

Unit 1: Changes

Content Area: **ELL**
Course(s): **ELL Gr. 6**
Time Period: **SeptOct**
Length: **30 Days**
Status: **Published**

Unit 1: Changes

Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Sixth Grade English Language Learners (ELL)

Unit 1: Changes

Belleville Board of Education

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Board Approved: September 23, 2019

Unit Overview

"Wonders for English Learners offers instruction specifically designed to create learning experiences that inspire confidence, increase student engagement, and build language skills. Lessons emphasize building speaking, listening, reading, and writing skills to improve both academic and social language and accelerate progress in the core classroom. All instruction connects with core Wonders content, providing a seamless pathway for students to access content at their proficiency level, build understanding, and engage in the core classroom."

In Unit One, ELLs will examine how how can changes transform the way people look at the world. Topics covered in Unit One include perspectives, alliances, environments, dynamic earth, and using money.

Enduring Understandings

Week 1. Describe how new experiences offer new perspectives.

Week 2. Explain how and why people form alliances.

Week 3. Distinguish how animals live in different environments.

Week 4. Draw conclusions about how natural forces affect Earth.

Week 5. Describe factors that influence how people spend money.

Essential Questions

During Unit 1, students will explore different themes and scenarios that will guide them in formulating their own thoughtful responses to this unit's BIG IDEA: "How can changes transform the way people look at the world?" Below, see how the BIG IDEA is explored through weekly "Concepts" and "Essential Questions" which form the basis for exploration and discussion throughout the week.

Week 1:

Concept: Changes

Essential Question: How do new experiences offer new perspectives?

Week 2:

Concept: Changes

Essential Question: Why do people form alliances?

Week 3:

Concept: Changes

Essential Question: How do life forms vary in different environments?

Week 4:

Concept: Changes

Essential Questions: How do natural forces affect Earth?

Week 5:

Concept: Changes

Essential Question: What factors influence how people use money?

Exit Skills

By the end of this unit, ELLs will be able to:

- visualize
- identify changes made to the setting that affect the characters and shape events in the plot
- identify characteristics of the realistic fiction genre
- use context clues to identify the meaning of an unknown word
- write narrative text, an autobiographical sketch, and a personal narrative
- identify text features
- provide text evidence to support a response
- make text to self, text to text, and text to world connections
- compare texts with similar themes and genres
- compare two texts with the same themes
- analyze the author's point of view
- identify fragments and run-on sentences
- use proper punctuation and capitalization
- label the types of sentences
- identify and properly use subjects and predicates
- combine sentences appropriately
- write complex sentences
- use commas to separate run-on sentences

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| LA.L.6.1 | Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. |
| LA.L.6.2 | Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. |
| LA.L.6.3 | Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. |
| LA.L.6.4 | Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. |
| LA.L.6.5 | Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. |
| LA.L.6.6 | Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. |
| LA.W.6.1 | Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. |
| LA.W.6.2 | Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. |
| LA.W.6.3 | Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences. |
| LA.W.6.4 | Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) |
| LA.W.6.5 | With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. |
| LA.W.6.6 | Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting. |
| LA.W.6.7 | Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate. |
| LA.W.6.8 | Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources. |
| LA.W.6.9 | Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. |
| LA.W.6.10 | Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. |
| LA.RI.6.1 | Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. |
| LA.RI.6.2 | Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. |

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| LA.RI.6.3 | Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes). |
| LA.RI.6.4 | Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. |
| LA.RI.6.5 | Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas. |
| LA.RI.6.6 | Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text. |
| LA.RI.6.7 | Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue. |
| LA.RI.6.8 | Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not. |
| LA.RI.6.9 | Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person). |
| LA.RI.6.10 | By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed. |
| LA.RL.6.1 | Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. |
| LA.RL.6.2 | Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. |
| LA.RL.6.3 | Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution. |
| LA.RL.6.4 | Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone. |
| LA.RL.6.5 | Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot. |
| LA.RL.6.6 | Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text. |
| LA.RL.6.7 | Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch. |
| LA.RL.6.8 | (Not applicable to literature) |
| LA.RL.6.9 | Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics. |
| LA.RL.6.10 | By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed. |
| LA.SL.6.1 | Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. |
| LA.SL.6.2 | Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study. |
| LA.SL.6.3 | Deconstruct a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not. |
| LA.SL.6.4 | Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate speaking behaviors |

(e.g., eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation).

