World Languages Grade 8 Curriculum Guide

LINDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS LINDEN, NEW JERSEY

DENISE CLEARY ACTING SUPERINTENDENT

Kevin LaMastra SUPERVISOR OF BILINGUAL, ESL & WORLD LANGUAGES

The Linden Board of Education adopted the Curriculum Guide on:

August 25, 2022 Education - Item #10
Date Agenda Item

Rationale

Be it resolved, that all curricula within the following content areas be readopted for use in the Linden Public Schools for the 2022-2023 school year. All curricula are aligned to the New Jersey Student Learning Standards.

Public Notice of Non-Discrimination

If any student or staff member feels that they have experienced discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, gender, ancestry, national origin, social or economic status, sexual orientation or disability, contact:

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Linden Public Schools Vision

The Linden Public School District is committed to developing respect for diversity, excellence in education, and a commitment to service, in order to promote global citizenship and ensure personal success for all students

Linden Public Schools Mission

The mission of the Linden Public School District is to promote distinction through the infinite resource that is Linden's diversity, combined with our profound commitment to instructional excellence, so that each and every student achieves their maximum potential in an engaging, inspiring, and challenging learning environment.

LINDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

WORLD LANGUAGES PROGRAM PHILOSOPHY

Course Description

The study of world languages is an essential component in the education of the students of the 21st Century. As the rapid advances of globalization create a growing interdependence between diverse people and cultures, we must strive to prepare students to participate fully and responsibly in both local and global communities. Therefore, the Linden World Languages Department believes that every student should be given the opportunity to study a world language.

Language and culture are the foundation of human experience. We believe that all students must develop and maintain proficiency in English and at least one other language. The department believes that each student must be provided with a broad range of educational and aesthetic experiences in language study in order to enhance the development of the student's individual interests and talents, and to develop a form of empathy which acknowledges the dignity and worth of all people.

We believe that the World Language curriculum should provide a sequential program of communicative-based language instruction in grades K- through 12. We believe that language is acquired through meaningful interactive experiences enriched by culturally authentic content. Through language instruction students are provided opportunities to reach out to others across cultural and linguistic boundaries. The National Standards for World Languages instruction identifies five goals for language education: **Communication, Cultures, Connections, Comparisons,** and **Communities.** In the world language classroom, standards influence the curriculum, assessment, and instruction. The three purposes of Communication (interpersonal, interpretive, and presentation) form the heart. Culture is always embedded in the instruction. Connections, Comparisons, and Communities enrich the learning activities. The performance standards inform the assessments that show students their progress toward higher levels of proficiency in using the target language. The focus is on what students can do with the language they are learning.

The Linden World Languages curriculum is organized around these goals.

We believe World Language instruction must be characterized by progressive learning with instruction based on inquiry, solving real life problems and upon application of concepts. We believe that an appreciation of the individual student's learning style is necessary for success in language learning.

The LPS World Language curriculum explores themes across the content areas and makes connections to the multicultural dimensions of the 21st Century, fostering a greater respect for ethnic differences and an understanding of world cultures.

PROGRAM GOALS

World languages education provides learners with the essential language skills and cultural understandings in languages other than English necessary to live and work in a global, culturally diverse world.

Six general goals are reflected in this student-centered curriculum. Students will be able to:

Develop communicative competence and an understanding of other cultures.

As nations become increasingly interdependent, the need to communicate effectively in more than one language is essential. By interweaving the study of language and culture, our proficiency-oriented program seeks to broaden students' communication skills; to expand understanding and respect for differences; and to foster a sensitive appreciation with a positive disposition towards the languages and social traditions of others.

Demonstrate their abilities to learn another language.

Students must have experiences beginning in the early grades which lead to an understanding that language learning is an innate human capacity and that all children who speak one language should have the opportunity to learn another language commensurate with their individual learning styles and abilities.

Become problem solvers.

Students are expected to recognize problems, devise solutions with others, analyze advantages and disadvantages to the alternatives and evaluate the effectiveness of the strategies selected.

Read a variety of materials with comprehension and critical analysis.

Our sequenced, student-centered program synthesizes the development of reading skills and cultural awareness through the integrated study of art, music, history, and literature.

Write in clear, concise language for different purposes and audiences.

Students must learn to write and to explore themes and issues across content areas to respond to the demands created by growing diversity in the United States and economic interdependence worldwide.

Access technology-based communication and information systems.

Skills in the use of technology will facilitate career planning, improve workplace readiness and promote lifelong learning.

Linden Public Schools Middle School World Languages Curriculum

The themes and topic chosen for the Secondary world languages program lend themselves to the ACTFL goal of delivering instruction at least 90% in the target language, and the departmental goal of ensuring that we provide target language that is comprehensible and compelling to students. Thus, we begin with topics and scenarios that are the most familiar to students (self, family, school, etc.), making them comprehensible in the target language through scaffolding techniques and repeated exposures.

Note that these themes are repeated and expanded from year to year, building upon and enlarging the students' acquired battery of vocabulary and structures and moving the students towards higher levels of proficiency.

Language Proficiency Levels

Unlike other NJ Student Learning Standards, the World Languages standard is benchmarked by proficiency levels, rather than grade levels. The levels are fully defined in the World Languages Performance Level Descriptors Table and are summarily reflected in the following proficiency statements:

- **Novice-Mid Level:** Students communicate *using memorized words and phrases* to talk about familiar topics related to school, home, and the community.
- **Novice-High Level:** Students communicate *using words, lists, and simple sentences* to ask and answer questions, to handle simple transactions related to everyday life, and to talk about subject matter studied in other classes.
- Intermediate-Low Level: Students communicate using simple sentences to ask and answer questions, to handle simple transactions related to everyday life, and to talk about subject matter studied in other classes.
- **Intermediate-Mid Level:** Students communicate *using strings of sentences* to ask and answer questions, to handle simple transactions related to everyday life, and to talk about subject matter studied in other classes.
- **Intermediate-High Level:** Students communicate *using connected sentences and paragraphs* to handle complicated situations on a wide-range of topics.
- **Advanced-Low Level:** Students communicate *using paragraph-level discourse* to handle complicated situations on a wide-range of topics.

Linden Public Schools World Languages Proficiency Targets

LPS WL curricula has been designed to be congruent with the New Jersey Student Learning Standards, ACTFL recommendations and best practices in L2 teaching. Outcomes have been designed to meet NJSLS cumulative progress indicators, moving students on the proficiency continuum from novice towards advanced levels. The chart below outlines the projected proficiency progress of students across the grade levels.

Outcomes are based on the current frequency of instruction currently delivered in district. Elementary students receive a period of instruction every six-days, middle school students every other day, and high school students attend daily classes.

Students who study the same World Language in grades 9-12 will be positioned to graduate with a proficiency level that meets or exceeds the Intermediate-Mid description. All 12th grade students who demonstrate proficiency at the Intermediate level will be given an opportunity to take an assessment that will qualify them if successful to earn the NJ Seal of Biliteracy.

Elementary to Middle School Proficiency Targets

Grade Level	Course	Projected Proficiency Outcomes
K-5	Elementary World Language	Interpretive: Approaching Novice Mid
		Interpersonal: Approaching Novice Mid
		Presentational: Approaching Novice Mid
6	6 th Grade World Language	Interpretive: Novice Mid
		Interpersonal: Novice Mid
		Presentational: Novice Mid
7	^{7th} Grade World Language	Interpretive: Novice Mid
		Interpersonal: Novice Mid
		Presentational: Novice Mid
8	8 th grade World Language	Interpretive: Approaching Novice High
		Interpersonal: Approaching Novice High
		Presentational: Approaching Novice High

Note: As students enter 9th grade, they may choose a new language of study. Students who have successfully completed WL Level 1 (demonstrating novice high proficiency) in the middle school may progress to World Language Level 2 in 9th grade.

