# **Unit 1.2: Introduction to Circuit Design**

Content Area: Science
Course(s): Digital Electro
Time Period: Semester 1
Length: 5 weeks
Status: Published

#### **Standards**

TEC.9-12.	The use of digital tools and media-rich resources enhances creativity and the construction of knowledge.
TEC.9-12.8.1.12.A.1	Construct a spreadsheet, enter data, and use mathematical or logical functions to manipulate data, generate charts and graphs and interpret the results.
WORK.9-12.9.1.12.1	The ability to recognize a problem and apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that develops over time.
WORK.9-12.9.1.12.A	Critical Thinking & Problem Solving

# **Enduring Understandings**

## **Understandings**

Students will understand that ...

- 1. Waveforms can be used to trigger events in a circuit.
- 2. The concepts of frequency, wavelength, and duty cycle are all related to one another and can be calculated in a waveform.
- 3. Analog and digital signals have different waveforms with distinctive characteristics.
- 4. Analog signals have an infinite number of voltage levels that vary continuously over the voltage range for that particular system.
- 5. Digital signals have two well-defined voltage levels, one for a logic high and one for a logic low.
- 6. Circuit design processes have evolved over time to create circuits. These processes have changed as new strategies and new technologies have become available.
- 7. Engineers and technicians use Circuit Design Software (CDS) and instrumentation to verify functionality of their analog and digital design.

# **Essential Questions**

Students will keep considering ...

- 1. What is the distinction between analog verses digital electronic circuits?
- 2. When is it appropriate to analytically design an engineering solution, vs. use technology to simulate the solution, vs. building and testing a physical prototype?
- 3. Why is the understanding of binary and decimal number systems essential to your ability to design combinational logic circuits?
- 4. How are calculations, computer software design (CDS) tools, and measurement tools used in electronics to guide development and troubleshoot a circuit?

### **Knowledge and Skills**

# Knowledge

Students will:

- 1. Know formulas for Ohm's Law, Kirchhoff's Voltage Law, and Kirchhoff's Current Law.
- 2. Know the characteristics of series, parallel, and combination circuits.
- 3. Identify digital and analog components.
- 4. Know the characteristics and differences between analog and digital signals and circuits.
- 5. Measure characteristics of a circuit using a digital multimeter (DMM).
- 6. Know the formulas for period, frequency, and duty cycle.
- 7. Relate schematic symbols to logic gates and logic gates to schematic symbols.
- 8. Relate truth tables to logic gates and logic gates to truth tables.
- 9. Relate logic expressions to logic gates and logic gates to logic expressions.
- 10. There is a formal design process for translating a set of design specifications into a functional circuit.

#### **Skills**

Students will ...

- 1. Solve for unknown values within circuits (series, parallel, and combination circuits) using Ohm's Law, Kirchhoff's Voltage Law, and Kirchhoff's Current Laws.
- 2. Utilize Circuit Design Software (CDS) to validate hand calculations to analog circuit solutions.
- 3. Demonstrate series and parallel circuits on a breadboard.
- 4. Analyze simple analog circuits using a digital multimeter.
- 5. Analyze and interpret the amplitude, period, frequency, and duty cycle of analog and digital signals based on instrumentation and calculations.
- 6. Interpret the design of a simple 555 Timer oscillator and how the analog components affect the wave generated.
- 7. Utilize the Circuit Design Software (CDS) to simulate and test a complete analog design.
- 8. Use Circuit Design Software (CDS) to simulate and test a simple combinational logic circuit designed with AND, OR, and INVERTER gates.
- 9. Identify and describe the function of a D flip-flop.
- 10. Use Circuit Design Software (CDS) to simulate and test a simple sequential logic circuit design with D flip-flops.
- 11. Utilize the Circuit Design Software (CDS) to simulate and test a complete design containing both combinational and sequential logic.

#### Resources

#### **Technology Resources**

- National Instruments Multiim circuit design and simulation software
- Microsoft Office Applications

#### **Electronics Resources**

- Electronics Trainers (power supply, function generator, breadboard)
- Electronics hand tools (diagonal cutters, needle-nosed pliers, wire strippers, etc.)
- Digital Multimeters

# **Assessments**

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1wR7bQF-8AQoRrt0g4C3hKja0yjwDjC9\_BiAmONWbTcI/edit?usp=sharing

# **Modifications**

https://docs.google.com/document/d/10DqaPP69YkcFiyG72fIT8XsUIe3K1VSG7nxuc4CpCec/edit?usp=sharing