

***Unit 4 - CRITIQUE Copied from: Intro to Art, Copied on: 12/15/21**

Content Area: **Art**
Course(s): **Intro to Art**
Time Period: **September**
Length: **20 Days - Grades 9,10**
Status: **Published**

Title Section

Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Introduction to Art - Grades 9,10,11

CRITIQUE

Belleville Board of Education

102 Passaic Avenue

Belleville, NJ 07109

Prepared by: Teacher - Joanne de Florio

Dr. Richard Tomko, Ph.D., M.J., Superintendent of Schools

Ms. LucyAnn Demikoff, Director of Curriculum and Instruction K-12

Ms. Nicole Shanklin, Director of Elementary Education K-8, ESL Coordinator K-12

Mr. George Droste, Director of Secondary Education

Board Approved: September 23, 2019

Unit Overview

Unit 4 – Critique

1. External and self-critique improves and clarifies our processes and products.
2. Foster artistic appreciation and critical analysis.
3. Appreciate the importance of visual art.
4. Develop student's ability to describe, analyze, interpret, and evaluate their own, and other works of art.
5. Welcome students into the global art world as active participants, engaging with its forms and content as they research, discuss, read, and write about art, artists, art making, and responses to and interpretations of art.
6. Explore global art with the development of deep conceptual understandings and art historical skills.
7. Allow students to discover the diversity in and connections among forms of artistic expression throughout history and from around the globe.

Enduring Understanding

Enduring understandings:

1. Aesthetic ideals change over time and across cultures.
2. Aesthetic knowledge fosters artistic appreciation and critical analysis.
3. The clarity of a work of art and its ability to communicate can be affected by the manner in which it is shown.
4. The critique requires a set of guidelines and operates within established criteria.

Essential Questions

Essential Questions:

1. How does one come to appreciate the importance of visual art?
2. How does one develop one's own aesthetic?
3. How does the artist's choice of materials affect a work of art?
4. How do we read and understand a work of art?
5. How does the presentation of an artwork affect its significance and meaning?
6. What criteria must be present for a critique to take place?

Exit Skills

By the end of Unit 4:

1. All students will demonstrate an understanding of critique by:
 - Knowledge of aesthetics.

- Understanding artistic appreciation.
- Constructive criticism of the works of art of peers and predecessors.

2. All students will understand that

- External and self-critique improves and clarifies our processes and products.
- Interpretations of art are variable.

3. All students will recognize the unique qualities of art.

- Critique
- Techniques and methods
- Effects
- Characteristics

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSL)

VPA.1.4.12.B.1	Formulate criteria for arts evaluation using the principles of positive critique and observation of the elements of art and principles of design, and use the criteria to evaluate works of dance, music, theatre, visual, and multimedia artwork from diverse cultural contexts and historical eras.
VPA.1.4.12.B.2	Evaluate how an artist's technical proficiency may affect the creation or presentation of a work of art, as well as how the context in which a work is performed or shown may impact perceptions of its significance/meaning.
VPA.1.4.12.B.3	Determine the role of art and art-making in a global society by analyzing the influence of technology on the visual, performing, and multimedia arts for consumers, creators, and performers around the world.
VPA.1.4.12.B.CS1	Archetypal subject matter exists in all cultures and is embodied in the formal and informal aspects of art.
VPA.1.4.12.B.CS2	The cohesiveness of a work of art and its ability to communicate a theme or narrative can be directly affected by the artist's technical proficiency as well as by the manner and physical context in which it is performed or shown.
VPA.1.4.12.B.CS3	Art and art-making reflect and affect the role of technology in a global society.

Interdisciplinary Connections

World History:

Global studies.

21st Century Life Skills:

Creative, critical thinking, collaborative problems solving.