High School Level Proficiency Targets

Grade Level	Course	Projected Proficiency Outcome	
9-12	WL Level 1	Interpretive: Approaching Novice High	
		Interpersonal: Approaching Novice High	
		Presentational: Approaching Novice High	
9-12	WL Level 2	Interpretive: Novice High	
		Interpersonal: Novice High	
		Presentational: Novice High	
9-12	WL Level 3	Interpretive: approaching /intermediate low	
		Interpersonal: approaching /Intermediate low	
		Presentational: approaching /Intermediate low	
9-12	WL Level 4	Interpretive: Intermediate mid	

	Interpersonal: Intermediate mid
	Presentational: Intermediate mid

Note: Linden High School offers classes in Heritage Spanish for students who possess higher levels of proficiency than non-heritage students. Our heritage students vary greatly in the levels of literacy that they possess in their home language. Some arrive in heritage classes with stronger receptive skills (the ability to hear and understand Spanish) at a more advanced proficiency level than their non-heritage peers, but low proficiency rates in productive skills (speaking and writing). But this varies from student to student, as others do arrive in Heritage Spanish with higher productive proficiency levels. For this reason, projected outcomes are predicted in a more general fashion, addressing individual students needs with the goal of developing proficiency levels across the wide horizontal scope of the intermediate range towards advanced proficiency.

Grade Level	Course	Projected Outcome Overall Proficiency Levels
9-12	WL Heritage Level 1	Intermediate Low
9-12	WL Heritage Level 2	Intermediate Mid
9-12	WL Heritage Level 3	Approaching Intermediate High

Earning the NJ Seal of Biliteracy

The Seal of Biliteracy was an initiative started by Californians Together in 2008 to acknowledge and award bilingual and multilingual students. In 2011, it officially became legislation in California and now multiple states throughout the nation have implemented a statewide Seal of Biliteracy. On January 19, 2016, New Jersey became the 17th state to implement a legislated statewide Seal of Biliteracy. By achieving the Seal of Biliteracy, students demonstrate that they are able to speak, read, comprehend and write in two or more languages at a high level of proficiency.



The Seal of Biliteracy seeks to:

- Encourage students to study languages
- Certify attainment of biliteracy
- Provide employers with a method of identifying people with language and biliteracy skills

- Provide universities with a method to recognize and award academic credit to applicants seeking admission
- Prepare students with 21st century skills
- Recognize and promote second language instruction in public schools
- Strengthen intergroup relationships, affirm the value of diversity, and honor the multiple cultures and language of a community

The Seal of Biliteracy opens up opportunities for those pursuing higher education or joining the workforce. As the world increasingly becomes more global, the need for employees with bilingual and multilingual skills has increased.

Employers seek bilingual or multilingual individuals for reasons such as:

- Accessing expanding markets;
- Better serving customer needs;
- Reaching particular and wider ranges of audiences; or
- Opening a channel of communication with customers.

Linden's Multiple Pathways to Biliteracy

A long-term goal of the Linden Public Schools is to enable all students to graduate with high levels of language proficiency in at least two languages.

As described earlier in this document, having high levels of skills in at least two languages will equip our students to meet the demands and challenges of our interconnected, global world, and to play an active role as global citizens. At the secondary level, students have the opportunity to study a wide variety of World Languages: Chinese, French, Italian and Spanish.

As a district, we value of the linguist and cultural diversity of our students, families and community. We understand the language and culture that our ELLs bring to our schools are the foundation that all further literacies will be built upon. We strive to provide culturally sustaining pedagogy, encouraging students to maintain and expand their home languages, while also achieving high levels of English language proficiency.

For this reason, the Bilingual, ESL & World Languages department encourages and facilitates testing for all qualifying 12thgrade students so that they may have an opportunity to attain the NJ Seal of Biliteracy. In general, it is anticipated that all students who study a World Language in grades 9-12, will have attained or exceeded the intermediate-mid level of proficiency required to earn the NJ Seal of Biliteracy.

World Languages: Grade 8

The 8th grade World Language class is the third year in a three-year middle school World Languages sequence. The course is designed to accommodate students who are new to the target language as well as those who may have had the benefit of exposure to the language at the elementary level. While the elementary program seeks to address affective factors so as to help students to feel comfortable and confident about learning a second language, the secondary program builds upon this foundation and working on developing fluency while building upon the students' emerging literacy skills in both their L1 and L2.

Middle School World Languages, Grades 6-8, meet every other day for a 40-minute class period providing students with approximately 60 hours of instruction per year in the target language, and a total of 180 hours for the grades 6-8 sequence.

Repetition, Recycling and Expansion

Second Language Acquisition Research informs us that learners acquire language not through the explicit teaching of grammatical structures, but through exposures to comprehensible input. Learners acquire language by hearing messages in the target language that they can understand. With that key SLA principle in mind, the World Languages curriculum seeks to establish core vocabulary drawn from the 100-200 most frequent words used in the target language. This vocabulary is introduced, reinforced, recycled and gradually expanded as students gradually develop the proficiency necessary to first listen and read increasingly complex messages (from words to phrases to paragraph level stories), then leading to their ability to produce original messages (speaking and writing) in the target language.

Teachers strive to provide students with comprehensible and compelling input, delivered in the target language each day through activities (classroom routines, stories, music, interactions) designed to use language for authentic purposes rather than "language practice'.

200 Most Common Words in Spanish (in order)

1.	el / la	the	50.	mismo	same
2.	de	of	51.		Same
3.	que	that / what	52.	yo también	I also
			53.		also
4.	У	and		hasta	until
5.	а	to	54.	año	year
6.	en	in	55.	dos	two
7.	un	a	56.	querer	to want
8.	ser	to be	57.	entre	between
9.	se	pronoun, reflexive marker, himself / herself	58.	así	like that
10.	no	no	59.	primero	first
11.	haber	to have, hay, había	60.	desde	since
12.	por	for	61.	grande	large, great, big
13.	con	with	62.	eso	that
14.	su	his, hers, theirs	63.	ni	not, neither
15.	para	for	64.	nos	us
16.	como	like, as	65.	llegar	arrive
17.	estar	to be	66.	pasar	to pass
18.	tener	to have	67.	tiempo	time, weather
19.	le	to him	68.	ella	her / she
20.	lo	the (lo mejor es estudiar mucho)	69.	sí	yes
21.	lo	it (lo compré en la tienda)	70.	día	the day
22.	todo	all	71.	uno	one
23.	pero	but	72.	bien	well
24.	más	more	73.	росо	a little
25.	hacer	to do, make	74.	deber	should
26.	0	or	75.	entonces	then
27.	poder	to be able to	76.	poner	to put
28.	decir	to say, tell	77.	cosa	thing
29.	este	this	78.	tanto	so much
30.	ir	to go	79.	hombre	the man
31.	otro	other	80.	parecer	to appear
32.	ese	that	81.	nuestro	our
33.	la	it (feminine)	82.	tan	so much
34.	si	if, whether	83.	donde	where
35.	me	pronoun, me (¿cuándo me va a llamar?)	84.	ahora	now
36.	ya	already, still	85.	parte	part
37.	ver	to see	86.	después	after
38.		because	87.	vida	life
	porque				
39. 40.	dar	to give	88.	quedar	to stay
3/5/8/	cuando	when	89.	siempre	always
41.	él	he	90.	creer	to believe
42.	muy	very	91.	hablar	to talk
43.	sin	without	92.	llevar	to wear, carry
44.	vez	time	93.	dejar	to leave
45.	mucho	a lot	94.	nada	nothing
46.	saber	to know	95.	cada	each
47.	qué	what, that	96.	seguir	to follow
48.	sobre	about	97.	menos	minus, less
49.	mi	my	98.	nuevo	new
50.	alguno	some	99.	encontrar	to find, meet

