

Unit 6 - Financing the Health Care System

Content Area: **Science**
Course(s): **Medical Academy Field Experience**
Time Period: **January**
Length: **3 weeks , Grade 12**
Status: **Published**

Title Section

Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Medical Academy Field Experience, 12th Grade

Financing the Health Care System

Belleville Board of Education

102 Passaic Avenue

Belleville, NJ 07109

Prepared by: Teacher of Biological Sciences, Paul Aiello

Dr. Richard Tomko, Ph.D., M.J., Superintendent of Schools

Ms. LucyAnn Demikoff, Director of Curriculum and Instruction K-12

Ms. Nicole Shanklin, Director of Elementary Education

Mr. Joseph Lepo, Director of Secondary Education

Board Approved:

Unit Overview

Financing health care is a tension among the ethics and values we place on human life, the asymmetries of information, and uncertainty about care wrapped in nonmarketable risks. The implication is that the health care market would collapse if entirely governed by market forces, even though the health care sector exists within a general market economy. At some level, health care competes for resources (e.g., workers, supporting goods and services) against the production of food, the construction of homes, the creation of movies, and the seemingly infinite number of other goods and services that a nation of 300+ million people and associated businesses consume. At some level, providing resources for an additional surgeon to perform cardiac surgeries means that fewer houses can be constructed or that the quality or quantity of food produced will be diminished. Within the health care sector itself, trade-offs are also made: Money spent on an MRI machine is money not spent on additional doctors; money spent on research is money not spent on providing care; and money spent researching one disease is money not spent on another.

Enduring Understanding

Enduring understandings:

This chapter describes the basics of health care financing in the United States today:

How much money is spent on health care

What the money is spent on

How the money is paid to health care providers

Where the money comes from

Essential Questions

Essential Questions:

1. Define National Health Expenditures (NHE), Health Consumption Expenditures (HCE), and Personal HealthCare Expenditures (PHC), and describe a question or situation when each would be used.
2. What are the key government programs that finance health care in the United States and what persons do they cover?
3. What percentage of HCE is paid by government programs? How has government spending on health care changed since 1960?
4. What are the nongovernmental sources of health care financing?
5. What percentage of HCE is paid by nongovernmental sources? How has nongovernmental spending on

health care changed since 1960?

6. Explain the categories on which health care dollars are spent and what percentage is spent on each.

7. Describe the six payment modes that are used to buy and sell health services.

Exit Skills

By the end of this unit, students will understand:

The United States spends more on health care than any other country in the world, both on a gross basis and on a per capita basis.

The United States has a uniquely complex financing and payment system (as demonstrated by the information in this chapter). As some have assessed, we creakily crank dollars through the system, which requires an enormous amount of eligibility determination, benefit checking, coinsurance/deductible calculation, billing and collection effort, preutilization authorization, utilization review, and so on.

Mountains of paperwork are created, astronomical voice and fax/telephone costs are incurred, and untold amounts of computer time and space are used. Huge numbers of staff are required to carry out these activities.

In addition to the high cost of administration, the U.S. health care system still leaves many people without health insurance despite the passage of the ACA.

This lack of health insurance has many negative consequences, ranging from personal anxiety and increased use of EDs (often meaning that care was deferred past the point where it might have been routine—and cheaper—to where it was complex and expensive, with the delay leading to avoidable complications), to growing personal bankruptcy rates

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSL-S)

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| HPE.2.1.12.C.1 | Determine diseases and health conditions that may occur during one’s lifespan and identify prevention and treatment strategies. |
| HPE.2.1.12.C.2 | Develop strategies that will impact local, state, national, and international public health efforts to prevent and control diseases and health conditions. |
| HPE.2.2.12.E.1 | Analyze a variety of health products and services based on cost, availability, accessibility, benefits, and accreditation. |
| HPE.2.2.12.E.2 | Determine the effect of accessibility and affordability of healthcare on family, community, and global health. |
| HPE.2.2.12.E.CS1 | Potential solutions to health issues are dependent on health literacy and available resources. |
| HPE.2.2.12.E.CS2 | Affordability and accessibility of healthcare impacts the prevention, early detection, and treatment of health problems. |
| 9-12.HS-LS2-7.ETS1.B.1 | When evaluating solutions it is important to take into account a range of constraints including cost, safety, reliability and aesthetics and to consider social, cultural and environmental impacts. |

Interdisciplinary Connections

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| LA.RST.11-12.1 | Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions. |
| LA.RST.11-12.2 | Determine the central ideas, themes, or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms. |
| LA.WHST.11-12.8 | Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. |

Learning Objectives

After completing this chapter, students will be able to:

Describe how U.S. health care expenditure as a percentage of gross domestic product (GDP) has changed since 1960.

