

Unit IV: Color and Value

Content Area: **Art**
Course(s): **Art Experience, Art**
Time Period: **March**
Length: **8 weeks**
Status: **Published**

Enduring Understandings

Cultural influences such as rules, beliefs, climate, landscape, costumes and folklore of a culture all play important roles in works of art.

The arts are essential to the human experience.

Essential Questions

What choices must a painter make before beginning a work?

How do I use art in my everyday life?

Content

Interdisciplinary Connections

Science

Social Studies

Related Artists, Culture, Work of Art

Homer

Find similarities in works of art.

Skills

Describe art elements and principles in environment.

Recognize fine art and functional art.

Examine and respond to works of art.

Demonstrate concern for the final appearance of artwork.

Explore painting techniques.

Change the value of color.

Discuss expressive qualities of color.

Comprehend how art works express feelings and moods.

Use dialogue skills as a mode of aesthetic inquiry.

Identify symbols in a work of art.

Standards

LA.RL.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
LA.RL.2.2	Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message/theme, lesson, or moral.
LA.RI.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
LA.SL.2.5	Use multimedia; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of

	experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
SOC.6.1.4.A.15	Explain how and why it is important that people from diverse cultures collaborate to find solutions to community, state, national, and global challenges.
SOC.6.1.4.A.CS10	In an interconnected world, it important to consider different cultural perspectives before proposing solutions to local, state, national, and global challenges.
SOC.K-4.1.1.2	Explain how the present is connected to the past.
SOC.K-4.1.3.1	Distinguish fact from fiction.
VPA.1.3.2.D.1	Create two- and three-dimensional works of art using the basic elements of color, line, shape, form, texture, and space, as well as a variety of art mediums and application methods.
VPA.1.3.2.D.2	Use symbols to create personal works of art based on selected age-appropriate themes, using oral stories as a basis for pictorial representation.
VPA.1.3.2.D.3	Employ basic verbal and visual art vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge of the materials, tools, and methodologies used to create and tell visual stories.
VPA.1.3.2.D.4	Explore the use of a wide array of art mediums and select tools that are appropriate to the production of works of art in a variety of art media.
VPA.1.3.2.D.CS1	Visual statements in art are derived from the basic elements of art regardless of the format and medium used to create the art. There are also a wide variety of art media, each having its own materials, processes, and technical application methods for exploring solutions to creative problems.
VPA.1.3.2.D.CS2	Symbols convey meaning agreed upon by a group or culture. Manipulation of the basic elements of art and principles of design for personal expression results in visual communication that may be relevant in a variety of settings.
VPA.1.3.2.D.CS3	Each of the visual art forms uses various materials, tools, and techniques that are associated with unique verbal and visual vocabularies.
VPA.1.3.2.D.CS4	Knowledge of visual art media necessitates an understanding of a variety of traditional and nontraditional tools, applications, possibilities, and limitations.
VPA.1.4.2.A.3	Use imagination to create a story based on an arts experience that communicated an emotion or feeling, and tell the story through each of the four arts disciplines (dance, music, theatre, and visual art).
VPA.1.4.2.A.CS1	Each arts discipline (dance, music, theatre, and visual art) has distinct characteristics, as do the artists who create them.