

00 Additional Standards

Content Area: **Science**
Course(s): **Biology H**
Time Period: **Semester 1 & 2**
Length: **40 weeks**
Status: **Published**

Interdisciplinary Connections Across Content and Grade

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| MA.K-12.2 | Reason abstractly and quantitatively. |
| MA.K-12.3 | Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. |
| MA.S-IC.B.6 | Evaluate reports based on data. |
| MA.S-ID.B.6 | Represent data on two quantitative variables on a scatter plot, and describe how the variables are related. |
| SOC.6.1.12.GeoHE.6.a | Compare and contrast issues involved in the struggle between the unregulated development of natural resources and efforts to conserve and protect natural resources during the period of industrial expansion. |
| SOC.6.1.12.GeoHE.16.a | Explain why natural resources (i.e., fossil fuels, food, and water) continue to be a source of conflict and analyze how the United States and other nations have addressed issues concerning the distribution and sustainability of natural resources and climate change. |
| SOC.6.2.12.EconGE.6.a | Evaluate efforts of governmental, non-governmental, and international organizations to address economic imbalances, social inequalities, climate change, health and/or illiteracy. |
| SOC.6.2.12.GeoPP.6.a | <p>Make evidence-based inferences to determine the global impact of increased population growth, migration, and changes in urban-rural populations on natural resources and land use.</p> <p>Political and economic decisions throughout time have influenced cultural and environmental characteristics.</p> <p>Economic globalization affects economic growth, labor markets, human rights guarantees, the environment, resource allocation, income distribution, and culture.</p> <p>Advancements in technology, investments in capital goods, and human capital increase productivity, economic growth, and standards of living.</p> <p>Historical, contemporary, and emerging processes, rules, laws, and policies are modified as societies change in an effort to promote the common good and strive to protect human rights.</p> |

Computer Science and Design Thinking

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| CS.9-12.8.1.12.DA.1 | Create interactive data visualizations using software tools to help others better understand real world phenomena, including climate change. |
| CS.9-12.8.2.12.EC.1 | Analyze controversial technological issues and determine the degree to which individuals, businesses, and governments have an ethical role in decisions that are made. |
| CS.9-12.8.2.12.EC.2 | Assess the positive and negative impacts of emerging technologies on developing countries and evaluate how individuals, non-profit organizations, and governments have responded. |
| CS.9-12.8.2.12.ED.1 | Use research to design and create a product or system that addresses a problem and make modifications based on input from potential consumers. |
| CS.9-12.8.2.12.ED.4 | Design a product or system that addresses a global problem and document decisions |

made based on research, constraints, trade-offs, and aesthetic and ethical considerations and share this information with an appropriate audience.

CS.9-12.8.2.12.ETW.4

Research historical tensions between environmental and economic considerations as driven by human needs and wants in the development of a technological product and present the competing viewpoints.

CS.9-12.8.2.12.ITH.2

Propose an innovation to meet future demands supported by an analysis of the potential costs, benefits, trade-offs, and risks related to the use of the innovation.

The ability to ethically integrate new technologies requires deciding whether to introduce a technology, taking into consideration local resources and the role of culture in acceptance. Consequences of technological use may be different for different groups of people and may change over time. Since technological decisions can have ethical implications, it is essential that individuals analyze issues by gathering evidence from multiple perspectives and conceiving of alternative possibilities before proposing solutions.

Engineering design is a complex process in which creativity, content knowledge, research, and analysis are used to address local and global problems. Decisions on trade-offs involve systematic comparisons of all costs and benefits, and final steps that may involve redesigning for optimization.

Changes caused by the introduction and use of a new technology can range from gradual to rapid and from subtle to obvious, and can change over time. These changes may vary from society to society as a result of differences in a society's economy, politics, and culture.

Individuals select digital tools and design automated processes to collect, transform, generalize, simplify, and present large data sets in different ways to influence how other people interpret and understand the underlying information.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills

TECH.9.4.12.TL.2

Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data.

TECH.9.4.12.GCA.1

Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political, economic, cultural) may work better than others (e.g., SL.11-12.1., HS-ETS1-1, HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-4, 6.3.12.GeoGI.1, 7.1.IH.IPERS.6, 7.1.IL.IPERS.7, 8.2.12.ETW.3).

TECH.9.4.12.IML.3

Analyze data using tools and models to make valid and reliable claims, or to determine optimal design solutions (e.g., S-ID.B.6a., 8.1.12.DA.5, 7.1.IH.IPRET.8).

TECH.9.4.12.IML.5

Evaluate, synthesize, and apply information on climate change from various sources appropriately (e.g., 2.1.12.CHSS.6, S.IC.B.4, S.IC.B.6, 8.1.12.DA.1, 6.1.12.GeoHE.14.a, 7.1.AL.PRSNT.2).

TECH.9.4.12.IML.6

Use various types of media to produce and store information on climate change for different purposes and audiences with sensitivity to cultural, gender, and age diversity (e.g., NJLSA.SL5).

TECH.9.4.12.IML.7

Develop an argument to support a claim regarding a current workplace or societal/ethical issue such as climate change (e.g., NJLSA.W1, 7.1.AL.PRSNT.4).

Collaborative digital tools can be used to access, record and share different viewpoints and to collect and tabulate the views of groups of people.

Solutions to the problems faced by a global society require the contribution of individuals with different points of view and experiences.

Accurate information may help in making valuable and ethical choices.

In order for members of our society to participate productively, information needs to be shared accurately and ethically.

Digital tools differ in features, capacities, and styles. Knowledge of different digital tools is helpful in selecting the best tool for a given task.

Advanced search techniques can be used with digital and media resources to locate information and to check the credibility and the expertise of sources to answer questions, solve problems, and inform the decision-making.

Reading and Writing

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| LA.RST.9-10.1 | Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions. |
| LA.RST.9-10.2 | Determine the central ideas, themes, or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide an accurate summary of the text. |
| LA.RST.9-10.3 | Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text. |
| LA.RST.9-10.4 | Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9-10 texts and topics. |
| LA.RST.9-10.5 | Analyze the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., force, friction, reaction force, energy). |
| LA.RST.9-10.6 | Determine the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, defining the question the author seeks to address. |
| LA.RST.9-10.7 | Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words. |
| LA.RST.9-10.8 | Determine if the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem. |
| LA.RST.9-10.9 | Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts. |
| LA.RST.9-10.10 | By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently. |
| LA.WHST.9-10.1 | Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant sufficient textual and non-textual evidence. |
| LA.WHST.9-10.2 | Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes. |
| LA.WHST.9-10.6 | Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. |
| LA.WHST.9-10.7 | Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. |
| LA.WHST.9-10.8 | Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the |

research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

LA.WHST.9-10.9

Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.