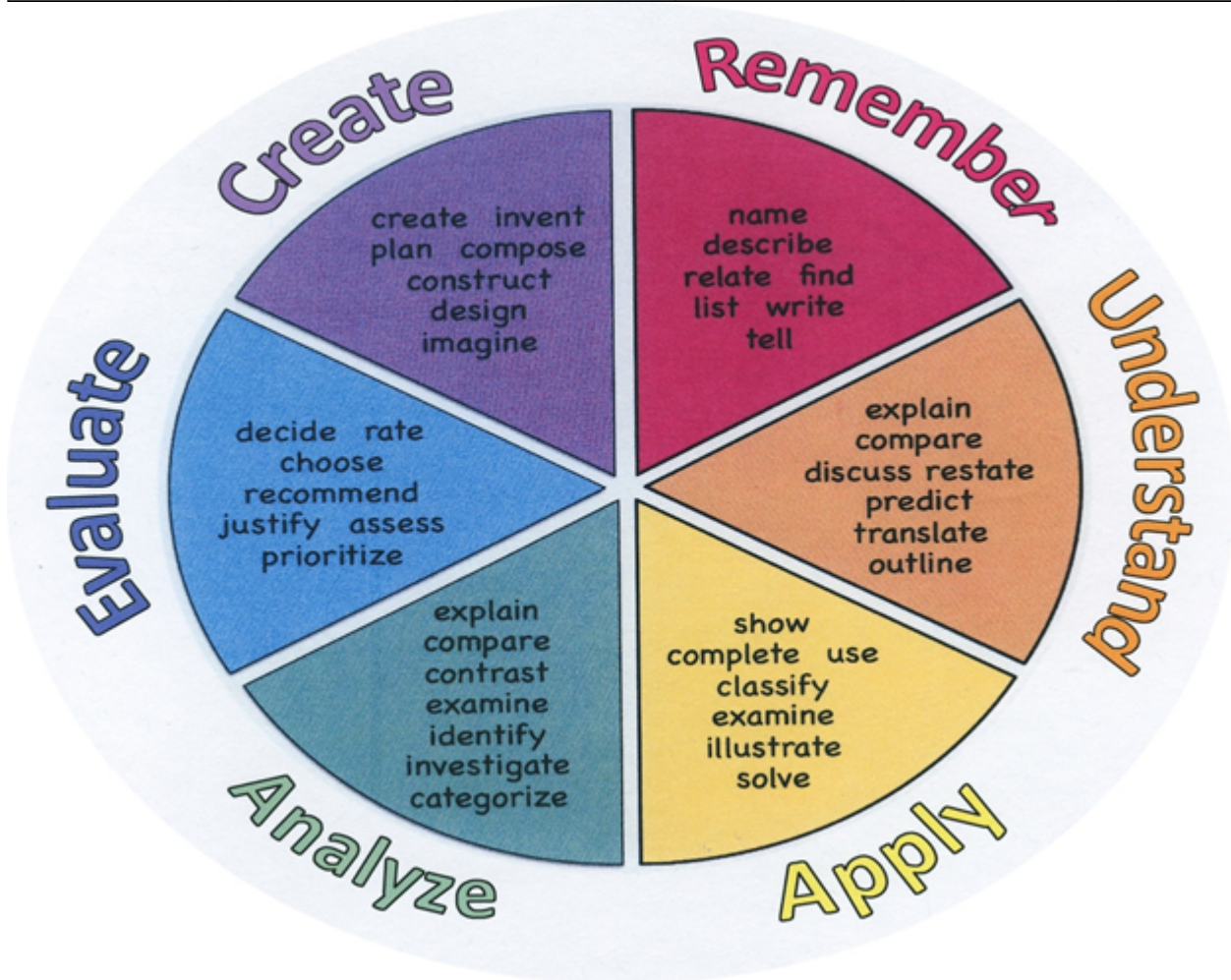
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.R1	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.R2	Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.R3	Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.R4	Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.R5	Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.R6	Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.
LA.K-12.NJSLSA.R7	Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Learning Objectives

1. Clarify, judge, identify, and assess their own and other works of art.
2. Produce and categorize imagery for its communicative nature.
3. Demonstrate personal feelings through visual imagery.
4. Combine the effect of visual elements on everyday decision making and personal taste.
5. Choose proper vocabulary verbally and in written form.

Remember	Understand	Apply	Analyze	Evaluate	Create
Choose	Classify	Choose	Categorize	Appraise	Combine
Describe	Defend	Dramatize	Classify	Judge	Compose
Define	Demonstrate	Explain	Compare	Criticize	Construct
Label	Distinguish	Generalize	Differentiate	Defend	Design
List	Explain	Judge	Distinguish	Compare	Develop