101	alga	comothing	151. nunca	never
	algo	something		never
	sólo	only, just	152. manera	way, manner
	pues	then, well then	153. cual	which, who, whom
	llamar	to call	154. mientras	meanwhile, while, whereas, as long as
	venir	to come	155. contar	to count, tell
106.	pensar	to think	156. fin	end
	aquel	that (over there)	157. tipo	type, kind
	momento	moment, time	158. gente	people
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	sino	but rather	159. además	in addition to, also, as well, besides
	esto	this	160. solo	lonely, alone
	salir	to leave	161. empezar	to begin
112.	volver	to return	162. ejemplo	example (por ejemplo, for example)
113.	forma	form, shape, way	163. esperar	to wait
114.	antes	before	164. hoy	today
115.	bueno	good	165. lado	side (al lado, beside)
116.	casa	house	166. hijo	son
117.	aunque	even though	167. allí	there
118.	mundo	world	168. este	this one
119.	tres	three	169. problema	problem
120.	tal	such	170. cuenta	bill, account
121.	mejor	better	171. medio	means, middle
	tomar	to take, drink	172. contra	against, opposite
	cierto	true	173. buscar	to look for
	conocer	to meet, know	174. dentro	within, inside
	hacía	toward, towards	175. largo	long
	cómo	how?	176. palabra	word
	mujer	woman	177. existir	to exist
	vivir	to live	178. niño	child
	aquí	here	179. entrar	to enter
	caso	case / ocasión	180. embargo	sin embargo, however, nevertheless
	sentir	to feel	181. único	only, unique, sole
	luego	later	182. padre	father
	país	country	183. trabajar	to work
	tratar	to try	184. pequeño	small
	lugar	place	185. alto	tall
136.		you (¿no te han hablado?)	186. cambio	change
	persona	person	187. escribir	to write
	mayor	•	188. cuatro	four
		larger, older, main		
	último	last, final	189. ahí	there
	propio	own	190. perder	to lose
	quién	who, whom	191. nosotro	We
	mirar	to look, watch	192. historia	history, story
	hora	hour	193. idea	idea
	ninguno	none, nobody	194. agua	water
	trabajo	work (noun)	195. producir	to produce
	casi	almost	196. noche	night
	punto	point, dot, period	197. cuidad	city
	durante	during	198. modo	way, manner
	cualquier	any, anyone	199. nombre	name
150	mano	hand	200. ocurrir	to occur

World Language Practices:

The practices are the skills that individuals who leverage their ability to speak multiple languages in their careers use on a regular basis. Because the purpose of World Languages is to

provide students with the essential language skills and cultural understandings in languages other than English, many of the practices can be applied to daily life. These practices establish a strong link between communication and culture, which is applied when making connections and comparisons and in using language to function as part of local and global communities. Curriculum writers and educators will want to consider how they can design learning experiences that will enable their students to develop these skills in conjunction with the skills reflected in the core ideas and performance expectations (ACTFL, 2012).

Practice	Description
Communicate	Communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.
Cultures	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied. Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied.
Connections	earners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own. Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.
Comparisons	Develop insight into the nature of language and culture in order to interact with cultural competence.
Communities	Learners use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world. Learners set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement.

A note on Performance vs Proficiency:

Unlike other content areas, the NJSLS – WL is benchmarked by proficiency levels. Below is a chart from *ACTFL* Performance Descriptors for Language Learners (2012) that shows how assessing for performance is different from assessing for proficiency.

The ultimate goal of world language instruction is for learners to attain high levels of proficiency, which allows them to use the language with ease and confidence in everyday interactions with native speakers and in the workplace. To attain proficiency, learners learn, use, and practice language that they acquire in a classroom setting. Spiraling and recursive performance in a world language leads to proficiency.

- *Performance* is defined as how well a learner uses language acquired in a classroom setting.
- *Proficiency* is defined as the spontaneous use of language in real-world situations that might occur when:
 - interacting with native speakers of the language, or immersed in a target language environment.

Assessing Performance	Assessing Proficiency
sed on instruction: Describes what the language learner can demonstrate based on what was learned	Independent of specific instruction or curriculum: Describes what the language user can do regardless of where, when or how the language was acquired
actice: Tasks are derived from the language functions and vocabulary that learners have practicedor rehearsed but which are applied to other tasks with familiar contexts	Spontaneous: Tasks are non-rehearsed situations
Familiar content and context: Content based on what was learned, practiced, or rehearsed; all within a context similar but not identical to how learned	Broad content and context: Context and content arethose that are appropriate for the given level
Demonstrated performance: To be evaluated within a range, must be able to demonstrate the features of the domains of a given range in those contexts and content areas that have been learned and practices.	Sustained performance across all the tasks and contextsfor the level: To be at a level, must demonstrate consistent patterns of all the criteria for a given level, allof the time

World Languages Grade 8

Unit 1

Home, Sweet Home

In every culture, the home is a central part of one's life. In this unit, students will learn how to identify rooms and furniture in their home. Students will also be able to explain how their bedroom reflects individuality, representing their hobbies, preferences and other aspects of their personality. In addition to describing the interior and exterior of a home, students will be able to compare their home to different homes around the world. Finally, students will describe the various chores and free time activities that people undertake at home. Students will learn how the places where people live, and what they do in these spaces is a reflection of culture.

Suggested Pacing	Frequency of Instruction	Languages Offered	Proficiency Level Target
22 Classes	8 th grade World Language	Chinese	Novice Mid
Marking Period 1	classes meet every other day for	French	
	a 40-minute period of	Italian	
	instruction	Spanish	

Stage 1: Identify Desired Results

New Jersey Student Learning Standard for World Languages 2020 Edition

Standard 7.1 All students will be able to use a world language in addition to English to engage in meaningful conversation, to understand and interpret spoken and written language, and to present information, concepts, and ideas, while also gaining an understanding of the perspectives of other cultures. Through language study, they will make connections with other content areas, compare the language and culture studied with their own, and participate in home and global communities.

7.1.NM.IPRET.1-5 7.1.NM.IPERS. 1-6 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1-6

CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Interpretive Mode of Communication
Learning a language involves interpreting meaning from listening, viewing, and reading culturally authentic materials in the target language.	 7.1.NM.IPRET.1: Identify familiar spoken and written words, phrases, and simple sentences contained in culturally authentic materials and other resources related to targeted themes. 7.1.NM.IPRET.2: Respond with actions and/or gestures to oral and written directions, commands, and requests that relate to familiar and practiced topics. 7.1.NM.IPRET.3: Identify familiar people, places, objects in daily life based on simple oral and written descriptions. 7.1.NM.IPRET.4: Report on the content of short messages that they hear, view, and read in predictable culturally authentic materials.

	7.1.NM.IPRET.5: Demonstrate comprehension of brief oral and written messages found in short culturally authentic materials on global issues, including climate change.
CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Presentational Mode of Communication
Presentational communication mode involves	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1: Present basic personal information, interests, and activities using memorizedwords, phrases, and a few simple sentences on targeted themes.
presenting information,	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.2: State basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and shortmemorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.
concepts, and ideas toan audience of	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.3: Imitate, recite, and/or dramatize simple poetry, rhymes, songs, and skits.
listeners or readers on a	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.4: Copy/write words, phrases, or simple guided texts on familiar topics.
variety of topics.	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.5: Present information from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authenticmaterials orally or in writing.
	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.6: Name and label tangible cultural products associated with climate change inthe target language regions of the world.

CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Interpersonal Mode of Communication		
Interpersonal communication	 7.1.NM.IPERS.1: Request and provide information by asking and answering simple, practiced questions, using memorized words and phrases. 		
is the exchange of information	 7.1.NM.IPERS.2: Share basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and short memorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class. 		
and the negotiation of meaning between and	 7.1.NM.IPERS.3: Express one's own and react to others' basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized, words, phrases, and simple memorized sentences that are supported by gestures and visuals. 		
among individuals.	 7.1.NM.IPERS.4: Give and follow simple oral and written directions, commands, and requests when participating in classroom and cultural activities. 		
	 7.1.NM.IPERS.5: Imitate gestures and intonation of the target culture(s) native speakers when greeting others, during leave-takings, and in daily interactions. 		
	7.1.NM.IPERS.6: Exchange brief messages with others about climate in the target regions of the world and in one's own region using memorized and practiced words, phrases, and simple, formulaic sentences.		

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
The concepts of home and	What can looking at homes in the target country tell us
community vary across	about the target culture?
cultures.	
	Biliteracy is a valuable skill in a global community.
How can learning another	
language help me achieve my	Listening for familiar words and watching the speaker for
career interests?	clues may help me figure out what the speaker is saying.
What stratogies can Luce to	Listoning for familiar words and watching the speaker for
What strategies can I use to better understand unfamiliar	Listening for familiar words and watching the speaker for clues may help me figure out what
language?	the speaker is saying.
	3.7 Speaker 13 327 6.
How can I make myself	Using pictures, movement, and acting words out can help my
understood as a novice level	classmates, my teacher, and
speaker?	others understand me.
Why doesn't everyone see	Everyone has a culture. It shapes how we see the world,
things the way I do?	ourselves and others.

