Grade 5: Language Arts Unit 4: Year Long Grammar

Content Area: Language Arts
Course(s): Language Arts 5
Time Period: Generic Time Period

Length: **year long** Status: **Published**

Established Goals/Standards

LA.L	5.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
LA.L	5.1.A	Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections in general and their function in particular sentences.
LA.L	5.1.B	Form and use the perfect (e.g., I had walked; I have walked; I will have walked) verb tenses.
LA.L	5.1.C	Use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.
LA.L	5.1.D	Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense.
LA.L	5.1.E	Use correlative conjunctions (e.g., either/or, neither/nor).
LA.L	5.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
LA.L	5.2.A	Use punctuation to separate items in a series.
LA.L	5.2.B	Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.
LA.L	5.2.C	Use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Steve?).
LA.L	5.2.D	Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.
LA.L	5.2.E	Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
LA.L	5.3.A	Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.

Essential Questions

- How can you recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense?
- What is a conjunction and its purpose in a sentence?
- What is an interjection and its purpose in a sentence?
- When do you form and use the perfect verb tenses?
- When is the correct usage of commas in written language?

Enduring Understanding

- A conjunction is a word used to connect (conjoin) parts of a sentence (e.g. but, and, or).
- A preposition is a word used before a noun to show the noun's relationship to another word in a sentence (e.g. in, on, at, around, above, underneath, alongside, of, for).
- Form and use the perfect verb tenses when writing in the past, present and future tense.

- Interjections are words or phrases used to exclaim or protest a command.
- Revising and self-editing writing assists students in recognizing and correcting inappropriate shifts in verb tenses.
- Use a comma to separate an introductory element, series, and with quaotations.

Content

Students will be able to:

- identify conjunction meaning
- use conjunctions when writing
- identify prepositions and their relationship to the nouns and another word in a sentence
- to idenitfy interjections and their use in writing
- form and use verb tenses when writing in the past, present, and future
- use commas correctly in written language

Resources

- Grammar flipcharts
- Grammar worksheets
- Every Day Edits
- Wordly Wise activities
- Writing rubrics with grammar benchmarks