Locate	Express	Organize	Identify	Assess	Formulate
Match	Extend	Paint	Infer	Conclude	Hypothesize
Memorize	Give Examples	Prepare	Point out	Contrast	Invent
Name	Illustrate	Produce	Select	Critique	Make
Omit	Indicate	Select	Subdivide	Determine	Originate
Recite	Interrelate	Show	Survey	Grade	Organize
Select	Interpret	Sketch	Arrange	Justify	Plan
State	Infer	Solve	Breakdown	Measure	Produce
Count	Match	Use	Combine	Rank	Role Play
Draw	Paraphrase	Add	Detect	Rate	Drive
Outline	Represent	Calculate	Diagram	Support	Devise
Point	Restate	Change	Discriminate	Test	Generate
Quote	Rewrite	Classify	Illustrate		Integrate
Recall	Select	Complete	Outline		Prescribe
Recognize	Show	Compute	Point out		Propose
Repeat	Summarize	Discover	Separate		Reconstruct
Reproduce	Tell	Divide			Revise
	Translate	Examine			Rewrite
	Associate	Graph			Transform
	Compute	Interpolate			
	Convert	Manipulate			
	Discuss	Modify			
	Estimate	Operate			
	Extrapolate	Subtract			
	Generalize				
	Predict				



Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- Demonstrate the clarity of a work of art and its ability to communicate.
- Recognize that art is present in our daily surroundings.
- Recognize that art helps to bridge the gaps in such areas of learning as Math, History, Science, Technology.
- Understand how Art History reading enhances historical facts.
- Daily observation of individual student learning.

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

- Admit Tickets - formative assessment
 - Exit Tickets - formative assessment
 - Evaluation rubrics - formative assessment
 - Journals - alternative assessment
 - Explaining - formative assessment
 - Evaluate - formative assessment
 - Define - alternative assessment
 - Describe - formative assessment
 - Study Guide - formative assessment
 - Teacher Daily Observations - formative assessment
 - Review Questions - summative assessment
 - Vocabulary - formative assessment
 - Summary Questions - formative assessment
 - Quizzes/Tests - summative assessment
 - Cooperative structured learning activities
 - Do-Now activities - formative assessment
 - Portfolio Review - summative assessment
-
- Admit Tickets
 - Anticipation Guide
 - Common Benchmarks

- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- DBQ's
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Multimedia Reports
- Newspaper Headline
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Red Light, Green Light
- Self- assessments
- Socratic Seminar
- Study Guide
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit review/Test prep
- Unit tests
- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

Primary Resources & Materials

- The Critique Habdbook, The Art Student's Sourcebook and Survival Guide, Kendall Buster and Paula Crawford
- The Business of Being an Artist, Daniel Grant
- *On Becoming an Artist*, Ellen Langer
- *Art Fundamental Theory and Practice*, Ocvirk, Bone, Stinson, Wigg

- *The Complete Book of Drawing*, Barrington Barber
- *Color, A Complete Guide for Artists*, Ralph Fabri
- *Art From Intuition*, Dean Nimmer
- *Artists Journals and Sketchbooks*, Lynn Perrella

Ancillary Resources

- The Getty Institute, getty.edu
- The Metropolitan Museum of Art - Heilbrunn Timeline of Art History
- WebArt, webart.com
- Internet, Virtual Museum Tours
- *Anatomy for the Artist*, Tom Flint & Peter Stanyer
- *The Encyclopedia of Drawing Techniques*, Hazel Harrison
- *The Natural Way to Draw*, Kimon Nicolaides
- *The Human Figure in Motion*, Eadweard Muybridge
- *Art Across Time*, Laurie Schneider Adams
- *Art History*, Marilyn Stockstad's

