

Unit 2: Integers and Rational Numbers

Content Area: **Math**
Course(s): **Math Gr. 6**
Time Period: **October**
Length: **20 Days**
Status: **Published**

Unit 2: Integers and Rational Numbers

Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Mathematics: Grade 6

Unit 2: Integers and Rational Numbers

Belleville Board of Education

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Board Approved: September 23, 2019

Unit Overview

Unit 2 focuses on applying and extending previous understanding of numbers to the system of rational numbers including developing a deep understanding of integers and other rational numbers, and location points associated with rational number ordered pairs on the coordinate plane.

Enduring Understanding

- Understand integers
- Represent rational numbers on the number line
- Find absolute values of rational numbers
- Represent rational numbers on the coordinate plane
- Find distances on the coordinate plane
- Represent polygons on the coordinate plane

Essential Questions

- What are integers and rational numbers?
- How are points graphed on a coordinate plane?

Exit Skills

By the end of Grade 6, Math Unit 2, students will be able to:

- Understand integers

- Represent rational numbers on the number line
- Find absolute values of rational numbers
- Represent rational numbers on the coordinate plane
- Find distances on the coordinate plane
- Represent polygons on the coordinate plane

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS)

The [Math Practices](#), as put forth by the National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM), are connected within all lessons:

MP.1 - Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

MP.2 - Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

MP.3 - Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

MP.4 - Model with mathematics.

MP.5 - Use appropriate tools strategically.

MP.6 - Attend to precision.

MP.7 - Look for and make use of structure.

MP.8 - Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

MA.6.NS.C.5	Understand that positive and negative numbers are used together to describe quantities having opposite directions or values (e.g., temperature above/below zero, elevation above/below sea level, credits/debits, positive/negative electric charge); use positive and negative numbers to represent quantities in real-world contexts, explaining the meaning of 0 in each situation.
MA.6.NS.C.8	Solve real-world and mathematical problems by graphing points in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane. Include use of coordinates and absolute value to find distances between points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate.
MA.6.NS.C.6a	Recognize opposite signs of numbers as indicating locations on opposite sides of 0 on the number line; recognize that the opposite of the opposite of a number is the number itself, e.g., $-(-3) = 3$, and that 0 is its own opposite.
MA.6.NS.C.6b	Understand signs of numbers in ordered pairs as indicating locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane; recognize that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes.
MA.6.NS.C.6c	Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.
MA.6.NS.C.7a	Interpret statements of inequality as statements about the relative position of two numbers on a number line diagram.

MA.6.NS.C.7b	Write, interpret, and explain statements of order for rational numbers in real-world contexts.
MA.6.NS.C.7d	Distinguish comparisons of absolute value from statements about order.
MA.6.RP.A.3	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.
MA.K-12.7	Look for and make use of structure.
MA.K-12.8	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Interdisciplinary Connections

LA.L.6.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
LA.RL.6.1	Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
LA.SL.6.4	Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate speaking behaviors (e.g., eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation).

Learning Objectives

- Identify opposites of integers
- Compare and order integers
- Use integers to represent real world quantities and explain the meaning of 0 in each context
- Plot rational numbers on a number line
- Compare and order rational numbers
- Use rational numbers to represent real-world quantities
- Use absolute value to represent a number's distance from 0
- Interpret absolute value in real world situations
- Identify and graph points with rational coordinates on the coordinate plane
- Reflect Points with rational coordinates across both axes
- Use absolute value to find the distance between two points that lie on the same horizontal or vertical line on a coordinate plane
- Solve real world and mathematical problems involving distances on the coordinate plane
- Find side lengths of polygons on the coordinate plane
- Find the perimeter of polygons on the coordinate plane

Suggested Activities & Best Practices

Embedded in Pearson TE, Grade 6:

- Unit 2 STEM Project: In this project, students choose a problem identified in the Unit 1 project and apply the

engineering design process to research, plan, test, propose and present a solution.

- Make a timeline of your life. The date of your birth would be zero. Research and include important dates for the opposite of your age. If you are 11 years old, your time line should go from -11 to 11. Pick 3 points on your timeline and explain the relationship between that date and its opposite.

- Art Activity: On poster board, find real life examples of vertical and horizontal number lines. Cut out or print the examples and glue them onto your presentation. Include a short description of why you feel the example represents a number line. Describe the “zero” for each situation.

- Card Game: Absolute Value War - Use face cards as a way to reinforce absolute value. You use the black as positive numbers and the red as negative numbers. Then, students engage in war. When a face card is drawn the absolute value is applied to the next number card.

