# 2. Journalism in Democracy

Content Area: Language Arts
Course(s): Journalism
Time Period: Semester 1 & 2
Length: Semester
Status: Published

## **Standards**

ELA.R	Reading
ELA.RI.CR.9-10.1	Cite a range and thorough textual evidence and make clear and relevant connections, to strongly support an analysis of multiple aspects of what an informational text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text.
ELA.RI.CI.9-10.2	Determine one or more central ideas of an informational text and analyze how it is developed and refined over the course of a text, including how it emerges and is shaped by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
ELA.RI.IT.9-10.3	Analyze how an author unfolds ideas throughout the text, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.
ELA.RI.TS.9–10.4	Analyze in detail the author's choices concerning the structure of ideas or claims of a text, and how they are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).
ELA.RI.PP.9–10.5	Determine an author's purpose in a text (including cultural experience and knowledge reflected in text originating outside the United States) and analyze how an author uses rhetorical devices to advance that purpose.
ELA.RI.MF.9-10.6	Analyze, integrate, and evaluate multiple interpretations (e.g., charts, graphs, diagrams, videos) of a single text or text/s presented in different formats (visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
ELA.RI.AA.9-10.7	Describe and evaluate the argument and specific claims in an informational text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and reasoning.
ELA.RI.CT.9-10.8	Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) seminal and informational text of historical and scientific significance, including how they relate in terms of themes and significant concepts.
ELA.W	Writing
ELA.W.IW.9-10.2	Write informative/explanatory texts (including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes) to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
ELA.W.IW.9–10.2.A	Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aid in comprehension.
ELA.W.IW.9–10.2.B	Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
ELA.W.IW.9-10.2.C	Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
ELA.W.IW.9-10.2.D	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.

ELA.W.IW.9-10.2.E	Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
ELA.W.IW.9–10.2.F	Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
ELA.W.WP.9-10.4	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach; sustaining effort to complete complex writing tasks; seeking out feedback and reflecting on personal writing progress; consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
ELA.W.WR.9-10.5	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
ELA.W.SE.9-10.6	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).
ELA.W.RW.9-10.7	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
ELA.SL	Speaking and Listening
ELA.SL.PE.9–10.1	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
ELA.SL.PE.9–10.1.A	Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
ELA.SL.PE.9-10.1.B	Collaborate with peers to set rules for discussions (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views); develop clear goals and assessment criteria (e.g., student developed rubric) and assign individual roles as needed.
ELA.SL.PE.9-10.1.C	Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.
ELA.SL.PE.9-10.1.D	Respond thoughtfully to various perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and justify own views. Make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.
ELA.SL.II.9-10.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.
ELA.SL.ES.9-10.3	Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any false reasoning or distorted evidence.
ELA.SL.PI.9-10.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
ELA.SL.UM.9–10.5	Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.
ELA.SL.AS.9-10.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English.

CAEP.9.2.12.C.1	Review career goals and determine steps necessary for attainment.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.2	Modify Personalized Student Learning Plans to support declared career goals.
CAEP.9.2.12.C.3	Identify transferable career skills and design alternate career plans.
TECH.8.1.12.D.1	Demonstrate appropriate application of copyright, fair use and/or Creative Commons to an original work.
TECH.8.1.12.E.CS1	Plan strategies to guide inquiry.
TECH.8.1.12.E.CS2	Locate, organize, analyze, evaluate, synthesize, and ethically use information from a variety of sources and media.
TECH.8.1.12.E.CS3	Evaluate and select information sources and digital tools based on the appropriateness for specific tasks.

#### **Additional Resources**

Journalism Today - Textbook - Chapter One

Journalism Fundamentals in a Digital Age - Digital Text - Handouts and Worksheets

Project - History of Journalism in America

Page One - Inside the NY Times - Documentary

### **Enduring Understandings**

- A free press is an important component of a democracy.
- A free press ensures the existence of the "marketplace of ideas."
- Journalism has evolved through the use of technology and media.
- Impartial reporting balanced with editorial comment equals an informed citizen population who can adequately operate a democratic society.

# **Essential Questions**

How did the concept of freedom of the press develop in America?

What responsibility comes with "Freedom of the Press"?

How has technology changed journalism?

How would our society be different if we did not have any news source?

#### **Knowledge and Skills**

Students will know that.....

with great power comes great responsibility

Ethics plays an important role in journalism.

The freedom of the press is one of the greatest bulwarks of liberty and can never be restrained but by despotic governments.

A free press is essential to democracy.

The First Amendment to the US Constitution recognizes the importance of a free press in a democracy; it reads in part: Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press.

#### Students will be able to.....

**Recognize and understand** key terms from Chapter One - assignment, banner, beat, bias, break, byline, caption, circulation, citizen journalism, consumer magazines, convergence, copy, credibility, ethics, libel, masthead, media, medium, niche, obituary, off the record, op-ed, penny press, plagiarism, proof, scoop, source, splash, trade magazines, yellow journalism, partisan press, wire service, muckracking, shock jock, global village, computer-assisted reporting

**Explore** reasons why our society needs the news.

Understand the history of journalism in America.

**Recognize** major contributors to the history of journalism in America.

Recognize the types of media/news sources available to us today - print, online, television, magazine

Understand and distinguish between types of print media - NY Times versus The NY Post

Students will independently be able to know why journalism is important in their lives and apply that knowledge to the current events they read about.		
Students will independently be able to internalize the roles of writing and editing news and apply that understanding to writing their current events.		
Assessment		
https://docs.google.com/document/d/1 w12qVbVV7OTThc9VW43HSpZm3Czh9kegRwYqjMm7fQ/edit?usp		
=sharing		
Modifications		
https://docs.google.com/document/d/17jJtNi1cFhRgM3667P67m3pGkj1sD-		
XarWejIWAANIg/edit?usp=sharing		

**Transfer Goals**