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| LA.SL.6.5 | Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information. |
| LA.SL.6.6 | Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. |

Interdisciplinary Connections

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| LA.RH.6-8.1 | Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. |
| LA.RH.6-8.7 | Integrate visual information (e.g., in charts, graphs, photographs, videos, or maps) with other information in print and digital texts. |
| LA.RH.6-8.8 | Distinguish among fact, opinion, and reasoned judgment in a text. |
| LA.RST.6-8.1 | Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts. |
| LA.RST.6-8.7 | Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table). |
| LA.WHST.6-8.1.C | Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. |
| LA.WHST.6-8.2.B | Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. |
| LA.WHST.6-8.7 | Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration. |
| LA.WHST.6-8.9 | Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. |

Learning Objectives

- Formulate questions and use information from the text to answer them and increase understanding.
- Create inferences from the key details in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.
- Compose written pieces routinely over an extended period of time for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
- Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
- Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.
- Compare the major differences between genres of text.
- Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions with diverse partners on grade 6 topics and

texts, building on other's ideas and expressing their own clearly. Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.

- Determine a theme of a story from details in the text, including how characters respond to challenges.
- Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text.
- Generate and use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description and pacing, to develop experiences or events or show the responses of characters to situations.
- Link ideas within and across topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information

Suggested Activities & Best Practices

Unit 1, Week 1

- Review Weekly Vocabulary - display the visual vocabulary cards consolation, glimmer, heinous, indispensable, perception, phobic, sarcastic, and threshold. Have partners discuss the words using the photos and sentences. Then have them make up sentences with the words. Have students play a game of charades with the Weekly Vocabulary Words and More Vocabulary words. Then have students write the words in their notebooks.
- Writing Prompt - describe an experience you have had when first visiting an unfamiliar place.

Unit 1, Week 2

- Review Weekly Vocabulary - display the Visual Vocabulary Cards adversity, alliance, confinement, inflicted, reminisce, retrieved, smuggle, spindly. Have partners discuss the words using the photos and sentences. Then have them make up sentences with the words.
- Writing Prompt - Which alliance do you think was better, Homer and Harold's alliance or Jonas and Sean's alliance? Use text evidence from two sources to support your answer.

Unit 1, Week 3

- Review Weekly Vocabulary - display the Visual Vocabulary Cards classification, compartment, engulfs, flanked, maneuvering, obscure, species, submerged. Have partners discuss the words using the photos and sentences. Then have them make up sentences with the words. In pairs, have students take turns drawing a picture to show a word. Their partner has to guess the word. Have students write the words in their notebooks.
- Writing Prompt - How are deep-sea explorers able to overcome the challenges of this extreme environment? Use text evidence from two sources to support your answer.

Unit 1, Week 4

- Review Weekly Vocabulary - display the Visual Vocabulary Cards cascaded, documentation, dynamic, exerts, plummeting, pulverize, scalding, shards. Have partners discuss the words using the photos and sentences. Then have them make up sentences with the words. Have students play a game in which they guess the meaning of the words on the Visual Vocabulary Cards. Then have students write the words in their notebooks.
- Writing Prompt - How does Donna O'Meara feel about the dangers of her job? Use text evidence from two sources to support your answer.

Unit 1, Week 5

- Review Weekly Vocabulary - display the Visual Vocabulary Cards available, basically, factors, fluctuate, formula, inventory, manufactured, salaries. Have partners discuss the words using the photos and sentences. Then have them make up sentences with the words.
- Writing Prompt - Should the government play a large role in running the economy? Use text evidence from two sources to support your answer.

