, thinking, research, and communication skills
 - Look for extension ideas that challenge the student to delve deeper into the subject
 - Students will identify current legal issues and debate both in favor of and opposed to the issue.
 - Students will lead threaded discussions on various legal topics
 - Students will work in groups to represent each side of legal dispute and present arguments to student jurors
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- Above grade level placement option for qualified students
 - Advanced problem-solving
 - Allow students to work at a faster pace
 - Cluster grouping
 - Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
 - Create a blog or social media page about their unit
 - Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
 - Debate issues with research to support arguments
 - Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
 - Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
 - Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
 - Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
 - Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
 - Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson

Unit Name:

Finding and Analyzing the Law

NJSLS:

See Standards Linked Below

Interdisciplinary Connection:

Critical Thinking

Problem Solving

Reading- Informative text/vocabulary

Writing-analysis/evaluation

Statement of Objective:

SWDAT compare and contrast sources of law in the United States by reading and outlining Ch. 3-2. Students will complete the outline with 90% accuracy.

Anticipatory Set/Do Now:

Read *The Case of the Pregnant Waitress*

Learning Activity:

T/O class discussion; PPT/Outline; Answer Case Study Questions.

Student Assessment/CFU's:

Students will create outlines that will be reviewed and revised based on PowerPoint Presentation and class discussions-Alternate assessment

Checklists and the E-learning platform will be used to review student work for comprehension and understanding

Unit test-Summative Assessment

Evaluation rubrics for writing, oral presentations-Formative Assessment

Engage in Mock Trial debate of current event legal issues-Benchmark Assessment

Materials:

Text-Mock Trials: Preparing, Presenting, and Winning Your Case

Mock Trial materials

Computer/Internet

PowerPoint

21st Century Themes and Skills:

Global Awareness

Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy

Civic Literacy

Environmental Literacy

Differentiation:

Students will be given additional time for completion of assignments or assessments

Cooperative grouping to enhance and elevate student productivity during legal research projects such as mock trial hearings

Use of visual and auditory presentations to introduce and support lesson delivery

Use of web based resources and databases that provide structured reading levels and read aloud options

Integration of Technology:

Access to a cloud-based Student Information System (i.e. PowerSchool) and learning management system (i.e. Schoology)

Presentation tools to aid in lesson delivery (i.e. Smart T.V.)

Chromebooks for student use

Video/Audio equipment for recording and reviewing courtroom presentations

Civic participation and deliberation are essential characteristics of individuals who support democracy and its principles.

SOC.6.1.12.CivicsPD.1.a

Use multiple sources to analyze the factors that led to an increase in the political rights and participation in government.

SOC.6.1.12.CivicsPI.2.a

Prepare and articulate a point of view about the importance of individual rights, separation of powers, and governmental structure in New Jersey's 1776 constitution and the United States Constitution.

Civic deliberation requires civic dispositions, attentiveness to multiple perspectives, and understanding diverse perspectives.

LA.WHST.11-12.4

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

LA.WHST.11-12.5

Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.