

Unit 4: Geometry

Content Area: **Mathematics**
Course(s): **Math 6**
Time Period: **March**
Length: **7 weeks**
Status: **Published**

Unit Summary

The goal for this unit is to develop students' understanding of geometry and its applications to real life problem solving. Students will use their prior knowledge of geometric shapes to solve computational and real world problems involving area of two-dimensional shapes. Students will calculate the volume and surface area of rectangular and triangular prisms. Students will work to build special quadrilaterals and polygons by composing and or decomposing them into rectangles and or triangles.

Standards

MA.6.4.5.6 F	Technology
MA.6.4.5.6 F.1	Use technology to gather, analyze, and communicate mathematical information.
MA.6.4.5.6 F.4	Use calculators as problem-solving tools (e.g., to explore patterns, to validate solutions).
MA.6.4.5.6 F.5	Use computer software to make and verify conjectures about geometric objects.
MA.6.G	Geometry
MA.6.G.A	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
MA.6.G.A.1	Find the area of right triangles, other triangles, special quadrilaterals, and polygons by composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes; apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
MA.6.G.A.2	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas $V = lwh$ and $V = Bh$ to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
MA.6.G.A.3	Draw polygons in the coordinate plane given coordinates for the vertices; use coordinates to find the length of a side joining points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
MA.6.G.A.4	Represent three-dimensional figures using nets made up of rectangles and triangles, and use the nets to find the surface area of these figures. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
MA.6.EE.A	Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.
MA.6.EE.A.1	Write and evaluate numerical expressions involving whole-number exponents.
MA.6.EE.A.2	Write, read, and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers.
MA.6.EE.A.2a	Write expressions that record operations with numbers and with letters standing for numbers.
MA.6.EE.A.2b	Identify parts of an expression using mathematical terms (sum, term, product, factor, quotient, coefficient); view one or more parts of an expression as a single entity.
MA.6.EE.A.2c	Evaluate expressions at specific values of their variables. Include expressions that arise from formulas used in real-world problems. Perform arithmetic operations, including

	those involving whole number exponents, in the conventional order when there are no parentheses to specify a particular order (Order of Operations).
MA.6.EE.B	Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.
MA.6.EE.B.5	Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.
MA.6.EE.B.6	Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.
MA.6.EE.B.7	Solve real-world and mathematical problems by writing and solving equations of the form $x + p = q$ and $px = q$ for cases in which p , q and x are all nonnegative rational numbers.
MA.6.NS.C.6c	Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.
MA.7.G.B	Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume.
MA.7.G.B.6	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, volume and surface area of two- and three-dimensional objects composed of triangles, quadrilaterals, polygons, cubes, and right prisms.
MA.K-12.1	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
MA.K-12.2	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
MA.K-12.3	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
MA.K-12.4	Model with mathematics.
MA.K-12.5	Use appropriate tools strategically.
MA.K-12.6	Attend to precision.
MA.K-12.7	Look for and make use of structure.
MA.K-12.8	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.
CAEP.9.2.8.B.3	Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.
TECH.8.1.8	Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.
TECH.8.1.8.A	Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.
TECH.8.1.8.A.1	Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.
TECH.8.1.8.A.CS1	Understand and use technology systems.
TECH.8.1.8.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.
TECH.8.1.8.B.CS2	Create original works as a means of personal or group expression.
TECH.8.1.8.C	Communication and Collaboration: Students use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively, including at a distance, to support individual learning and contribute to the learning of others.
TECH.8.1.8.C.CS4	Contribute to project teams to produce original works or solve problems.
TECH.8.1.8.D	Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.
TECH.8.1.8.D.1	Understand and model appropriate online behaviors related to cyber safety, cyber

	bullying, cyber security, and cyber ethics including appropriate use of social media.
TECH.8.1.8.D.CS1	Advocate and practice safe, legal, and responsible use of information and technology.
TECH.8.1.8.D.CS3	Exhibit leadership for digital citizenship.
TECH.8.1.8.E	Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.
TECH.8.1.8.F	Critical thinking, problem solving, and decision making: Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources.
TECH.8.1.8.F.CS2	Plan and manage activities to develop a solution or complete a project.
TECH.8.2.8.D.CS2	Use and maintain technological products and systems. For example, apply the distributive property to the expression $3(2 + x)$ to produce the equivalent expression $6 + 3x$; apply the distributive property to the expression $24x + 18y$ to produce the equivalent expression $6(4x + 3y)$; apply properties of operations to $y + y + y$ to produce the equivalent expression $3y$.

Student Learning Objectives

- Students will learn that the area of triangle is a half of the area of a parallelogram.
- Students will learn that the area of a triangle and/or rectangle can be used to determine the area of special quadrilaterals and polygons.
- Students will learn that manipulatives and/or algebra to determine the volume of a right rectangular prism.
- Students will learn to recognize the nets as a tool to determine the surface area of regular three dimensional figures
- Students will learn to accurately draw and determine the measurement of a polygon on a coordinate grid using rational numbers and algebra.

Essential Questions

- What is the difference between two dimensions and three dimensions when working with geometric shapes and figures?
- How can we determine the measure of a shape using the coordinate plane?

Enduring Understandings

- Students will understand that there are different measurements for two and three dimensional geometric shapes and figures.
- Students will understand that coordinate geometry can be used to represent and verify geometric and algebraic relationships.
- Students will understand that spatially reasoning with shapes, leads to logical reasoning about transformations.
- Students will understand that geometry can connect to number operations and measurement via notion of partitioning.

Application

- Students will be able to independently use their learning to determine area, surface area, and volume of geometric shapes.
- Students will be able to independently use their learning to solve for volume of a right rectangular prism using fractional edge lengths.

Skills

Students will be skilled at:

- Solving algebraically for area and perimeter of quadrilaterals and compound figures.
- Determining the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths using $V = lwh$ and $V=Bh$.
- Graphing polygons in the coordinate plane and determine the distance between vertices.
- Utilizing nets to determine the surface area of polyhedra (rectangular and triangular prisms).