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

Unit Assessment:

- Listening Comprehension
 - Reading Comprehension
 - Vocabulary
 - Grammar
 - Speaking
 - Writing
 - Option for Paper/Pencil and Digital Assessments
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- Admit Tickets
 - Anticipation Guide
 - Common Benchmarks
 - Compare & Contrast
 - Create a Multimedia Poster
 - DBQ's
 - Define
 - Describe
 - Evaluate
 - Evaluation rubrics
 - Exit Tickets
 - Explaining
 - Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
 - Illustration

- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Multimedia Reports
- Newspaper Headline
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Red Light, Green Light
- Self- assessments
- Socratic Seminar
- Study Guide
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit review/Test prep
- Unit tests
- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

Primary Resources & Materials

- Literature Anthology
- Reading/Writing Workshop
- ELD Visual Vocabulary Cards
- ELD Oral Language Cards
- Your Turn
- Interactive Read Alouds
- ELD Companion Worktexts (Beginning, Intermediate, Advanced)

Ancillary Resources

- Sound-Spelling Cards
- High-Frequency Cards
- Letter Cards
- Word Building Cards
- eBooks
- Differentiated Texts
- Leveled Readers
- Student Practice Worksheets

Technology Infusion

- <https://my.mheducation.com/login>
- Interactive Read Alouds
- Digital Visual Vocabulary Cards
- Laptops
- Smartboard
- Multimedia Library
- Listening Library
- Computer Based Assessments
- Weekly and Unit Video Clip Openers



Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;

- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

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| CRP.K-12.CRP4.1 | Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome. |
| CRP.K-12.CRP8.1 | Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others. |
| CRP.K-12.CRP11.1 | Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks. |
| CAEP.9.2.8.B.3 | Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career. |
| TECH.8.1.8 | Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge. |
| TECH.8.1.8.C | Communication and Collaboration: Students use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively, including at a distance, to support individual learning and contribute to the learning of others. |
| TECH.8.1.8.E | Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information. |
| TECH.8.1.8.F | Critical thinking, problem solving, and decision making: Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources. |

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation

- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

21st Century Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

Differentiation

- Leveled Readers
- Differentiated Text
- The process will be differentiated through supplying three tiers of questioning for basic, intermediate, and advanced learners
- Student Practice Worksheets

Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary

- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

- If children don't use descriptive words to talk about characters, plot or setting then review images from the story and have children describe what they see.
- If children use incorrect language when speaking about classroom work then provide different scenarios and model using the correct language for each.
- If children don't use academic language and lesson vocabulary in their writing then review academic language and lesson vocabulary in context.
- If children answer questions with one-word answers then repeat their answer using a complete sentence. Then have them try again.
- Special Education and Resource Room Teachers will have access to Wonder Works. This product has differentiated foundational skills practice, instructional support, and assessment. Additionally, phonological awareness, phonemic awareness, phonics, and structural analysis at students' individual levels are also covered with this supplemental program. It mirrors all of the skills and strategies of the Wonders reading series.

- printed copy of board work/notes provided
- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multiple test sessions
- multi-sensory presentation
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions

- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

English Language Learning (ELL)

- Have children write a few sentences in response to the following prompt. Tell children you will ask them questions about what they wrote.

Week 1. Think about how people's experiences can change their perspectives. Write about how a character's perspective changed in one of the selections.

Week 2. Why do people form alliances? Give two examples from the stories you read this week.

Week 3. Choose an environment you learned about this week. Tell what you learned about it.

Week 4. Choose a natural force that you've learned about this week. Tell three things that you learned about this natural force.

Week 5. How can people use money wisely? Give two examples from the texts you read this week.

- Prove sentence frames.
- Have partners collaborate.
- Ask and answer questions about this week's essential question for beginning, intermediate and advanced learners.
- ESL Teachers will have access to Wonder Works. This product has differentiated foundational skills practice, instructional support, and assessment. Additionally, phonological awareness, phonemic awareness, phonics, and structural analysis at students' individual levels are also covered with this supplemental program. It mirrors all of the skills and strategies of the Wonders reading series. Furthermore, there are lessons designed to meet the needs of Beginning, Intermediate, and Advanced ESL students.

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers

- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

At Risk

- Use online Reteaching lessons for vocabulary, comprehension and writing.
 - Use the Language Development Cards for grammar and vocabulary.
 - Use Foundational Skills Lesson Cards for phonological awareness, phonemic awareness, phonics, word recognition, structural analysis, and fluency.
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- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
 - teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
 - allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
 - allowing students to select from given choices
 - allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
 - collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
 - decreasing the amount of work presented or required
 - having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
 - marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
 - modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
 - providing study guides
 - reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
 - reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
 - tutoring by peers
 - using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
 - using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
 - using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

At the end of each unit:

- Use the paragraph children wrote in Write to Two Sources for evaluation.
 - After children have finished their writing, meet with them one on one. After you've read their sentences or paragraphs, ask questions about what they wrote. You might ask them to expand on a fact or ideas they included or to explain why they included certain information.
 - If advanced children are able to write and express ideas to meet a variety of academic task, they may be ready to move to on-level for some tasks.
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- Above grade level placement option for qualified students
 - Advanced problem-solving

- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Cluster grouping
- Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
- Create a blog or social media page about their unit
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson

Unit Name: Unit, Week 1, How do new experiences offer new perspectives?

NJSLS:

Interdisciplinary Connection: Reading and Writing

Statement of Objective:

Identify phrasal verbs.

Link subjects and verbs in complex sentences.

Build upon lesson vocabulary.

Understand contractions I'm and we're.

Describe how new experiences offer new perspectives.

Anticipatory Set/Do Now: *This week we will be looking at the language in the realistic fiction “Cow Music.” Discussing the language in the text will help you understand what the author is saying. Today we will learn about how new experiences can offer new perspectives, or views, about people and places.*

Learning Activity: Use the Graphic Organizer Review perspective (cognate: *perspectiva*). Explain that the photograph shows a woman standing on the edge of a Tlingit (TLiN-git) clanhouse viewing or getting a perspective of her surroundings. *Sometimes experiencing something new makes us feel differently about something.*

Talk About It Focus partners on the photograph and have them discuss what they can tell about a Tlingit house from the photo. Have them write their answers in the chart and then share their answers with the class. **I see faces made of wood, an opening, wings, and painted walls.**

Have partners talk about going somewhere new and something they learned from this experience.

Point out that an experience includes what you see, do, and learn. Have students repeat: *experience, experiences, experienced*. Point out the word endings for *experiences* and *experienced*. Say: *I have had many experiences. Some people would say that I'm an experienced teacher.*

Explain that seeing how different people live also offers new perspectives.

Student Assessment/CFU's: Observation, Thumb Up/Thumb Down, Green/Yellow/Red Cards

Materials: Companion Worktext, ELD Visual Vocabulary Cards, Visual Vocabulary Cards

21st Century Themes and Skills: Communication, Collaboration

Differentiation/Modifications:

Leveled Readers

Differentiated Text

The process will be differentiated through supplying three tiers of questioning for basic, intermediate, and advanced learners

Student Practice Worksheets

Integration of Technology:

- <https://my.mheducation.com/login>
- Interactive Read Alouds
- Digital Visual Vocabulary Cards
- Laptops
- Smartboard
- Multimedia Library
- Listening Library
- Computer Based Assessments
- Weekly and Unit Video Clip Openers

says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

LA.RI.6.2

Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.

LA.RI.6.3

Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes).

LA.SL.6.1

Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.