

Unit 4: Building Blocks o' Narrative - Personal Narrative

Content Area: **Language Arts Literacy**
Course(s): **Creative Writing 2**
Time Period: **March**
Length: **15 blocks**
Status: **Published**

Enduring Understandings

The personal narrative, or story inspired by the writer's experiences, is a great place for any writer to start.

All writers, not just novices, draw upon their own experiences to color their narratives.

Once you create and share a narrative you surrender control of it, and allow others to analyze, interpret and modify it.

Essential Questions

Why is the personal narrative such a great place for the writer to start?

How can the writer draw upon personal experience to color their narratives?

Why does an intensely personal expression like writing wind up connecting the writer with so many other people?

Content

Student generated material

Excerpts from *The Body*, a novella by Stephen King

Stand By Me, a film by Rob Reiner

Skills

Use personal experiences to fill narrative writing with details and characters.

Draw upon personal experience for inspiration.

Provide feedback on peer partner's work and in class-wide discussion.

Organize ideas according to tenets of effective narrative structure.

Resources

Stephen King's "The Body"

Student Writing Journals

Chromebooks

Google Classroom

Standards

NJSLSA.R2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

NJSLSA.R3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.

RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a

story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).

NJSLSA.W3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.11-12.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).

d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.

e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

LA.RL.11-12.2	Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.
LA.RL.11-12.3	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
LA.W.11-12.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
LA.W.11-12.3.A	Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
LA.W.11-12.3.B	Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
LA.W.11-12.3.C	Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
LA.W.11-12.3.D	Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
LA.W.11-12.3.E	Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.