## **Unit 6: Beat It: Day- To- Day Coverage**

What sets my coverage apart?

How will I adapt coverage to meet the needs of my audience?

Content Area: **Language Arts Literacy** Print Journalism 1, Print Journalism 2, Print Journalism 3, Print Journalism 4 Course(s): Time Period: **January** Length: 10 blocks Status: **Published Enduring Understandings** A beat is an area of coverage and responsibility. A beat can be subjective (i.e., Sports) or geographical (a specific town, the White House) or both (Cops & Courts). A journalist must stay on top of any and all news that comes out of his beat, not just what he covers, and be an expert on it. A beat is covered through presence and sourcing. Beat coverage is constantly evolving. **Essential Questions** What beat do I want to cover? What is my audience looking for out of my beat? How can I get an audience/other journalists to notice my coverage?

Content
"Beat," social media, PR
Skills
Report and covering a beat
Define and utilize a blog
Use of industry-preferred social media to report and promote
Develop and cultivate sources
Edit and revise work
Develop story ideas
Check facts for accuracy
Edit and revise the work of others
Layout and design newspaper
Determine stories/items worth coverage
Assign coverage

Resources		
Student Writing		
Chromebooks		
Google Classroom		
Google Docs		

http://crimsoncourier.weebly.com

Delegate editorial responsibilities

## **Standards**

**LA.11-12.W.11-12.2** - [*Progress Indicator*] - Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

**LA.11-12.W.11-12.2.A** - Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

**LA.11-12.W.11-12.2.B** - Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.

**LA.11-12.W.11-12.2.C** - Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.

**LA.11-12.W.11-12.2.D** - Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.

**LA.11-12.W.11-12.2.E** - Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in

which they are writing.

**LA.11-12.W.11-12.2.F** - Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

**LA.11-12.W.11-12.6** - [*Progress Indicator*] - Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

LA.W.11-12.2.A	Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
LA.W.11-12.2.B	Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
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