Note: The essential questions and enduring understandings that we pursue are most often related to the understanding of what language is, how it is intertwined with culture, and developing strategies for coping and successfully communicating before full proficiency is acquired.

Stage 2: Evidence		
Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments	
Anecdotal records, collaborative discussion, tests, quizzes, exit tickets, picture prompt quick writing activities, class polls, performance tasks, listening comprehension tasks, project-based Assessment. Online mini-assessments: Socrative, Kahoot, etc. Assessment of the three modes of communication via student choice boards, student-designed assessment activities, creative extension projects.	 IPA's: Integrated Performance Assessments End of Unit Projects Portfolios documenting Evidence of the completion of "Can Do" tasks performed at the novice-mid level for across the interpretive, interpersonal modes of communication. 	

Integrated Performance Assessments (IPAs) are given at the end of each unit or quarter to evaluate students' progress towards meeting proficiency benchmarks at the novice-mid level.

The IPA is a cluster assessment featuring three tasks, each of which reflects one of the three modes of communication--Interpretive, Interpersonal and Presentational.

Each task provides the information and elicits the linguistic interaction that is necessary for students to complete the subsequent task. Teachers are to design IPAs at the designated proficiency level target of the class, providing tasks that given the students the opportunity to demonstrate their achievement of the targeted CPIs described in the units of the curriculum.

Student performance on Integrated Performance Activities are graded using rubrics which provide the students with feedback about how their performance in the assessed interpersonal, interpretive and presentational tasks matched with the targeted proficiency level.

This curriculum provides examples of ACTFL Rubrics for use with IPA tasks at the novice, intermediate and advanced levels. See the appendices at the end of this document.

Stage 3: Learning Plan

The thematic units of the LPS Middle School World Language Curriculum have been designed to provide instruction and opportunities for students to develop increasing proficiency across the three modes of communication: interpretive, interpersonal, and presentational. The goal of the Middle School World Language curriculum is to advance students towards novice mid proficiency.

Activities

Incorporating a variety of activities to accommodate the learning styles of all students is a necessary requirement.

- Linguistic Activities
- Logical-mathematical
- Spatial Bodily-Kinesthetic
- Interpretive, interpersonal and presentational
- Reading, listening, viewing
- Singing, drawing, dancing

Activities in the target language should foster purposeful and meaningful communication that relates to relevant, real-world situations.

Methodologies

Acquisition focused approach: teachers will provide students with compelling and comprehensible language activities in the target language, with the goal of > than 90% use of the target language. Therefore, teachers must use scaffolding strategies and limit the amount of new language introduced to ensure that students receive the required amount of repeated exposures to target vocabulary and structures to ensure comprehensibility and the development of fluency within the limited scope of our curricular targets.

Natural Approach- A strategy that promotes communicative proficiency by providing real-world, authentic experiences and language experiences within meaningful contexts.

Content

What will Students know? What will students be able to do?

Students will know:

The name of various types of buildings and places where people live across cultures. Wealth and poverty determine living conditions in both the L1 and L2 culture.

The names of rooms in the home, interior and exterior elements of the home

The names of furnishings in the home

Words and phrases describing the activities that take place in the home

Words and phrases describing common chores performed by students at home

Identify the responsibilities of various family members

Words and phrases to tell about possessions

Words and phrases found in authentic real estate (Air B&B) ads

complex variety of messages and stories within this framework.

Note: Teachers should continue to repeat and recycle all previously used vocabulary to shelter the introduction of new vocabulary, and to help students to acquire proficiency with the core vocabulary and structures identified in the World Languages Grades 6-8 curriculum.

The new vocabulary and structures of this unit must be taught through content rather than through isolated vocabulary lists and explicit focus on target structures. Teacher talk, stories, and scaffolded content should use a limited amount of high frequency vocabulary and repeated exposures to the focus target structures.

To be (feeling)

To be (location)

To have

To want

To like

The Super 7 Verb Structures will be emphasized through-out the

World Language I Curriculum in an effort to develop a micro-fluency where students will be able to comprehend and retell an increasingly

Teachers should continue to repeat and recycle all previously used vocabulary to shelter the introduction of new vocabulary, and to help students to acquire proficiency with the core vocabulary and structures identified in the 6-7th grade curriculum.

Repeated Exposures &	Super 7	Days	Days	Personality
Expansions of	Structures	Months	Months	Adjectives
Foundational Vocabulary	Numbers	Time	Time	
and structure Focus Targets	Age	Weather	Weather	Physical
	Colors	Seasons		descriptions
	Size words	Hot/Cold		
	Family			Feelings

Personalized Learning for the World Languages Classrooms		
Student Choice Students will keep a journal of self-selected vocabulary that responds to their life and career interests.	Teacher/Student Collaboration PQA: (Personalized Questions and Answers) Ground new target language content and themes in the lives of students by	

FVR: Free and Voluntary Reading – Help connect students with proficiency level appropriate target language texts during independent reading activities.

Project Based Learning: The themes of the Level 2 curriculum lend themselves to opportunities for student choice in the selection of topics of exploration and creativity and individual expression in their modes of presentation.

asking questions that link directly to students lives and interests.

Collaborative Writing: Teachers listen to students as they talk about content in the target language. This may include telling stories, summarizing content or brain-storming on an academic topic. The teacher puts the students' ideas into well-formed and organized language to serve as a model. This can be done in real-time and projected on video display. The notes are saved and can serve as a helpful reference text for student use.

Suggested Activities

- 1. Give students a questionnaire at the start of the year to learn about their interests and unique learning characteristics.
- 2. Several unit topics connect to exploring career interests. Help students to realize how biliteracy will benefit them in the workplace of the global economy.
- 3. Discuss the NJ Seal of Biliteracy with students. All World Language students in advanced classes will have the opportunity to test for the Seal. Show students the World Languages class progressions that will help them attain the level of proficiency necessary to earn the NJ Seal of Biliteracy.

NOTE: Proficiency Testing for the Seal of Biliteracy will take place in Fall of the student's senior year.

What can students do?

Students will be able to demonstrate proficiency by performing the following interpretive, interpersonal and presentational tasks:

Interpretive Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.IPRET.1-4 / 7.1.NM.IPRET.1-4

Students will listen and/or read descriptions of a home, and they will demonstrate the ability to match these descriptions will the appropriate illustration from authentic materials

Students will recognize language that relates to culturally distinctive aspects of homes found in the target culture.

Identify rooms in the house, furnishings, and the activities that take place in specific rooms, based on simple oral and/or written descriptions.

Students will demonstrate comprehension of short conversations and brief written messages where students from the target culture present and describe their homes.

Students will be able to read and demonstrate comprehension of an authentic real estate advertisement (Air B&B), and will infer the meaning of a few unfamiliar words.

Interpersonal Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.IPERS.1-6 / 7.1.NM.IPERS.1-6

Use digital tools to exchange basic information by recombining memorized words, phrases, and sentences on topics related to self and targeted themes.

Students will demonstrate comprehension of an oral or written description of the floor plan of an apartment by illustrating it as described.

Imitate appropriate gestures, intonation, and common idiomatic expressions of the target culture(s)/language during daily interactions.

Students can have a conversational exchange where partners share information about their rooms and homes in general.

Students will share and exchange information that they have researched related to cultural difference related to housing across socio-economic differences.

Presentational Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.PRSNT.1-4 / 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1-6

Students will create a multi-media rich presentation where they present their "Dream Home," highlighting both the exterior and interior with furnishings.

Students will write and perform a role play between a real estate agent and customer.

Students will create a project where they use their L2 language skills to create a business opportunity, creating an Air B&B multimedia presentation (text and images) where they present and market a rental property.

Students will retell stories presented in class that employs the unit's target structures and vocabulary.

Students will present culturally authentic images and media where they will relate information that they have researched related to the global problem of homelessness and cultural differences related to housing across socio-economic differences.

What can students do with what they know about culture?

Investigate: Students can use technology to identify what homes look like in the target culture.

Reflect: Students can compare and contrast homes in the L1 and L2 culture.

