# Additional Standards Copied from: Introduction to Philosophy, Copied on: 10/22/26

Content Area: **Language Arts**
Course(s): **Intro to Philos**
Time Period: **Semester 1 & 2**
Length: **20 weeks**
Status: **Published**

## Additional Standards

SOCIAL STUDIES

6.2.12.CivicsPR.2.a: Compare the principal ideas of the Enlightenment in Europe (e.g., political, social, gender, education) with similar ideas in Asia and the Muslim / Islamic empires of the Middle East and North Africa.

6.2.12.HistoryUP.2.a: Analyze the impact of new intellectual, philosophical, and scientific ideas on how humans viewed themselves and how they viewed their physical and spiritual worlds.

6.2.12.CivicsPD.3.a: Cite evidence describing how and why various ideals became driving forces for reforms and revolutions in Latin America and across the world (e.g., liberty, popular sovereignty, natural rights, democracy, nationalism).

6.3.8.CivicsHR.1: Construct an argument as to the source of human rights and how they are best protected.

6.3.8.CivicsPR.3: Take a position on an issue in which fundamental ideals and principles are in conflict (e.g., liberty, equality).

6.3.8.CivicsPD.3: Construct a claim as to why it is important for democracy that individuals are informed by facts, aware of diverse viewpoints, and willing to take action on public issues.

6.3.8.CivicsPI.1: Evaluate, take, and defend a position on why government is necessary, and the purposes government should serve.

6.3.8.CivicsPI.2: Evaluate the extent to which different forms of government reflect the history and values of various societies (e.g., monarchy, democracy, republic, dictatorship).

VISUAL AND PERFORMING ARTS

1.4.12adv.Re9b: Use understandings of cultures and contexts to shape personal responses to devised or scripted theatre work.

CAREER READINESS, LIFE LITERACIES, AND KEY SKILLS

9.1.12.FP.5: Evaluate how behavioral bias (e.g., overconfidence, confirmation, recency, loss aversion, etc.) affects decision-making.

9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1,

6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).

9.4.2.CI.2: Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a).

9.4.2.GCA:1: Articulate the role of culture in everyday life by describing one's own culture and comparing it to the cultures of other individuals (e.g., 1.5.2.C2a, 7.1.NL.IPERS.5, 7.1.NL.IPERS.6).

9.4.2.TL.5: Describe the difference between real and virtual experiences.

9.4.5.CT.3: Describe how digital tools and technology may be used to solve problems.

9.4.5.DC.6: Compare and contrast how digital tools have changed social interactions (e.g., 8.1.5.IC.1).

9.4.5.GCA.1: Analyze how culture shapes individual and community perspectives and points of view (e.g., 1.1.5.C2a, RL.5.9, 6.1.5.HistoryCC.8).

9.4.5.IML.4: Determine the impact of implicit and explicit media messages on individuals, groups, and society as a whole.

9.4.5.IML.5: Distinguish how media are used by individuals, groups, and organizations for varying purposes. (e.g., 1.3A.5.R1a).

9.4.8.GCA.2: Demonstrate openness to diverse ideas and perspectives through active discussions to achieve a group goal.

9.4.8.IML.2: Identify specific examples of distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation of information.

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND DESIGN THINKING

8.1.2.IC.1: Compare how individuals live and work before and after the implementation of new computing technology.

8.1.5.DA.5: Propose cause and effect relationships, predict outcomes, or communicate ideas using data.

8.1.8.IC.1: Compare the trade-offs associated with computing technologies that affect an individual's everyday activities and career options.

8.1.8.IC.2: Describe issues of bias and accessibility in the design of existing technologies.

8.1.12.IC.1: Evaluate the ways computing impacts personal, ethical, social, economic, and cultural practices.

8.1.12.IC.3: Predict the potential impacts and implications of emerging technologies on larger social, economic, and political structures, using evidence from credible sources.

8.2.12.EC.1: Analyze controversial technological issues and determine the degree to which individuals, businesses, and governments have an ethical role in decisions that are made.

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| 9.4.2.CI.1 | Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2). |

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| 9.4.2.CI.2 | Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a). |
| 9.4.5.CT.3 | Describe how digital tools and technology may be used to solve problems. |
| 8.1.2.IC.1 | Compare how individuals live and work before and after the implementation of new computing technology. |
| 8.1.12.IC.1 | Evaluate the ways computing impacts personal, ethical, social, economic, and cultural practices. |
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| 8.1.8.IC.2 | Describe issues of bias and accessibility in the design of existing technologies. |
| 8.1.12.IC.3 | Predict the potential impacts and implications of emerging technologies on larger social, economic, and political structures, using evidence from credible sources. |
| 9.4.5.DC.6 | Compare and contrast how digital tools have changed social interactions (e.g., 8.1.5.IC.1). |
| 9.4.2.GCA.1 | Articulate the role of culture in everyday life by describing one's own culture and comparing it to the cultures of other individuals (e.g., 1.5.2.C2a, 7.1.NL.IPERS.5, 7.1.NL.IPERS.6). |
| 8.1.5.DA.5 | Propose cause and effect relationships, predict outcomes, or communicate ideas using data. |
| 9.4.8.GCA.2 | Demonstrate openness to diverse ideas and perspectives through active discussions to achieve a group goal. |
| 9.4.5.GCA.1 | Analyze how culture shapes individual and community perspectives and points of view (e.g., 1.1.5.C2a, RL.5.9, 6.1.5.HistoryCC.8). |
| 9.4.8.IML.2 | Identify specific examples of distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation of information. |
| 9.4.5.IML.4 | Determine the impact of implicit and explicit media messages on individuals, groups, and society as a whole. |
| 9.4.5.IML.5 | Distinguish how media are used by individuals, groups, and organizations for varying purposes. (e.g., 1.3A.5.R1a). |
| 9.4.2.TL.5 | Describe the difference between real and virtual experiences. |
| 1.4.12adv.Re9b | Use understandings of cultures and contexts to shape personal responses to devised or scripted theatre work. |
| 9.1.12.FP.5 | Evaluate how behavioral bias (e.g., overconfidence, confirmation, recency, loss aversion, etc.) affects decision-making. |
| 8.2.12.EC.1 | Analyze controversial technological issues and determine the degree to which individuals, businesses, and governments have an ethical role in decisions that are made. |
| 6.3.8.CivicsPI.1 | Evaluate, take, and defend a position on why government is necessary, and the purposes government should serve. |
| 6.3.8.CivicsPI.2 | Evaluate the extent to which different forms of government reflect the history and values of various societies (e.g., monarchy, democracy, republic, dictatorship). |
| 6.3.8.CivicsPD.3 | Construct a claim as to why it is important for democracy that individuals are informed by facts, aware of diverse viewpoints, and willing to take action on public issues. |
| 6.3.8.CivicsPR.3 | Take a position on an issue in which fundamental ideals and principles are in conflict (e.g., liberty, equality). |
| 6.3.8.CivicsHR.1 | Construct an argument as to the source of human rights and how they are best protected. |
| 6.2.12.CivicsPR.2.a | Compare the principle ideas of the Enlightenment in Europe (e.g., political, social, gender, education) with similar ideas in Asia and the Muslim/Islamic empires of the Middle East and North Africa. |

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| 6.2.12.HistoryUP.2.a | Analyze the impact of new intellectual, philosophical, and scientific ideas on how humans viewed themselves and how they viewed their physical and spiritual worlds. |
| 6.2.12.CivicsPD.3.a | Cite evidence describing how and why various ideals became driving forces for reforms and revolutions in Latin America and across the world (e.g., liberty, popular sovereignty, natural rights, democracy, nationalism). |