Describe the differences between National Health Expenditures (NHE), Health Consumption Expenditures (HCE), and Personal Health Care Expenditures (PHCE).

Describe private health insurance and its contribution to paying the NHE and HCE.

Define “out-of-pocket expenditures” and describe the patient’s contribution to paying the NHE and HCE.

Discuss government spending on health care and how its percentage of the NHE has changed since 1960 for Medicare, Medicaid, the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), and other government-provided health care programs.

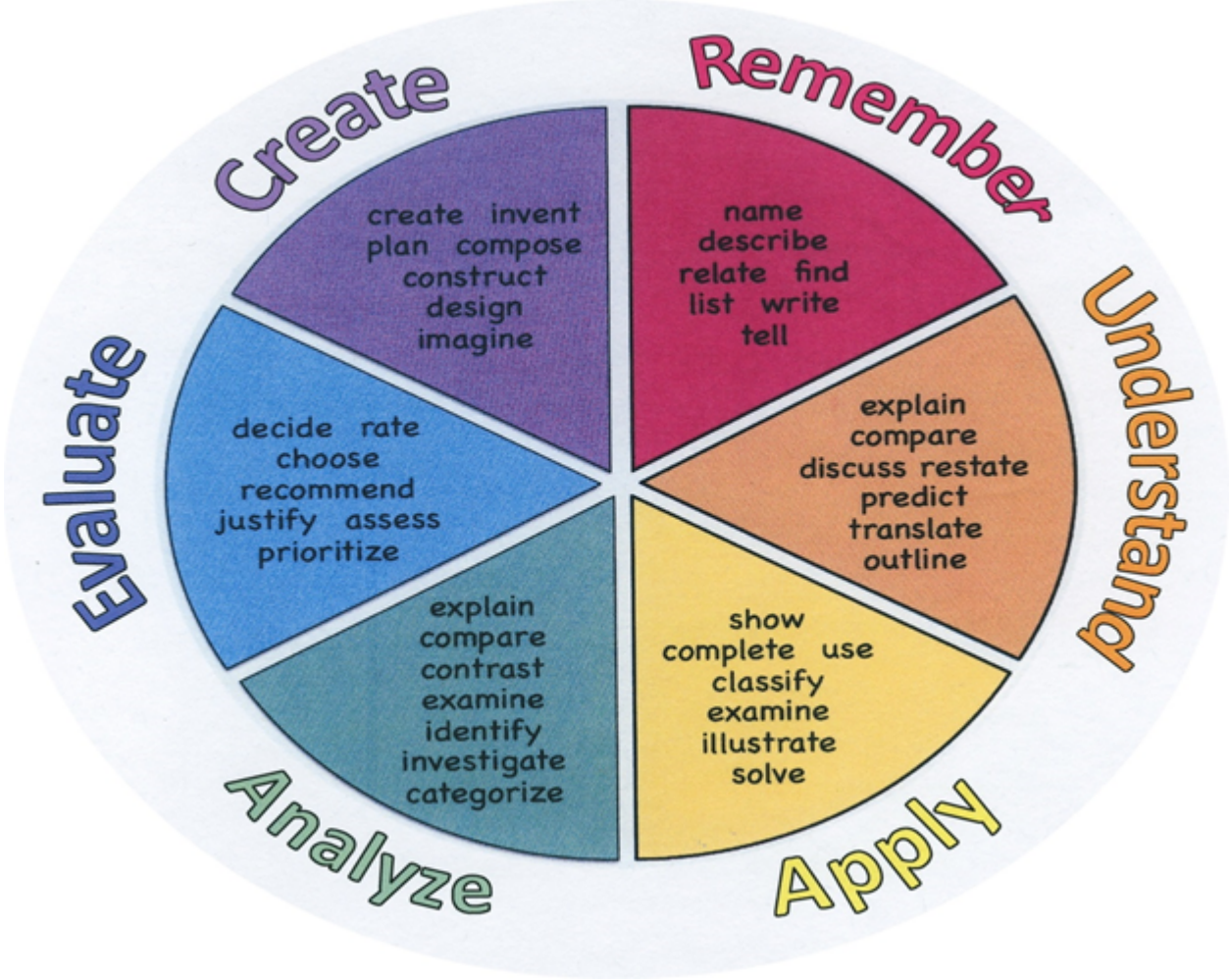
Explain the categories on which health care dollars are spent and what percentage is spent on each.