Interact: Students can use technology to share some information about their homes with students from the target culture.

Suggested Resources and Materials

Teacher selected materials should explore cultural diversity and multiple perspectives. Teachers should strive to access rich, cross-content materials, and provide opportunities for students to research, organize and communicate in the target language using technology.

Suggested Class Novels and Extended Readings

	<u> </u>
Spanish	Brandon Brown Quiere Un Perro
French	Brandon Brown Veut Un Chien
Italian	Brandon Brown Vuole Un Cane
Chinese	Brandon BROWN XIĂNG YÀO GŎU

Resources and Materials

Voces Digital Texts and Resources Digital Texts: Nuestra Histoire, Nuestra Historia
Scholastic Foreign Language Magazine
Culturally Authentic Media: Music, Videos, Newspapers, Realia
Games, Quizzes, and Flashcards from www.quia.com
Games, Music, Videos, Songs: Señor Wooly.com
FlpiGrid APP for Video recording of presentational speaking tasks
CULTURALLY Authentic L2 Story Books, Music, and Media
Puppet Show, Flash Cards, Calendar Talk
Teacher produced comprehensible stories and presentations for listening and reading
Technology Tools: Power point, Smart Boards, FlipGrid, Kahoot,
Internet Resources: Calico, Rockalingua, TeacherTube, YouTube,
Culturally authentic realia, maps, dvds, and other authentic resources

Helpful Resources For Lesson Planning and Material Creation

Word Frequency Guides in all	Search: Wictionary.org – Frequency Lists
languages	
Facilitate Language Acquisition by	https://www.languagemagazine.com/april-2018-
Carol Gaab	internet-edition/
CI Peek	https://fluencymatters.com/category/ci-peek/
World of Reading / L2 Texts	https://www.wor.com

Krashen on L2 Acqusition	http://www.sdkrashen.com
The Comprehensible Classroom	https://comprehensibleclassroom.com
Comprehensifying and Extending	http://www.ceauthres.com
Authentic Resources	

Interdisciplinary Connections

Indicator Number	Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills Indicator
9.1.8.CR.2:	Compare various ways to give back through strengths, passions, goals, and other personal factors.
9.1.8.CDM.1	Compare and contrast the use of credit cards and debit cards for specific purchases and the advantages and disadvantages of using each.
9.1.8.CP.2	Analyze how spending habits affect one's ability to save.
9.1.8.FP.1	Describe the impact of personal values on various financial scenarios.
9.1.8.FP.3	Explain how self-regulation is important to managing money (e.g., delayed gratification, impulse buying, peer pressure, etc.).
9.1.8.FP.7	Identify the techniques and effects of deceptive advertising.
9.2.8.CAP.2	Develop a plan that includes information about career areas of interest.
9.2.8.CAP.3	Explain how career choices, educational choices, skills, economic conditions, and personal behavior affect income.
9.2.8.CAP.8	Compare education and training requirements, income potential, and primary duties of at least two jobs of interest.
9.2.8.CAP.12	Assess personal strengths, talents, values, and interests to appropriate jobs and careers to maximize career potential.
9.2.8.CAP.19	Relate academic achievement, as represented by high school diplomas, college degrees, and industry credentials, to employability and to potential level
9.4.8.CI.4	Explore the role of creativity and innovation in career pathways and industries.
9.4.8.CT.1	Evaluate diverse solutions proposed by a variety of individuals, organizations, and/or agencies to a local or global problem, such as climate change, and use critical thinking skills to predict which one(s) are likely to be effective
9.4.8.DC.4	Explain how information shared digitally is public and can be searched, copied, and potentially seen by public audiences.
9.4.8.DC.5	Manage digital identity and practice positive online behavior to avoid inappropriate forms of self-disclosure.
9.4.8.GCA.1	Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect.
9.4.8.IML.1	Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when searching for information.
9.4.8.IML.4	Ask insightful questions to organize different types of data and create meaningful visualizations.

9.4.8.IML.9	Distinguish between ethical and unethical uses of information and media
9.4.8.IML.15	Explain ways that individuals may experience the same media message differently.
9.4.8.TL.3	Select appropriate tools to organize and present information digitally.

Indicator	English Language Arts		
Number	Indicator		
NJSLSA.R1.	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical		
	inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when		
	writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.		
NJSLSA.R4.	Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining		
	technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word		
	choices shape meaning or tone.		
NJSLSA.R7.	Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including		
	visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.		
NJSLSA.R10.	Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and		
	proficiently with scaffolding as needed.		
NJSL.8.2.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice,		
	and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		
WHST.6-8.4.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and		
	information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization,		
	and analysis of content.		
NJSLSA.W6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to		
	interact and collaborate with others.		
NJSLSA.L4.	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and		
phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consult			
	general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.		
Indicator	Technology		
Number	Indicator		
8.1.8.A.1	Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.		
8.1.8.A.2	Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters		
	or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for		
	usability.		
8.1.8.B.1	Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex.		
	telecollaborative project, blog, school web).		
8.1.8.C.1	Collaborate to develop and publish work that provides perspectives on a global problem		
	for discussions with learners from other countries.		

Indicator	Computer Science and Design Thinking
Number	Indicator
8.1.8.IC.1	Compare the trade-offs associated with computing technologies that affect
	individual's everyday activities and career options.

8.1.8.IC.2	Describe issues of bias and accessibility in the design of existing technologies.
8.1.8.DA.1	Organize and transform data collected using computational tools to make it usable for a specific purpose.
8.2.8.ITH.1	Explain how the development and use of technology influences economic, political, social, and cultural issues.
8.2.8.ITH.5	Compare the impacts of a given technology on different societies, noting factors that may make a technology appropriate and sustainable in one society but not in another
8.2.8.ETW.3	Analyze the design of a product that negatively impacts the environment or society and develop possible solutions to lessen its impact.
8.2.8.ETW.4	Compare the environmental effects of two alternative technologies devised to address climate change issues and use data to justify which choice is best.
8.2.8.EC.1	Explain ethical issues that may arise from the use of new technologies.

Indicator	Visual and Performing Arts
Number	Indicator
1.3.12int.Pr.6A	Demonstrate attention to technical accuracy and expressive qualities in prepared
	and improvised performances of music representing diverse cultures, styles, genres and historical periods.
1.4.12adv.Re9b	Use understandings of cultures and contexts to shape personal responses to
	devised or scripted theatrical work.
1.5.2.CN11b	Describe why people from different places and times make art about different
	issues, including climate change.
1.5.8.CN11a	Analyze and contrast how art forms are used to represent, establish, reinforce and
1010 001	reflect group identity and culture.
1.2.12adv.Pr6b	Evaluate the benefits and impacts at the global level from presenting media
	artworks, such as new understanding gained by the artist or audience.
1.2.12adv.Re7b	Analyze the social, historical, and political impact of artists on culture and the
	impact of culture on the arts.
1.4.5.Cn10a	Explain how drama/theater connects oneself to a community or culture and identify
	the ways drama/theater work reflects the perspectives of a community or culture.

Accommodations, Modifications, and Teacher Strategies

504 Plans

Students can qualify for 504 plans if they have physical or mental impairments that affect or limit any of their abilities to:

- walk, breathe, eat, or sleep
- communicate, see, hear, or speak
- read, concentrate, think, or learn
- stand, bend, lift, or work

Examples of accommodations in 504 plans include:

- preferential seating
- extended time on tests and assignments
- reduced homework or classwork
- verbal, visual, or technology aids
- modified textbooks or audiovideo materials
- behavior management support
- adjusted class schedules or grading
- verbal testing
- excused lateness, absence, or missed classwork
- pre-approved nurse's office visits and accompaniment to visits occupational or physical therapy

Gifted and Talent Accommodations and Modifications

- Allow for further independent research on topics of interest related to the unit of study
- Advanced leveled readers and sources
- Increase the level of complexity
- Decrease scaffolding
- Variety of finished products
- Allow for greater independence
- Learning stations, interest groups
- Varied texts and supplementary
- Use of technology
- Flexibility in assignments
- Varied questioning strategies
- Encourage research
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment or student choice
- Acceleration within a unit of study
- Exposure to more advanced or complex concepts, abstractions, and materials
- Encourage students to move through content areas at their own pace
- After mastery of a unit, provide students with more advanced learning activities, not more of the same activity
- Present information using a thematic, broad-based, and integrative content, rather than just single-subject areas

Special Education and At-Risk **Accommodations and Modifications**

- Focus on concept not details
- More visual prompts
- Leveled readers and teacher annotated sources
- Timelines and graphic organizers
- Remove unnecessary material, words, etc., that can distract from the content
- Use of off-grade level materials
- Provide appropriate scaffolding
- Limit the number of steps required for completion
- Time allowed
- Level of independence required
- Tiered centers, assignments, lessons, or products
- Provide appropriate leveled reading materials
- Deliver the content in "chunks"
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use technology, if available and appropriate
- Varied homework and products
- Varied questioning strategies
- Define key vocabulary, multiple-

Provide background knowledge

- meaning words, and figurative language.
- Use audio and visual supports, if available and appropriate
- Provide multiple learning opportunities to reinforce key concepts and vocabulary
- Meet with small groups to reteach idea/skill
- Provide cross-content application of concepts
- Ability to work at their own pace
- Present ideas using auditory, visual, kinesthetic, & tactile means
- Provide graphic organizers and/or highlighted materials
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment
- Differentiated checklists and rubrics, if available and appropriate

English Language Learners Accommodations and Modifications

- Focus on concept not details
- More visual prompts
- Leveled readers and teacher annotated sources
- Guided notes with highlighted words and concepts
- Use of Merriam-Webster's ELL dictionary
 - Timelines and graphic organizers
- Remove unnecessary material, words, etc., that can distract from the content
- Use of off-grade level materials
- Provide appropriate scaffolding
- Limit the number of steps required for completion
- Time allowed
- Level of independence required
- Tiered centers, assignments, lessons, or products
- Provide appropriate leveled reading materials
- Deliver the content in "chunks"
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use technology, if available and appropriate
- Varied homework and products
- Varied questioning strategies
- Provide background knowledge Define key vocabulary, multiplemeaning words, and figurative
- Use audio and visual supports, if available and appropriate

language.

- Provide multiple learning opportunities to reinforce key concepts and vocabulary
- Meet with small groups to reteach idea/skill
- Provide cross-content application of concepts
- Ability to work at their own pace
- Present ideas using auditory, visual, kinesthetic, & tactile means
- Provide graphic organizers and/or highlighted materials
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment
- Differentiated checklists and rubrics, if available and appropriate

World Languages Grade 8

Unit 2

Community Life

"Community Life" – After exploring the home, this unit moves students beyond their dwellings and into the streets of their town. Students will explore places in the community and what people do there. This topic will also provide a communicative context for discussing occupations, giving directions, and distinguishing between public and private spaces.

Suggested Pacing	Frequency of Instruction	Languages Offered	Proficiency Level Target
22 Classes	8th grade World Language	Chinese	Novice Mid
Marking Period 2	classes meet every other day for	French	
	a 40-minute period of	Italian	
	instruction	Spanish	

Stage 1: Identify Desired Results

New Jersey Student Learning Standard for World Languages 2020 Edition

Standard 7.1 All students will be able to use a world language in addition to English to engage in meaningful conversation, to understand and interpret spoken and written language, and to present information, concepts, and ideas, while also gaining an understanding of the perspectives of other cultures. Through language study, they will make connections with other content areas, compare the language and culture studied with their own, and participate in home and global communities.

7.1.NM.IPRET.1-5 7.1.NM.IPERS. 1-6

7.1.14141.11 E135. 1 0

7.1.NM.PRSNT.1-6

CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Interpretive Mode of Communication
Learning a language involves interpreting meaning from listening, viewing, and reading culturally authentic materials in the target language.	 7.1.NM.IPRET.1: Identify familiar spoken and written words, phrases, and simple sentences contained in culturally authentic materials and other resources related to targeted themes. 7.1.NM.IPRET.2: Respond with actions and/or gestures to oral and written directions, commands, and requests that relate to familiar and practiced topics. 7.1.NM.IPRET.3: Identify familiar people, places, objects in daily life based on simple oral and written descriptions. 7.1.NM.IPRET.4: Report on the content of short messages that they hear, view, and read in predictable culturally authentic materials. 7.1.NM.IPRET.5: Demonstrate comprehension of brief oral and written messages found in short culturally authentic materials on global issues, including climate change.

CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Presentational Mode of Communication		
Presentational communication mode involves	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1: Present basic personal information, interests, and activities using memorizedwords, phrases, and a few simple sentences on targeted themes. 		
presenting information,	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.2: State basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and shortmemorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class. 		
concepts, and ideas toan audience of listeners or readers on a variety of topics.	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.3: Imitate, recite, and/or dramatize simple poetry, rhymes, songs, and skits. 		
	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.4: Copy/write words, phrases, or simple guided texts on familiar topics. 		
	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.5: Present information from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authentic materials or ally or in writing. 		
	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.6: Name and label tangible cultural products associated with climate change in the target language regions of the world. 		

CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Interpersonal Mode of Communication
Interpersonal communication is the exchange of information and the negotiation of meaning between and among individuals.	 7.1.NM.IPERS.1: Request and provide information by asking and answering simple, practiced questions, using memorized words and phrases.
	 7.1.NM.IPERS.2: Share basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and short memorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.
	 7.1.NM.IPERS.3: Express one's own and react to others' basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized, words, phrases, and simple memorized sentences that are supported by gestures and visuals.
	 7.1.NM.IPERS.4: Give and follow simple oral and written directions, commands, and requests when participating in classroom and cultural activities.
	 7.1.NM.IPERS.5: Imitate gestures and intonation of the target culture(s) native speakers when greeting others, during leave-takings, and in daily interactions.
	7.1.NM.IPERS.6: Exchange brief messages with others about climate in the target regions of the world and in one's own region using memorized and practiced words, phrases, and simple, formulaic sentences.

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
What makes my town special? How what	The places in a town reflect the cultures of the
ways does it reflect the cultures of the people who live there?	people who live there.
	Everyone has a culture. It shapes how we see the
Why doesn't everyone see things the way	world, ourselves and others.
I do?	

How can learning an L2 help me with my career goals?

Biliteracy is a valuable skill in a global community.

Stage 2: Evidence

Formative Assessments

Anecdotal records, collaborative discussion, tests, quizzes, exit tickets, picture prompt quick writing activities, class polls, performance tasks, listening comprehension tasks, project-based Assessment. Online mini-assessments: Socrative, Kahoot, etc. Assessment of the three modes of communication via student choice boards, student-designed assessment activities, creative extension projects.

Summative Assessments

- IPA's: Integrated Performance Assessments
- End of Unit Projects
- Portfolios documenting Evidence of the completion of "Can Do" tasks performed at the novice-mid level for across the interpretive, interpersonal modes of communication.

Integrated Performance Assessments (IPAs) are given at the end of each unit or quarter to evaluate students' progress towards meeting proficiency benchmarks at the novice-mid level.

The IPA is a cluster assessment featuring three tasks, each of which reflects one of the three modes of communication--Interpretive, Interpersonal and Presentational.

Each task provides the information and elicits the linguistic interaction that is necessary for students to complete the subsequent task. Teachers are to design IPAs at the designated proficiency level target of the class, providing tasks that given the students the opportunity to demonstrate their achievement of the targeted CPIs described in the units of the curriculum.

Student performance on Integrated Performance Activities are graded using rubrics which provide the students with feedback about how their performance in the assessed interpersonal, interpretive and presentational tasks matched with the targeted proficiency level.

This curriculum provides examples of ACTFL Rubrics for use with IPA tasks at the novice, intermediate and advanced levels. See the appendices at the end of this document.

Stage 3: Learning Plan

The thematic units of the LPS Middle School World Language Curriculum have been designed to provide instruction and opportunities for students to develop increasing proficiency across the three modes of communication: interpretive, interpersonal, and presentational. The goal of the Middle School World Language curriculum is to advance students towards novice mid proficiency.

