

Unit 1: Basic Notation, Care, and Maintenance

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Unit 1: Basic Notation, Care, and Maintenance

Department of Curriculum and Instruction



Belleville Public Schools

Curriculum Guide

Fifth Grade Instrumental Music

Unit 1: Basic Notation, Care, and Maintenance

Belleville Board of Education

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Unit Overview

- Introduction to instrument and music notation.
- Learning to assemble instrument, make a sound on the instrument, and read basic music notation.
- Instrument maintenance and reading musical notation.
- Students will learn how to put together and hold their instrument. Students will learn techniques to care for their instrument. Students will learn to make a basic sound on instrument. Students will learn to use music notation to read and play musical examples on their instrument.

Enduring Understandings

- Music is reflective of the culture(s) that created it.
- Music is always present in the surrounding world.
- Music is a form of communication
- Music is a vehicle of personal expression, style, and taste.
- Music is a language with its own syntax, structure, and rules.
- The creation of music fosters critical thinking.
- Music making involves a set of behaviors that ensure quality of preparation and presentation.
- Increasing technical skill and theoretical knowledge allows performers to better express the music and themselves
- Critique is essential to the music making process

- Performance skills are both physical and mental.

Essential Questions

- How do people/I use music as a way to communicate with others?
- How can music influence your emotions?
- In what ways can musical elements become the foundation of your own composition?
- How do I hone my skills and fine-tune my work?
- How does my individual effort affect the group effort?
- What is quality in a music ensemble and how do you attain it?
- What can be learned from observing, analyzing, and evaluating the performances of myself and others?
- Why is music an important part of any culture?
- How does my musical interpretation reflect my personal culture?
- How does music change over time and place?
- Does music have to be considered beautiful by everybody?
- How do artists make decisions about their music?
- What is the importance of being able to reach and comprehend music as a musician?

Exit Skills

By the end of this unit, Grade 5 students should be able to:

- Read pitches and rests
- Read and interpret rhythmic elements
- Combine pitches and rhythms in music performance
- Assemble and hold instrument correctly
- Care for instrument so that it is playable at all times

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSL)

VPA.1.1.5.B.CS1	Reading basic music notation contributes to musical fluency and literacy. Musical intelligence is related to ear training and listening skill, and temporal spatial reasoning ability is connected to listening skill.
VPA.1.1.5.B.CS2	The elements of music are building blocks denoting meter, rhythmic concepts, tonality, intervals, chords, and melodic and harmonic progressions, all of which contribute to musical literacy.
VPA.1.2.5.A.1	Recognize works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art as a reflection of societal values and beliefs.
VPA.1.2.5.A.2	Relate common artistic elements that define distinctive art genres in dance, music, theatre, and visual art.
VPA.1.2.5.A.3	Determine the impact of significant contributions of individual artists in dance, music, theatre, and visual art from diverse cultures throughout history.
VPA.1.2.5.A.CS2	Characteristic approaches to content, form, style, and design define art genres.
VPA.1.3.5.B.1	Sing or play music from complex notation, using notation systems in treble and bass clef, mixed meter, and compound meter.
VPA.1.3.5.B.3	Improvise and score simple melodies over given harmonic structures using traditional instruments and/or computer programs.
VPA.1.3.5.B.4	Decode how the elements of music are used to achieve unity and variety, tension and release, and balance in musical compositions.
VPA.1.3.5.B.CS1	Complex scores may include compound meters and the grand staff.
VPA.1.3.5.B.CS3	Music composition is governed by prescribed rules and forms that apply to both improvised and scored music.
VPA.1.3.5.B.CS4	Decoding musical scores requires understanding of notation systems, the elements of music, and basic compositional concepts.
VPA.1.4.5.A.1	Employ basic, discipline-specific arts terminology to categorize works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art according to established classifications.
VPA.1.4.5.A.2	Make informed aesthetic responses to artworks based on structural arrangement and personal, cultural, and historical points of view.
VPA.1.4.5.A.3	Demonstrate how art communicates ideas about personal and social values and is inspired by an individual's imagination and frame of reference (e.g., personal, social, political, historical context).
VPA.1.4.5.A.CS1	Works of art may be organized according to their functions and artistic purposes (e.g., genres, mediums, messages, themes).
VPA.1.4.5.A.CS2	Formalism in dance, music, theatre, and visual art varies according to personal, cultural, and historical contexts.
VPA.1.4.5.B.1	Assess the application of the elements of art and principles of design in dance, music, theatre, and visual artworks using observable, objective criteria.
VPA.1.4.5.B.2	Use evaluative tools, such as rubrics, for self-assessment and to appraise the objectivity of critiques by peers.
VPA.1.4.5.B.3	Use discipline-specific arts terminology to evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.
VPA.1.4.5.B.5	Distinguish ways in which individuals may disagree about the relative merits and effectiveness of artistic choices in the creation and performance of works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.
VPA.1.4.5.B.CS1	Identifying criteria for evaluating performances results in deeper understanding of art and art-making.
VPA.1.4.5.B.CS4	Levels of proficiency can be assessed through analyses of how artists apply the elements of art and principles of design.

VPA.1.4.5.B.CS5

Artists and audiences can and do disagree about the relative merits of artwork. When assessing works of dance, music, theatre and visual art, it is important to consider the context for the creation and performance of the work (e.g., Who was the creator? What purpose does the artwork serve? Who is the intended audience?).

Interdisciplinary Connections

- ELA
- Mathematics
- Science
- SS/History
- World Language
- Technology

MA.5.OA.B	Analyze patterns and relationships.
LA.RL.5.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes.
MA.5.NF	Number and Operations—Fractions
LA.RF.5.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding and encoding words.
LA.RF.5.3.A	Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
LA.RF.5.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
HPE.2.5.6.A	Movement Skills and Concepts
HPE.2.6.6	All students will apply health-related and skill-related fitness concepts and skills to develop and maintain a healthy, active lifestyle.

Learning Objectives

By the end of this unit the students will be able to:

- Read music for their instrument
- Use mnemonic devices to memorize the notes of the lines and spaces
- Identify all the parts of their instrument and bow
- Identify various time signatures and rhythmic markings
- Transfer knowledge of music theory to learning a musical instrument

Suggested Activities & Best Practices

- Using method books (Sound Innovations) and accompanying videos learn instrument parts and how to assemble and care for instrument
- Using method books and other print material learn the staff, time signature, grand staff, and notes of the staff (bass or treble) and as they relate to the grand staff.
- Using video resources from method books and other online resources listen to and view professionals to emulate proper techniques.
- Demonstrate proper techniques on instrument
- Read basic musical examples (method book) and play as reading (sight reading)
- Practice at home (goal of 60 minutes per week)
- Listen to music specific to your instrument at home

Assessment Evidence - Checking for Understanding (CFU)

By identifying the **Evidence of Student Learning with Checking for Understanding (CFU)** techniques used during the lesson and/or for Closure (Madeline Hunter), please list the variety of means used to assess students' learning (e.g. quizzes, tests, academic prompts, observations, homework, journals).

- Common Benchmarks
- Compare & Contrast
- Create a Multimedia Poster
- Define
- Describe
- Evaluate
- Evaluation rubrics
- Explaining
- Fist- to-Five or Thumb-Ometer
- Illustration
- Journals
- KWL Chart
- Learning Center Activities
- Multimedia Reports
- Outline
- Question Stems
- Quickwrite
- Quizzes
- Red Light, Green Light
- Self- assessments
- Study Guide
- Surveys

- Teacher Observation Checklist
- Think, Pair, Share
- Think, Write, Pair, Share
- Top 10 List
- Unit review/Test prep
- Unit tests
- Web-Based Assessments
- Written Reports

Primary Resources & Materials

- Instruments
- ChromeBooks
- Expressions books (out of print/NG)
- Standard of Excellence (out of date newer version)
- Essential Elements 2000 (out of date newer version)

Ancillary Resources

- Sound Innovations (student purchased but most relevant method book available)
- Teacher Tube, YouTube, SIOOnline, and other web based content
- SmartMusic as possible
- Teacher prepared print materials
- USB microphone
- various paid or free A/V recording software (MixCraft, Audacity, ProTools, Flat.IO, BandLab)

Technology Infusion

USB microphone and/or video recorder with software for performance assessment.

SmartMusic system

Mobile devices, chromebooks, or stand alone devices to tune instruments. This allows for visual representation of musical pitches and to check for intonation

Music Tech podcasts and instructional videos

Alignment to 21st Century Skills & Technology

Mastery and infusion of **21st Century Skills & Technology** and their Alignment to the core content areas is essential to student learning. The core content areas include:

- English Language Arts;
- Mathematics;
- Science and Scientific Inquiry (Next Generation);
- Social Studies, including American History, World History, Geography, Government and Civics, and Economics;
- World languages;
- Technology;
- Visual and Performing Arts.

21st Century Skills/Interdisciplinary Themes

- Communication and Collaboration
- Creativity and Innovation
- Critical thinking and Problem Solving
- ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Life and Career Skills
- Media Literacy

CAEP.9.2.8.B.2	Develop a Personalized Student Learning Plan with the assistance of an adult mentor that includes information about career areas of interest, goals and an educational plan.
CAEP.9.2.8.B.3	Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.
CAEP.9.2.8.B.7	Evaluate the impact of online activities and social media on employer decisions.

21st Century Skills

- Civic Literacy
- Environmental Literacy

- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Global Awareness
- Health Literacy

CAEP.9.2.8.B.2	Develop a Personalized Student Learning Plan with the assistance of an adult mentor that includes information about career areas of interest, goals and an educational plan.
CAEP.9.2.8.B.3	Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.
CAEP.9.2.8.B.4	Evaluate how traditional and nontraditional careers have evolved regionally, nationally, and globally.
CAEP.9.2.8.B.6	Demonstrate understanding of the necessary preparation and legal requirements to enter the workforce.
CAEP.9.2.8.B.7	Evaluate the impact of online activities and social media on employer decisions.

Differentiation

Differentiations:

- Small group instruction
- Small group assignments
- Extra time to complete assignments
- Pairing oral instruction with visuals
- Repeat directions
- Use manipulatives
- Center-based instruction
- Token economy
- Study guides
- Teacher reads assessments allowed
- Scheduled breaks
- Rephrase written directions
- Multisensory approaches
- Additional time
- Preview vocabulary
- Preview content & concepts
- Story guides
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Student(s) work with assigned partner
- Visual presentation
- Assistive technology
- Auditory presentations
- Large print edition
- Dictation to scribe
- Small group setting

Hi-Prep Differentiations:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Choice boards
- Games and tournaments
- Group investigations
- Guided Reading
- Independent research and projects
- Interest groups
- Learning contracts
- Leveled rubrics
- Literature circles
- Multiple intelligence options
- Multiple texts
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Think-Tac-Toes
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Tiered products
- Varying organizers for instructions

Lo-Prep Differentiations

- Choice of books or activities
- Cubing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible grouping
- Goal setting with students
- Jigsaw
- Mini workshops to re-teach or extend skills
- Open-ended activities
- Think-Pair-Share
- Reading buddies
- Varied journal prompts
- Varied supplemental materials

Special Education Learning (IEP's & 504's)

Please identify the **Special Education Learning** adaptations that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- printed copy of board work/notes provided

- additional time for skill mastery
- assistive technology
- behavior management plan
- Center-Based Instruction
- check work frequently for understanding
- computer or electronic device utilizes
- extended time on tests/ quizzes
- have student repeat directions to check for understanding
- highlighted text visual presentation
- modified assignment format
- modified test content
- modified test format
- modified test length
- multiple test sessions
- multi-sensory presentation
- preferential seating
- preview of content, concepts, and vocabulary
- Provide modifications as dictated in the student's IEP/504 plan
- reduced/shortened reading assignments
- Reduced/shortened written assignments
- secure attention before giving instruction/directions
- shortened assignments
- student working with an assigned partner
- teacher initiated weekly assignment sheet
- Use open book, study guides, test prototypes

English Language Learning (ELL)

Please identify the **English Language Learning** adaptations that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning;
- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required

- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using computer word processing spell check and grammar check features
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests

At Risk

Please identify Intervention Strategies that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- allowing students to correct errors (looking for understanding)
- teaching key aspects of a topic. Eliminate nonessential information
- allowing products (projects, timelines, demonstrations, models, drawings, dioramas, poster boards, charts, graphs, slide shows, videos, etc.) to demonstrate student's learning
- allowing students to select from given choices
- allowing the use of note cards or open-book during testing
- collaborating (general education teacher and specialist) to modify vocabulary, omit or modify items to reflect objectives for the student, eliminate sections of the test, and determine how the grade will be determined prior to giving the test.
- decreasing the amount of work presented or required
- having peers take notes or providing a copy of the teacher's notes
- marking students' correct and acceptable work, not the mistakes
- modifying tests to reflect selected objectives
- providing study guides
- reducing or omitting lengthy outside reading assignments
- reducing the number of answer choices on a multiple choice test
- tutoring by peers
- using authentic assessments with real-life problem-solving
- using true/false, matching, or fill in the blank tests in lieu of essay tests
- using videos, illustrations, pictures, and drawings to explain or clarify

Talented and Gifted Learning (T&G)

Please identify the **Talented and Gifted** adaptations that will be employed in the unit, using the ones identified below.

- Above grade level placement option for qualified students

- Advanced problem-solving
- Allow students to work at a faster pace
- Cluster grouping
- Complete activities aligned with above grade level text using Benchmark results
- Create a blog or social media page about their unit
- Create a plan to solve an issue presented in the class or in a text
- Debate issues with research to support arguments
- Flexible skill grouping within a class or across grade level for rigor
- Higher order, critical & creative thinking skills, and discovery
- Multi-disciplinary unit and/or project
- Teacher-selected instructional strategies that are focused to provide challenge, engagement, and growth opportunities
- Utilize exploratory connections to higher-grade concepts
- Utilize project-based learning for greater depth of knowledge

Sample Lesson

Unit Name: Instrumental Music, Grade 5, Unit 1 Instrument Care, Maintenance and Basic Notation

NJSLS:

Interdisciplinary Connection: Reading comprehension

Statement of Objective: By the end of this lesson the students will be able to:

- Perform music in simple meter
- Read and interpret pitches and rhythms

Anticipatory Set/Do Now: Warm up with long tones

Learning Activity: The students will play the assigned method book section, stopping to make corrections in performance techniques when necessary.

Student Assessment/CFU's:

- Evaluation rubric

Materials: Instruments, Sound Innovations book

21st Century Themes and Skills: Music, Reading Literacy, Creativity and Collaboration

Differentiation/Modifications: Students on the accelerated path will be able to complete all aspects of this lesson. Students that require remediation will complete most aspects of this lesson and/or repeat aspects of this lesson when necessary.

Integration of Technology: Use of online media, use of recording software and hardware for self and group

assessment.

VPA.1.1.5.B	Music
VPA.1.2.5	All students will understand the role, development, and influence of the arts throughout history and across cultures.
VPA.1.2.5.A	History of the Arts and Culture
VPA.1.3.5.B.CS1	Complex scores may include compound meters and the grand staff.
VPA.1.4.5.A.CS1	Works of art may be organized according to their functions and artistic purposes (e.g., genres, mediums, messages, themes).
VPA.1.4.5.A.CS2	Formalism in dance, music, theatre, and visual art varies according to personal, cultural, and historical contexts.
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