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

- Journals
- Common Formative Assessments (Formative)
- Common Summative Assessments (Summative)
- District Benchmark (Benchmark)
- Do Now
- Exit Tickets
- Higher-order Questioning / Rich Discussion
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Performance Task (Alternative)
- Quick Check (enVisionmath)
- Quick Write
- Quizzes (Formative)
- Rubrics
- Surveys
- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think-Pair-Share
- Turn-and-Talk / Share-out
- Unit Assessments (Summative)
- WIK / WINK

Primary Resources & Materials

EnVision Math Teacher Edition

Ancillary Resources

[New Jersey Student Learning Standards for Mathematics](#)

[NJSLS Mathematics Crosswalk](#)

[IXL Learning](#)

[NCTM Illuminations](#)

Technology Infusion

- Unit 2 3-Act Mathematical Modeling: The Ultimate Throw - Students will watch a video and then brainstorm how far each person threw a disc, and who threw the disc farther and then plot this distance on a number line.
- Online Practice with Math IXL for School. Assign Coordinate Plane X1 thru X6 for practice plotting rational numbers on the coordinate plane.
- Video Tutorials: Students can access instructional videos with the Virtual Nerd app. for reinforcement with ordering and comparing rational numbers.



Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;

- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

CRP.K-12.CRP2.1	Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation.
CRP.K-12.CRP4.1	Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others' time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.
CRP.K-12.CRP6.1	Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.
CRP.K-12.CRP8.1	Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.
CRP.K-12.CRP11.1	Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.
CAEP.9.2.8.B.3	Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.
TECH.8.1.8.A.1	Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.
TECH.8.1.8.A.4	Graph and calculate data within a spreadsheet and present a summary of the results.
TECH.8.1.8.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems.
TECH.8.1.8.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.
TECH.8.1.8.C.CS2	Communicate information and ideas to multiple audiences using a variety of media and formats.

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Communication and Collaboration

- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

21st Century Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

Differentiation

- Use the "Quick Check" feature on Pearson Realize (embedded in each Unit) to help determine the strategy for differentiating instruction; the "Assess and Differentiate" page will prescribe the differentiated instructional activity

Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments aloud
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation

- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal-setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

- Consider Intervention Activity and/or Reteach e.g. Topic 2-1, pg. 70A
 - Use suggestions under Technology Center section in Pearson Realize to target students with disabilities
 - Use the [Pacer Center Action Information Sheet](#) for research-based ideas on accommodations and modifications
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- Allow for open-note/open-book assessments
 - Check classwork frequently for understanding
 - Conduct preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
 - Consider behavior management plan
 - Implement accommodations/modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
 - Modified test content/format
 - Modified written assignments
 - Multi-sensory presentation
 - Pre-annotate text
 - Preferential seating
 - Promote pair work
 - Provide extended time on various assignments
 - Provide printed/online copies of lesson notes
 - Secure attention before providing instruction/directions
 - Use assistive technology

English Language Learning (ELL)

- Use Teaching Tool 48 as a graphic organizer to help students connect a visual to the vocabulary term
 - Use Teaching Tool 49 to connect students' understanding of vocabulary terms with actual meanings
 - Use suggestions under English Language Learners section in Pearson Realize to target beginning, intermediate, and advanced learners e.g. Topic 2-1, pg. 67
 - Use suggestions under Technology Center section in Pearson Realize to target ELLs
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- Allow for multiple student revisions
 - Allow for open-note / open-book assessments
 - Allow multiple forms of student products (projects, models, slide-shows, etc.) to demonstrate student learning
 - Ask and give information using key words
 - Demonstrate listening comprehension by responding to questions

- Develop basic sight vocabulary
- Differentiate assessments to reflect selected objectives
- Express ideas in single words
- Leverage computer spell checker
- Modify reading assignments to correlate with lexile level
- Peer tutoring / Peer note-taking
- Speak using content area vocabulary in context
- Teacher-created Study Guide
- Use prior experiences to understanding meanings
- Use videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

At Risk

- Decrease the amount of work represented or required by assigning the "Do You Understand?" and the "Do You Know How?" sections of each lesson
- Use suggestions under Technology Center section in Pearson Realize to target at-risk students
- Use suggestions under Intervention Activity e.g. Topic 2-1, Error Intervention, pg. 69-70
 - Allow for multiple student revisions
 - Allow for open-note / open-book assessments
 - Allow multiple forms of student products (projects, models, slide-shows, etc.) to demonstrate student learning
 - Allow students to select from given assignment choices
 - Differentiate assessments to reflect selected objectives
 - Mark students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
 - Peer tutoring / Peer note-taking
 - Promote student collaboration on in-class / outside class assignments
 - Reduce lengthy outside reading assignments
 - Teach key aspects of a topic - eliminate non-essential information
 - Teacher-created Study Guide
 - Use authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
 - Use videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

- Use suggestions under Extension for Early Finishers section in Pearson Realize to target advanced learners
- Use suggestions under Enrichment to target advanced learners e.g. Topic 2-1, pg. 66
 - Administer Unit Assessment to determine level of proficiency
 - Allow gifted children to create and publish a class newspaper to distribute

- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Complete activities aligned with above grade-level text using Benchmark results
- Consider parental input about the education of their gifted children
- Create a blog or social media page about a topic of interest
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Involve students in academic contests
- Promote advanced problem-solving
- Remember that gifted children may not excel in all areas
- Set individual goals
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge