Revised August 2012



HONORS LAB 4d: Preparing a standard solution

<u>Aim</u> To accurately prepare 250. mL of an approximately 0.200 M sodium hydrogen carbonate solution

<u>Apparatus</u> Weighing boat, funnel, wash bottle, electronic balance, 250. mL volumetric flask, pipet, spatula.

Chemicals Distilled water, solid sodium hydrogen carbonate

Method

- 1. Calculate the exact mass of solid sodium hydrogen carbonate required to make 250. mL of a 0.200 M solution.
- 2. Place a weighing boat on the balance and record the mass.
- 3. Using a spatula, add approximately the mass of solid sodium hydrogen carbonate calculated in #1. Record the mass accurately. (It does not need to be exactly the same mass as calculated in #1. but it must be close, and it must be measured accurately).
- 4. Using great care, transfer the entire solid to the volumetric flask using wash bottle and the funnel.
- 5. Add approximately 100. mL of distilled water to the solid in the volumetric flask, replace the stopper and shake the flask gently to dissolve the solid.
- 6. When the entire solid has dissolved make up to the mark taking great care when approaching the mark. Near the mark add distilled water drop by drop using a pipet.
- 7. Calculate the exact concentration of the solution that you have prepared.

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Results

Mass of weighing boat + solid in g	
Mass of weighing boat in g	
Mass of solid in g	

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Conclusion/Calculation

Calculate the exact concentration of the sodium hydrogen carbonate solution you have prepared.

Notes

- (i) A standard solution is a solution that has an accurately known concentration.
- (ii) To ensure accuracy in preparation, great care must be taken at all stages, with careful, accurate weighing, careful transfer of solid and clean glassware.
- (iii) Solids that are to be used to make standard solutions must fulfil some criteria, i.e. they must be pure, dissolve in water easily, should not decompose and have a relatively high molar mass.