

# Semester 2 Unit: Short Fiction

Content Area: **Language Arts**  
Course(s): **English 4H**  
Time Period: **Semester 2**  
Length: **4 - 6 weeks**  
Status: **Published**

## Standards

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| ELA.L.VI.11–12.4   | Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings, including connotative meanings.  |
| ELA.L.VI.11–12.4.A | Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.  |
| ELA.L.VI.11–12.4.B | Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.  |
| ELA.L.VI.11–12.4.C | Analyze how the meaning of a key term or terms develops or is refined over the course of a text.   |
| ELA.L.VI.11–12.4.D | Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.  |
| ELA.R              | Reading  |
| ELA.RL.CR.11–12.1  | Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support a comprehensive analysis of multiple aspects of what a literary text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text; this may include determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.     |
| ELA.RL.CI.11–12.2  | Determine two or more themes of a literary text and analyze how they are developed and refined over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account or analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.   |
| ELA.RL.IT.11–12.3  | Analyze the impact of the author’s choices as they develop ideas throughout the text regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).  |
| ELA.RL.TS.11–12.4  | Evaluate the author’s choices concerning the structure and the effectiveness of specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) and how they contribute to its overall structure and meaning, as well as its aesthetic impact.                |
| ELA.RL.PP.11–12.5  | Evaluate perspectives/lenses from two or more texts on related topics and justify the more cogent viewpoint (e.g., different accounts of the same event or issue, use of different media or formats).  |
| ELA.RL.MF.11–12.6  | Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the author’s message).  |
| ELA.RL.CT.11–12.8  | Demonstrate knowledge of, analyze, and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics. |
| ELA.W              | Writing  |
| ELA.W.AW.11–12.1   | Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.   |
| ELA.W.AW.11–12.1.A | Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that   |

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|                     | logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.  |
| ELA.W.AW.11–12.1.B  | Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.  |
| ELA.W.AW.11–12.1.C  | Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.   |
| ELA.W.AW.11–12.1.D  | Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.  |
| ELA.W.AW.11–12.1.E  | Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).   |
| ELA.W.WP.11–12.4    | Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, trying a new approach; sustaining effort to complete complex writing tasks; tracking and reflecting on personal writing progress (e.g., using portfolios, journals, conferencing); or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. |
| ELA.SL              | Speaking and Listening   |
| ELA.SL.PE.11–12.1   | Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.   |
| ELA.SL.PE.11–12.1.A | Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.  |
| ELA.SL.PE.11–12.1.B | Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.  |
| ELA.SL.PE.11–12.1.C | Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.  |
| ELA.SL.PE.11–12.1.D | Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.   |
| CAEP.9.2.12.C.4     | Analyze how economic conditions and societal changes influence employment trends and future education.   |
| CAEP.9.2.12.C.5     | Research career opportunities in the United States and abroad that require knowledge of world languages and diverse cultures.  |

## **Enduring Understandings**

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Students will understand the following:

Short Story is an art form unto itself.

Short stories offer unique snapshots into life and ideas of family, identity, and language.

Short stories are unique in their limitations in length, but the lessons have great impact.

The short story is a distinct artistic form with its own conventions that can be observed or violated for effect.

A short story allows the reader to examine a small moment with great intensity and focus.

Short stories are enjoyable to read.

## **Essential Questions**

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What are the conventions of short stories?

How do writers follow and subvert those conventions?

How can short stories be adapted into other media?

How do we confront the unique challenges short fiction presents?

How is short fiction suitable for exploring ethical questions?

## **Knowledge and Skills**

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Students will

-reflect on how they read and why they read.

-develop facility grappling with challenging texts.

-conduct close readings, and this kind of work with text requires engaged textual analysis that can help build independent and original claims.

-develop the habits of well-practiced readers of complex texts, such as reading with a pen or pencil in hand and making comments in the margins or on post-it notes.

-attend to how parts of an essay speak to one another, contradict one another, or complicate one another.

-recognize that short stories tend to begin in media res, have limited settings and characters, and take place in a short amount of time.

-appreciate the limited space in comparison to the impact of the message.

-appreciate the craft short story telling requires.

-improve their reading and understanding through inference and searching for what necessarily is left

“unsaid.”

-develop vocabulary generally and use terminology specific to the study of fiction and academic English.

-increase their imaginative capacity as they encounter new settings and characters.

-develop media and technological literacy as they convey their understanding through authentic forms of assessment

(adapted from: Rutgers Almanac 2016)

Assessment:

Students will independently write a work of "flash fiction" (ranging from several hundred to one thousand words) inspired by their choice of several provided prompts. After stories have been compiled and shared with the class, students will write a literary analysis of a peer's work.

## **Additional Resources**

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When planning for this unit, teachers may focus instruction on the following stories and/or other works of short fiction included in the anthology *Literature and Composition: Reading, Writing, Thinking* (Jago, Shea, Scanlon, and Aufses).

- “Finishing Touch” by Claire-Louise Bennett
- “The Man of the Crowd” by Edgar Allan Poe
- “Americaa” by Aimee Bender
- “Bigfoot Stole My Wife” by Ron Carlson
- “Puppy” by George Saunders
- “Cell One” by Chimimanda Ngozi Adichie
- “The Family M” by Budi Darma
- “A Volcano is Born” by Brenda Lozano
- “Paper Menagerie” by Ken Liu

## **Transfer Goals**

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Students will independently be able to discuss the origins, traditions, and voices in the dialogue of short fiction.

Students will contribute to the tradition of expressing short stories to an audience.

## **Assessment**

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[https://docs.google.com/document/d/1\\_w12qVbVV7OTThc9VW43HSpZm3Czh9kegRwYqjMm7fQ/edit?usp=sharing](https://docs.google.com/document/d/1_w12qVbVV7OTThc9VW43HSpZm3Czh9kegRwYqjMm7fQ/edit?usp=sharing)

## **Modifications**

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<https://docs.google.com/document/d/17jJtNi1cFhRgM3667P67m3pGkj1sD-XarWejIWAANIg/edit?usp=sharing>