List and explain common modes of payment for health care services.

Discuss the need for third-party payers and their role in the health care system.

| Remember | Understand | Apply | Analyze | Evaluate | Create |
|-----------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| Choose | Classify | Choose | Categorize | Appraise | Combine |
| Describe | Defend | Dramatize | Classify | Judge | Compose |
| Define | Demonstrate | Explain | Compare | Criticize | Construct |
| Label | Distinguish | Generalize | Differentiate | Defend | Design |
| List | Explain | Judge | Distinguish | Compare | Develop |
| Locate | Express | Organize | Identify | Assess | Formulate |
| Match | Extend | Paint | Infer | Conclude | Hypothesize |
| Memorize | Give Examples | Prepare | Point out | Contrast | Invent |
| Name | Illustrate | Produce | Select | Critique | Make |
| Omit | Indicate | Select | Subdivide | Determine | Originate |
| Recite | Interrelate | Show | Survey | Grade | Organize |
| Select | Interpret | Sketch | Arrange | Justify | Plan |
| State | Infer | Solve | Breakdown | Measure | Produce |
| Count | Match | Use | Combine | Rank | Role Play |
| Draw | Paraphrase | Add | Detect | Rate | Drive |
| Outline | Represent | Calculate | Diagram | Support | Devise |
| Point | Restate | Change | Discriminate | Test | Generate |
| Quote | Rewrite | Classify | Illustrate | | Integrate |
| Recall | Select | Complete | Outline | | Prescribe |
| Recognize | Show | Compute | Point out | | Propose |
| Repeat | Summarize | Discover | Separate | | Reconstruct |
| Reproduce | Tell | Divide | | | Revise |
| | Translate | Examine | | | Rewrite |
| | Associate | Graph | | | Transform |
| | Compute | Interpolate | | | |
| | Convert | Manipulate | | | |
| | Discuss | Modify | | | |
| | Estimate | Operate | | | |

| | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| | Extrapolate Generalize Predict | Subtract | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|



Suggested Activities & Best Practices

Guidelines for Suggested Activities:

- Read Chapter 6
- Define vocab words
- Complete Study Questions 1-7
- Presentation on the nongovernmental sources of health care financing?
- Project on the six payment modes that are used to buy and sell health services.

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

Chapter Test (Summative)

Quizzes (Summative)

Multimedia Report (Formative)

Questions Set (Formative)

Class Discussion (Alternate)

Internships (Alternate)

Physician Observations (Alternate)

Journal (Formative)

Think Pair Share (formative)

McGraw Hill Practice -on-line (alternate)

- Admit Tickets
- Anticipation Guide
- Common Benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- DBQ's
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Exit Tickets
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration

- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Multimedia Reports
- Newspaper Headline
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Red Light, Green Light
- Self- assessments
- Socratic Seminar
- Study Guide
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit review/Test prep
- Unit tests
- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

Primary Resources & Materials

Jonas' Introduction to the U.S. Health Care System, 9th Edition

Springer Publishing Company CONNECT- ONLINE RESOURCES for textbook

Ancillary Resources

Anatomy Student's Review Workbook: Test and reinforce your anatomical knowledge by Ken Ashwell

Ph.D.

Hospital Administrators

Physicians-Intern Conversations

Technology Infusion

ONLINE TEXTBOOK

SPRINGER PUBLISHING CONNECT ONLINE RESOURCES

YOUTUBE

GOOGLE CLASSROOM PLATFORM TO SERVICE THE CLASS

Win 8.1 Apps/Tools Pedagogy Wheel

Podcasts
 Photostory 3
 Kid Story Builder
 Music Maker Jam
 Paint A Story
 Office 365
 MS PowerPoint
 Stack 'Em Up
 NqSquared Numbers
 Physamajig
 Xylophone 8

Wikipedia
 Skydrive
 Lync
 SkyMap
 Skype
 Office 365
 Puzzle Touch
 Easy QR
 Memorylage
 Life Moments
 Word Cloud Maker

Where's Waldo?
 MS Excel
 Flipboard
 Office 365
 Nova Mindmapping

Ted Talks
 Record Voice Pen



Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| CRP.K-12.CRP2.1 | Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation. |
| CRP.K-12.CRP10.1 | Career-ready individuals take personal ownership of their own education and career goals, and they regularly act on a plan to attain these goals. They understand their own career interests, preferences, goals, and requirements. They have perspective regarding the pathways available to them and the time, effort, experience and other requirements to pursue each, including a path of entrepreneurship. They recognize the value of each step in the education and experiential process, and they recognize that nearly all career paths require ongoing education and experience. They seek counselors, mentors, and other experts to assist in the planning and execution of career and personal goals. |
| CAEP.9.2.12.C.1 | Review career goals and determine steps necessary for attainment. |
| CAEP.9.2.12.C.2 | Modify Personalized Student Learning Plans to support declared career goals. |
| TECH.8.1.12 | Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge. |
| TECH.8.1.12.A.3 | Collaborate in online courses, learning communities, social networks or virtual worlds to discuss a resolution to a problem or issue. |
| TECH.8.1.12.C.CS1 | Interact, collaborate, and publish with peers, experts, or others by employing a variety of digital environments and media. |

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

Upon completion of this section, please remove all remaining descriptions, notes, outlines, examples and/or illustrations that are not needed or used.

Please list only the **21st Century/Interdisciplinary Themes** that will be incorporated into this unit.

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

21st Century Skills

Upon completion of this section, please remove all remaining descriptions, notes, outlines, examples and/or illustrations that are not needed or used.

Please list only the **21st Century Skills** that will be incorporated into this unit.

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

Differentiation

Small group instruction

Multi sensory approaches

leveled rubrics

flexible grouping

Extra time to complete assignments

Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives

- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills

- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

Sit student with partner to complete LEARNING OUTCOME questions throughout the chapters.

Increase visuals in classroom

Graphic organizers using illustrations

Context Cues

Check and Recheck for understanding by asking open ended questions

Have students repeat instructions

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes

- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multiple test sessions
- multi-sensory presentation
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

English Language Learning (ELL)

Google Translate allowed in room to read chapters

Sit student with bilingual partner of same language to complete LEARNING OUTCOME questions throughout the chapters.

Increase visuals in classroom

Graphic organizers using illustrations

Context Cues

Check and Recheck for understanding by asking open ended questions

Have students repeat instructions

Provide notes in native language when available

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

At Risk

Tutoring by Peers

Using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Use in - class box of study cards

rewatch videos on youtube for enhanced understanding

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- allowing students to select from given choices

- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project

Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities

- Above grade level placement option for qualified students
- Advanced problem-solving
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Cluster grouping
- Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
- Create a blog or social media page about their unit
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts

- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson

Unit Name: Introduction to the US Health Care System

NJSLS:

Interdisciplinary Connection: Health and Physical Education, social studies, mass communications

Statement of Objective: SWBAT work to create a collaborative video on the 5 determinants of health care creating a solid foundation on this topic

Anticipatory Set/Do Now: Research the 5 determinants of healthcare-Genetic Inheritance, Physical Environment, Social Environment, Health Behavior, Health Care as a determinant

Learning Activity: work to create a collaborative video on the 5 determinants of health care

Student Assessment/CFU's: Watch videos (final products) and ask questions; class discussion

Materials: Online video tools, text book, healthcare resources

21st Century Themes and Skills:

Differentiation/Modifications:

Integration of Technology: Google, online text,

| | |
|------------------|--|
| HPE.2.2.12.E.1 | Analyze a variety of health products and services based on cost, availability, accessibility, benefits, and accreditation. |
| HPE.2.2.12.E.2 | Determine the effect of accessibility and affordability of healthcare on family, community, and global health. |
| HPE.2.2.12.E.CS2 | Affordability and accessibility of healthcare impacts the prevention, early detection, and treatment of health problems. |