Technology Infusion

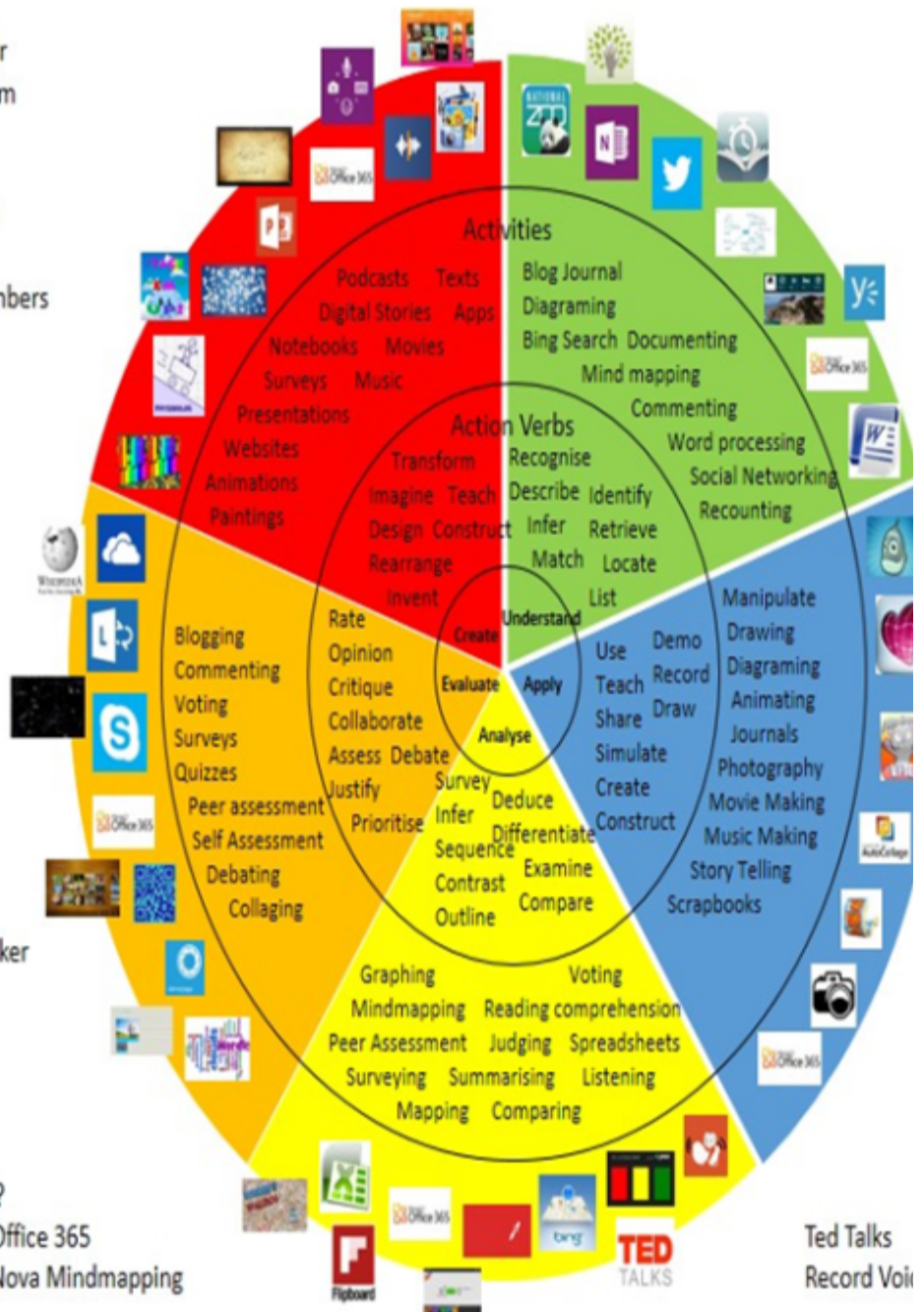
- Khan Academy
- Artsonia
- Google Institute
- Wikipedia
- Artweb
- Getty Institute of Discipline Based Art Education
- Sketchbook Express

Win 8.1 Apps/Tools Pedagogy Wheel

Podcasts
 Photostory 3
 Kid Story Builder
 Music Maker Jam
 Paint A Story
 Office 365
 MS PowerPoint
 Stack 'Em Up
 NqSquared Numbers
 Physamajig
 Xylophone 8

Wikipedia
 Skydrive
 Lync
 SkyMap
 Skype
 Office 365
 Puzzle Touch
 Easy QR
 Memorylage
 Life Moments
 Word Cloud Maker

Where's Waldo?
 MS Excel
 Flipboard
 Office 365
 Nova Mindmapping



Ted Talks
 Record Voi

Originally taken from <http://www.coetail.com/vzimmer/files/2013/02/iPadagogy-Wheel.001.jpg>
 And adapted for Windows 8.1 devices by Charlotte Beckhurst @CharBeckhurst

Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

- Creativity and innovation
- Critical thinking and problem solving
- Communication, and collaboration are encouraged, taught, and assessed
- Metropolitan Museum of Art Resources for Educators Lesson Plans
- Louvre Virtual Tours
- Khan Academy
- Google.com-cultural institute art collection
- Artsonia - World's Largest Student Art Museum.

