

Unit 3: Culture

Content Area: **Social Studies**
Course(s): **Sociology**
Time Period: **Semester 1 & 2**
Length: **2 weeks**
Status: **Published**

Standards

SOC.6.2.12.EconET.3.b	Compare the characteristics of capitalism, socialism, and communism to determine why each system emerged and its success in leading to economic growth and stability.
SOC.6.3.12.CivicsPD.1	Develop plan for public accountability and transparency in government related to a particular issue(s) and share the plan with appropriate government officials.
SOC.6.3.12.CivicsHR.1	<p>Compare current case studies involving slavery, child labor, or other unfair labor practices in the United States with those of other nations and evaluate the extent to which these human rights violations are a universal problem.</p> <p>Civic participation and deliberation are essential characteristics of productive citizenship.</p> <p>Civics, Government, and Human Rights: Participation and Deliberation</p> <p>Geography, People, and the Environment: Global Interconnections</p> <p>Governments around the world support universal human rights to varying degrees.</p> <p>Understanding the interrelated patterns of change by examining multiple events allows for a clearer understanding of the significance of individuals and groups.</p> <p>Global interconnections create complex spatial patterns at multiple scales that continue to change over time.</p> <p>Civics, Government, and Human Rights: Human and Civil Rights</p> <p>Economic ways of thinking are influenced by economists, economic theories, and economic laws (e.g., Smith, Malthus, Ricardo, Marx, Schumpeter, Keynes, Friedman).</p>

Enduring Understandings

Identify the organization of society into groups and the theories about the formation of these groups.

Identify the process individuals go through to learn about culture and the theories about this process.

- Students will determine, through media literacy skills and lateral, close reading strategies when evaluating primary and secondary resources the following: 1. context of the text; 2. reason for the text; 3. type of source the text is; 4. the point of view of the author of the text 5. the intended audience for the text 6. evaluate the stance of the text
- Students will use Historical Thinking Skills to evaluate sources and ideas. Comparison, Contextualization, Continuity and Change over Time, Periodization, Synthesis, Claims, Point of View, Intended Audience, and Purpose.
- Students will observe, note, and draw conclusions with the understanding that there are multiple perspectives. Multiple perspectives is the foundation to understanding the why and how of history. Documents, primary sources, historical readings will be evaluated.

Essential Questions

What different types of societies have existed throughout sociocultural evolution?

What is the major source of conflict in Marx theory?

What did Durkheim view to be the function of society?

What is the role of nature and nurture in socialization?

What role does the family play in socialization?

Identify some of the “unintended” functions of schooling In what ways does the media contribute to socialization.

How do prestige and power influence status?

How does a role influence behavior?

How do we use the social construction of reality to change ourselves for different situations?

What is the difference between a primary and secondary group?

In what ways can group membership impact individuals?

What are some examples of formal organizations within our society?

Knowledge and Skills

Student can identify the organization of society into groups and the theories about the formation of these groups and explain it to others. Discussion on intersectionality in relation to gender, sexual orientation, race, ethnicity, disabilities, religion, interests, culture

Student can identify the process individuals go through to learn about culture and the theories about this process and explain it to others.

Student can identify the impact of roles on social interaction and explain it to others

Student can identify the function of groups within society and their impact on individual behavior and explain it to others.

Transfer Goals

Students will be able to independently link change in culture with various issues, including technology,

political and social evolution.

Students will be able to independently assess the essential nature of culture as a critical provider of information to allow society to survive and communicate with each other

Resources

Sociology in Our World 6th edition: textbook

Additional Resources from WH databases, and articles connected to the content, including primary readings, historiography, and secondary sources.

The Society Pages: Sociology Toolbox

https://thesocietypages.org/toolbox/teaching_sociology/

American Sociology Association

<https://www.asanet.org/teaching-learning/resources-high-school-sociology>

Teaching High School Sociology

<http://teachinghighschoolsociology.blogspot.com/#sthash.DaKVtkUb.dpbs>

Revise Sociology

<https://revisesociology.com/good-sociology-sites/>

Sociology Central:

<http://www.sociology.org.uk/rload.htm>

Video Resources:

<http://sociologythroughdocumentaryfilm.pbworks.com/w/page/17194965/FrontPage>

<https://freedomtoteach.collins.co.uk/influential-inspirational-films-sociology-students/>

Additional Online Resources:

<https://www.albert.io/>

<https://newsela.com/>

<https://guides.jstor.org/sociology>

Assessments

<https://docs.google.com/document/d/1mKgdwpriGuRcVHIVCJUdBek7lih12Q0ckKSTC4TMUXs/edit>

Modifications

<https://docs.google.com/document/d/1ODqaPP69YkcFiyG72fIT8XsUIe3K1VSG7nxuc4CpCec/edit>