Algebra 1 CP Course Compendium

UNITS OF STUDY*

Unit 1- Expressions, Equations & Inequalities
Unit 2- Linear Equations/Inequalities and Systems of Linear Equations/Inequalities
Unit 3- Modeling with Linear Functions and Exponential Functions
Unit 4- Quadratic Equations and Functions
Unit 5- Modeling with Statistics
Unit 6- Comparing Functions
Unit 7- TBD

INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS

ALGEBRA 1 CP Credits: 5 Grades: 9, 10, 11, 12

This course is a systematic investigation of the properties of the real number system. The course is designed to deepen and extend understanding of linear and exponential relationships by contrasting them with each other and by applying linear models to data that exhibit a linear trend. Students will also engage in methods for analyzing, solving, and using quadratic functions. This course integrates the elements of algebra with technology, problem solving, application and mathematical modeling. Through the Mathematical Practice Standards students experience mathematics as a coherent, useful, and logical subject that makes use of their ability to make sense of problem situations.

NJSLS Companion Standards Grades 9-12 (Reading & Writing in Science & Technical Subjects)

RST.9-10.3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.

RST.9-10.7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.

RST.9-10.8. Determine if the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem. **RST.11-12.1.** Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.

RST.11-12.3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.

RST.11-12.8. Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.

21st Century Life and Careers

CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.

CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

*See individual units for Pacing Guide, NJSLS Standards, Transfer Skills, Enduring Understandings, Essential Questions, Learning Objectives, Key Vocabulary, Skills, Resources, & Assessments

CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.

CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.

9.3.ST.2 Use technology to acquire, manipulate, analyze and report data.

9.3.ST.5 Demonstrate an understanding of the breadth of career opportunities and means to those opportunities in each of the Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics Career Pathways.

9.3.ST.6 Demonstrate technical skills needed in a chosen STEM field.

9.3.ST-SM.4 Apply critical thinking skills to review information, explain statistical analysis, and to translate, interpret and summarize research and statistical data.

Technology

8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.

8.1.12.A.CS1 Understand and use technology systems.

8.1.12.A.CS2 Select and use applications effectively and productively.

8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact of technology, engineering, technological design, computational thinking and the designed world as they relate to the individual, global society, and the environment

E. Computational Thinking: Programming: Computational thinking builds and enhances problem solving, allowing students to move beyond using knowledge to creating knowledge.

8.2.12.E.1 Demonstrate an understanding of the problem-solving capacity of computers in our world.

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR DIVERSE LEARNERS			
English Language Learners	Students Receiving Special Education Services	Advanced Learners	
 Personal glossary Text-to-speech Extended time Simplified / verbal instructions Frequent breaks WIDA Can Do Descriptors for Grade 9-12 WIDA Essential Actions Handbook FABRIC Paradigm Wall Township ESL Grading Protocol	 Small group/One to one Additional time Review of directions Student restates information Space for movement or breaks Extra visual and verbal cues and prompts Preferential seating Follow a routine/schedule Rest breaks Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task Checklists Immediate feedback 	 Use of high level academic vocabulary/texts Problem-based learning Pre-assess to condense curriculum Interest-based research Authentic problem-solving Homogeneous grouping opportunities Knowledge and Skill Standards in Gifted Education for All Teachers Pre-K-Grade 12 Gifted 	

MODIFICATIONS / ACCOMMODATIONS

*See individual units for Pacing Guide, NJSLS Standards, Transfer Skills, Enduring Understandings, Essential Questions, Learning Objectives, Key Vocabulary, Skills, Resources, & Assessments

Use WIDA Can Do Descriptors in coordination with Student Language Portraits (SLPs).	Students receiving Special Education programming have specific goals and objectives, as well as accommodations and modifications outlined within their Individualized Education Plans (IEP) due to an identified disability and/or diagnosis. In addition to exposure to the general education curriculum, the instruction is differentiated based upon the student's needs. The IEP acts as a supplemental curriculum guide inclusive of instructional strategies that support each learner. Considerations for Special Education Students 6-12. National Center on Universal Design for Learning - About UDL. UDL Checklist UDL Key Terms	Programming Standards Gifted Programming Glossary of TermsStudents with 504 PlanTeachers are responsible for implementing designated services and strategies identified on a student's 504 Plan.	
At Risk Learners / Differentiation Strategies			
Alternative Assessments Choice Boards Games and Tournaments Group Investigations Learning Contracts Leveled Rubrics Multiple Texts Personal Agendas Homogeneous Grouping Online Math Practice	Independent Research & Projects Multiple Intelligence Options Project-Based Learning Varied Supplemental Activities Tiered Activities/Assignments Tiered Products Graphic Organizers Choice of Activities Mini-Workshops to Reteach or Extend Think-Pair-Share by readiness Use of Collaboration of Various Activities	Jigsaw Think-Tac-Toe Cubing Activities Exploration by Interest Flexible Grouping Goal-Setting with Students Homework Options Open-Ended Activities Varied Product Choices Stations/Centers Work Alone/Together	