CRP.K-12.CRP1	Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
CRP.K-12.CRP1.1	Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.
CRP.K-12.CRP2	Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
CRP.K-12.CRP2.1	Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.
CRP.K-12.CRP4	Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
CRP.K-12.CRP6	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
CRP.K-12.CRP6.1	Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.
CRP.K-12.CRP10.1	Career-ready individuals take personal ownership of their own education and career goals, and they regularly act on a plan to attain these goals. They understand their own career interests, preferences, goals, and requirements. They have perspective regarding the pathways available to them and the time, effort, experience and other requirements to pursue each, including a path of entrepreneurship. They recognize the value of each step in the education and experiential process, and they recognize that nearly all career paths require ongoing education and experience. They seek counselors, mentors, and other experts to assist in the planning and execution of career and personal goals.
CRP.K-12.CRP11	Use technology to enhance productivity.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.2	Modify Personalized Student Learning Plans to support declared career goals.
TECH.8.1.12.A	Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of

	technology concepts, systems and operations.
TECH.8.1.12.A.1	Create a personal digital portfolio which reflects personal and academic interests, achievements, and career aspirations by using a variety of digital tools and resources.
TECH.8.1.12.A.3	Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue.
TECH.8.1.12.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems.
TECH.8.1.12.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Global awareness
- Environmental literacy
- Civic literacy
- Communication and Collaboration
- Information Literacy
- Media Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

21st Century Skills

- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
- Communication and Collaboration
- Information Literacy
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Life and Career Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

Differentiation

- Students will have the same subject matter but will have different outcomes.
- Progress will be the same but the product will be different.
- Guided instruction, direct instruction, group instruction.
- Assist students with IEP & 504 guidelines.
- Study guides, group and peer instruction, extended time/ test time, oral testing
- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions

- Alternative formative and summative assessment
- Leveled rubrics
- Project-based learning

- Exploration by interest
- Open-ended activities

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

- additional time for skill mastery
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- behavior management plan
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- assistive technology
- check work frequently for understanding
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- multi-sensory presentation
- preferential seating
- Reduced/shortened written assignments

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- peer tutoring
- testing with counselor

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multi-sensory presentation
- multiple test sessions
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

English Language Learning (ELL)

- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- providing study guides
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments

- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
 - provide an interpreter
 - translate study guides
-
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
 - using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
 - allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
 - allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
 - allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
 - decreasing the amount of work presented or required
 - having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
 - modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
 - providing study guides
 - reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
 - reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
 - tutoring by peers
 - using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
 - using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

At Risk

- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
 - using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
 - tutoring by peers
 - having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
 - providing study guides
 - allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
 - marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
 - reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
 - allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
 - modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
 - allowing the use of note cards or open-book during tests
 - communication lesson with counselor, parent/guardians
 - after school vocabulary tutoring
 - extra one-on-one class time relating to proper critique techniques
-
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
 - teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
 - allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards,

charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning

- allowing students to select from given choices
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

- Create a blog or social media page about their unit
 - Debate issues with research to support arguments
 - Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
 - Advanced problem-solving
 - Above grade level placement option for qualified students
 - Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
 - Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
 - Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
 - Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
 - Allow students to work at a faster pace
 - Communicating with parent/guardian regarding after school classes
 - Communicating with parent/guardian regarding college opportunities
 - Offering after school art experiences
-
- Above grade level placement option for qualified students
 - Advanced problem-solving
 - Allow students to work at a faster pace
 - Cluster grouping
 - Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
 - Create a blog or social media page about their unit
 - Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
 - Debate issues with research to support arguments

- Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson

UNIT: Critique Still Life Paintings of Reflective Glass Using Acrylic Paint

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTION: Northern European History of the 17th Century, Mathematical Ratios and Proportions.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTIVE: SWDAT increase knowledge of vocabulary regarding glazing, stumpling, and sgraffito using acrylic paint, application of shades and highlights to create the illusion of dimension; critique paintings for their formal qualities.

ANTICIPATORY SET/DO NOW: Formulate, hypothcize, and plan an exercise using different acrylic paint techniques and useful constructive criticism to deconstruct the quality of individual work.

LEARNING ATIVITY: Clarify, describe, and discuss how to use critique methods helpful towards the goal.

STUDENT ASSESSMENT/CFU's: Linked below

MATERIALS: Canvas board, pencils, acrylic paint, brushes, internet reference, YouTube, reference books.

21st CENTURY THEMES & SKILLS: Critical thinking, communicating.

DIFFERENTIATION: Students will have the same subject matter but will have different outcomes. (Progress will be the same but the product will be different). Guided instruction, direct instruction, group instruction. Assist students with IEP & 504 guidelines. Study guides, group and peer instruction, extended time/ test time, oral testing

INTEGRATION OF TECHNOLOGY: YouTube demos, Virtual museum tours.