Activities	Methodologies
Incorporating a variety of activities to accommodate the learning styles of all students is a necessary requirement. Linguistic Activities Logical-mathematical Spatial Bodily-Kinesthetic Interpretive, interpersonal and	Acquisition focused approach: teachers will provide students with compelling and comprehensible language activities in the target language, with the goal of > than 90% use of the target language. Therefore, teachers must use scaffolding strategies and limit the amount of new language introduced to ensure that students receive the required amount of repeated exposures to target vocabulary and structures to ensure comprehensibility and the development of fluency within the limited scope of our curricular targets.
presentational Reading, listening, viewing Singing, drawing, dancing Activities in the target language should foster purposeful and meaningful communication that relates to relevant, real-world situations.	Natural Approach- A strategy that promotes communicative proficiency by providing real-world, authentic experiences and language experiences within meaningful contexts.

Content

What will students know? What will students be able to do with the language?

Students will know:

The names of common places in their community:

school, post office, bank, supermarket, etc.

Places of business, recreation, worship, shopping, transportation.

How to distinguish between public and private spaces

The names of occupations and careers related to these locations.

The language necessary to give directions in town.

Words and phrases to describe location (next to, across from, between, behind, in front of)

The names of occupations and places of work in their community.

The language to describe common places and occupations in a target culture town.

Note: Teachers should continue to repeat and recycle all previously used vocabulary to shelter the introduction of new vocabulary, and to help students to acquire proficiency with the core vocabulary and structures identified in the Grades 6-8 curriculum.

The new vocabulary and structures of this unit must be taught There is through content rather than through isolated vocabulary lists and To be (feeling) explicit focus on target structures. Teacher talk, stories, and To be (location) scaffolded content should use a limited amount of high frequency To have vocabulary and repeated exposures to the focus target structures. To want To like The Super 7 Verb Structures will be emphasized through-out the To go World Language I Curriculum in an effort to develop a micro-fluency where students will be able to comprehend and retell an increasingly complex variety of messages and stories within this framework.

Teachers should continue to repeat and recycle all previously used vocabulary to shelter the introduction of new vocabulary, and to help students to acquire proficiency with the core vocabulary and structures identified in the 7th grade curriculum.

Repeated Exposures &	Super 7	Days	Days	Personality
Expansions of	Structures	Months	Months	Adjectives
Foundational Vocabulary	Numbers	Time	Time	
and structure Focus Targets	Age	Weather	School	Physical
	Colors	Seasons	Items	descriptions
	Size words	Hot/Cold		
	Family	The home	Past time	Feelings
			activities	

What can students do?

Students will be able to demonstrate proficiency by performing the following interpretive, interpersonal and presentational tasks:

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Students will be able to demonstrate proficiency by performing the following interpretive, interpersonal and presentational tasks:

Interpretive Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.IPRET.1-4 / 7.1.NM.IPRET.1-4

Students can use the Internet to research community places in the target culture. They will listen and/or read descriptions of community places in culturally authentic media, and they will demonstrate the ability to recognize target words and phrases.

Students will recognize language that relates to culturally distinctive aspects of communities found in the target culture.

Students will comprehend messages about occupations found in specific community places, based on oral and/or written descriptions.

Students will demonstrate comprehension of short conversations and brief written messages where speakers from the target culture describe their community.

Students will be able to read and demonstrate comprehension of an authentic event flyer or blurb from the target culture, and will infer the meaning of a few unfamiliar words.

Interpersonal Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.IPERS.1-6 / 7.1.NM.IPERS.1-6

Students will use digital tools such as social media to create a blog post on favorite community places.

Students can have a conversational exchange where partners ask and give directions and share information related to community places.

Students will share and exchange information that they have researched related to cultural differences related to communities in the target culture in conversations with peers.

Presentational Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.PRSNT.1-4 / 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1-6

Students will use digital tools to create a presentation about multi-cultural aspects of their community and will share this virtually with their e-pals or partner school.

Students will write and perform a role play demonstrating their abilities to ask and give directions to community places using unit vocabulary and structures.

Students will watch a brief video clip that takes place related to the unit theme. Students will retell the story presented in the clip, employing the unit's target structures and vocabulary.

Students will create a project where they use their L2 language skills to create a multimedia text to promote travel to their New Jersey town.

What can students do with what they know about culture?

Investigate: Students can use technology to identify what communities are like in the target culture. Students can research public spaces (libraries, recreation centers, etc.) at home and in the L2 culture. Reflect: Students can compare and contrast school lunches in the L1 and L2 culture.

Interact: Students can use technology to gather, share and exchange information on communities with students from the target culture.

Interdisciplinary Connections		
Indicator	Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills	
Number	Indicator	
9.1.8.CR.2:	Compare various ways to give back through strengths, passions, goals, and other personal factors.	
9.1.8.CDM.1	Compare and contrast the use of credit cards and debit cards for specific purchases and the advantages and disadvantages of using each.	
9.1.8.CP.2	Analyze how spending habits affect one's ability to save.	
9.1.8.FP.1	Describe the impact of personal values on various financial scenarios.	
9.1.8.FP.3	Explain how self-regulation is important to managing money (e.g., delayed gratification, impulse buying, peer pressure, etc.).	
9.1.8.FP.7	Identify the techniques and effects of deceptive advertising.	
9.2.8.CAP.2	Develop a plan that includes information about career areas of interest.	
9.2.8.CAP.3	Explain how career choices, educational choices, skills, economic conditions, and personal behavior affect income.	
9.2.8.CAP.8	Compare education and training requirements, income potential, and primary duties of at least two jobs of interest.	
9.2.8.CAP.12	Assess personal strengths, talents, values, and interests to appropriate jobs and careers to maximize career potential.	
9.2.8.CAP.19	Relate academic achievement, as represented by high school diplomas, college degrees, and industry credentials, to employability and to potential level	
9.4.8.CI.4	Explore the role of creativity and innovation in career pathways and industries.	
9.4.8.CT.1	Evaluate diverse solutions proposed by a variety of individuals, organizations, and/or agencies to a local or global problem, such as climate change, and use critical thinking skills to predict which one(s) are likely to be effective	
9.4.8.DC.4	Explain how information shared digitally is public and can be searched, copied, and potentially seen by public audiences.	
9.4.8.DC.5	Manage digital identity and practice positive online behavior to avoid inappropriate forms of self-disclosure.	
9.4.8.GCA.1	Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect.	
9.4.8.IML.1	Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when searching for information.	
9.4.8.IML.4	Ask insightful questions to organize different types of data and create meaningful visualizations.	
9.4.8.IML.9	Distinguish between ethical and unethical uses of information and media	

9.4.8.IML.15	Explain ways that individuals may experience the same media message differently.
9.4.8.TL.3	Select appropriate tools to organize and present information digitally.

Indicator	English Language Arts
Number	Indicator
NJSLSA.R1.	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical
	inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when
	writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
NJSLSA.R4.	Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining
	technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word
	choices shape meaning or tone.
NJSLSA.R7.	Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including
10020/1117/	visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.
NJSLSA.R10.	Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and
1435257 (proficiently with scaffolding as needed.
NJSL.8.2.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice,
	and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
WHST.6-8.4.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and
	information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization,
	and analysis of content.
NJSLSA.W6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to
	interact and collaborate with others.
NJSLSA.L4.	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and
	phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting
	general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
	6
Indicator	Technology
Number	Indicator
8.1.8.A.1	Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.
8.1.8.A.2	Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business
	letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by
	professionals for usability.
8.1.8.B.1	Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex.
	telecollaborative project, blog, school web).
8.1.8.C.1	Collaborate to develop and publish work that provides perspectives on a global
	problem for discussions with learners from other countries.
Indicator	Computer Science and Design Thinking
Number	Indicator
8.1.8.IC.1	Compare the trade-offs associated with computing technologies that affect
	individual's everyday activities and career options.
8.1.8.IC.2	Describe issues of bias and accessibility in the design of existing technologies.
8.1.8.DA.1	Organize and transform data collected using computational tools to make it usable
	for a specific purpose.
8.2.8.ITH.1	Explain how the development and use of technology influences economic,
	political, social, and cultural issues.

8.2.8.ITH.5	Compare the impacts of a given technology on different societies, noting factors
	that
	may make a technology appropriate and sustainable in one society but not in
	another

Analyze the design of a product that negatively impacts the environment or society and develop possible solutions to lessen its impact.
Compare the environmental effects of two alternative technologies devised to address climate change issues and use data to justify which choice is best.
Explain ethical issues that may arise from the use of new technologies.
Visual and Performing Arts
Indicator
Demonstrate attention to technical accuracy and expressive qualities in prepared
and improvised performances of music representing diverse cultures, styles, genres
and historical periods.
Use understandings of cultures and contexts to shape personal responses to
devised or scripted theatrical work.
Describe why people from different places and times make art about different issues, including climate change.
Analyze and contrast how art forms are used to represent, establish, reinforce and reflect group identity and culture.
Evaluate the benefits and impacts at the global level from presenting media
artworks, such as new understanding gained by the artist or audience.
Analyze the social, historical, and political impact of artists on culture and the
impact of culture on the arts.
Explain how drama/theater connects oneself to a community or culture and identify
the ways drama/theater work reflects the perspectives of a community or culture.

Accommodations, Modifications, and Teacher Strategies

504 Plans

Students can qualify for 504 plans if they have physical or mental impairments that affect or limit any of their abilities to:

- walk, breathe, eat, or sleep
- communicate, see, hear, or speak
- read, concentrate, think, or learn
- stand, bend, lift, or work

Examples of accommodations in 504 plans include:

- preferential seating
- extended time on tests and assignments
- reduced homework or classwork
- verbal, visual, or technology aids
- modified textbooks or audiovideo materials
- behavior management support
- adjusted class schedules or grading
- verbal testing
- excused lateness, absence, or missed classwork
- pre-approved nurse's office visits and accompaniment to visits occupational or physical therapy

Gifted and Talent Accommodations and Modifications

- Allow for further independent research on topics of interest related to the unit of study
- Advanced leveled readers and sources
- Increase the level of complexity
- Decrease scaffolding
- Variety of finished products
- Allow for greater independence
- Learning stations, interest groups
- Varied texts and supplementary
- Use of technology
- Flexibility in assignments
- Varied questioning strategies
- Encourage research
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment or student choice
- Acceleration within a unit of study
- Exposure to more advanced or complex concepts, abstractions, and materials
- Encourage students to move through content areas at their own pace
- After mastery of a unit, provide students with more advanced learning activities, not more of the same activity
- Present information using a thematic, broad-based, and integrative content, rather than just single-subject areas

Special Education and At-Risk Accommodations and Modifications

- Focus on concept not details
- More visual prompts
- Leveled readers and teacher annotated sources
- Timelines and graphic organizers
- Remove unnecessary material, words, etc., that can distract from the content
- Use of off-grade level materials
- Provide appropriate scaffolding
- Limit the number of steps required for completion
- Time allowed
- Level of independence required
- Tiered centers, assignments, lessons, or products
- Provide appropriate leveled reading materials
- Deliver the content in "chunks"
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use technology, if available and appropriate
- Varied homework and products
- Varied questioning strategies
- Provide background knowledge
- Define key vocabulary, multiplemeaning words, and figurative language.
- Use audio and visual supports, if available and appropriate
- Provide multiple learning opportunities to reinforce key concepts and vocabulary
- Meet with small groups to reteach idea/skill
- Provide cross-content application of concepts
- Ability to work at their own pace
- Present ideas using auditory, visual, kinesthetic, & tactile means
- Provide graphic organizers and/or highlighted materials
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment
- Differentiated checklists and rubrics, if available and appropriate

English Language Learners Accommodations and Modifications

- Focus on concept not details
- More visual prompts
- Leveled readers and teacher annotated sources
- Guided notes with highlighted words and concepts
- Use of Merriam-Webster's ELL dictionary
- Timelines and graphic organizers
- Remove unnecessary material, words, etc., that can distract from the content
- Use of off-grade level materials
- Provide appropriate scaffolding
- Limit the number of steps required for completion
- Time allowed
- Level of independence required
- Tiered centers, assignments, lessons, or products
- Provide appropriate leveled reading materials
- Deliver the content in "chunks"
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use technology, if available and appropriate
- Varied homework and products
- Varied questioning strategies
- Provide background knowledge
- Define key vocabulary, multiplemeaning words, and figurative language.
- Use audio and visual supports, if available and appropriate
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- Provide graphic organizers and/or highlighted materials
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment
- Differentiated checklists and rubrics, if available and appropriate

World Languages Grade 8

Unit 3

Let's Read

In this unit teachers will help students increase their L2 proficiency through guiding students through a whole class reading of a novel or short story written at the Novice High Proficiency Level. The selected text will be based on previously taught vocabulary, structures and themes to ensure comprehensibility.

Students will continue to learn foundational vocabulary and expressions through music, stories, games and other engaging activities. In this unit, students will have repeated exposures of the relevant target language vocabulary and structures.

Unit 4 will further develop students' comprehension of foundational target structures (the Super 7 verbs) and high frequency vocabulary that will form the core of the linguistic content that students will be immersed in over the four units of 8th grade World Languages. By helping students develop micro-fluency with a limited set of structures and lexicon, teachers will be able to deliver content-based instruction while remaining in the target language for 90% or more of the class period.

This unit, like all units in the secondary curriculum, is structured to allow teachers the opportunity to provide a great deal or recycling and repetition of the key vocabulary and structures that students will need to develop acquisition of the L2.

Suggested Pacing	Frequency of Instruction	Languages Offered	Proficiency Level Target
22 Classes	Grade 8 World Language classes	Chinese	Novice Mid
Marking Period 3	meet every other day for a 40-	French	
	minute period of instruction	Italian	
		Spanish	

Stage 1: Identify Desired Results

New Jersey Student Learning Standard for World Languages 2020 Edition

Standard 7.1 All students will be able to use a world language in addition to English to engage in meaningful conversation, to understand and interpret spoken and written language, and to present information, concepts, and ideas, while also gaining an understanding of the perspectives of other cultures. Through language study, they will make connections with other content areas, compare the language and culture studied with their own, and participate in home and global communities.

7.1.NM.IPRET.1-5 7.1.NM.IPERS. 1-6 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1-6

CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Interpretive Mode of Communication		
Learning a language involves interpreting meaning from listening, viewing, and reading culturally authentic materials in the target language.	 7.1.NM.IPRET.1: Identify familiar spoken and written words, phrases, and simple sentences contained in culturally authentic materials and other resources related to targeted themes. 7.1.NM.IPRET.2: Respond with actions and/or gestures to oral and written directions, commands, and requests that relate to familiar and practiced topics. 7.1.NM.IPRET.3: Identify familiar people, places, objects in daily life based on simple oral and written descriptions. 7.1.NM.IPRET.4: Report on the content of short messages that they hear, view, and read in predictable culturally authentic materials. 7.1.NM.IPRET.5: Demonstrate comprehension of brief oral and written messages found in short culturally authentic materials on global issues, including climate change. 		
CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Presentational Mode of Communication		
Presentational communication mode involves	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1: Present basic personal information, interests, and activities using memorizedwords, phrases, and a few simple sentences on targeted themes. 7.1.NM.PRSNT.2: State basic needs on very familiar topics using words, 		
presenting information,	phrases, and shortmemorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.		
concepts, and ideas toan audience of	• 7.1.NM.PRSNT.3: Imitate, recite, and/or dramatize simple poetry, rhymes, songs, and skits.		
listeners or readers on a variety of topics.	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.4: Copy/write words, phrases, or simple guided texts on familiar topics. 		
	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.5: Present information from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authenticmaterials orally or in writing. 		
	7.1.NM.PRSNT.6: Name and label tangible cultural products associated with climate change in the target language regions of the world.		

CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Interpersonal Mode of Communication	
	7.1.NM.IPERS.1: Request and provide information by asking and answering	

Interpersonal communication is the exchange of information and the negotiation of meaning between and among individuals.

simple, practiced questions, using memorized words and phrases.

- 7.1.NM.IPERS.2: Share basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and short memorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.
- 7.1.NM.IPERS.3: Express one's own and react to others' basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized, words, phrases, and simple memorized sentences that are supported by gestures and visuals.
- 7.1.NM.IPERS.4: Give and follow simple oral and written directions, commands, and requests when participating in classroom and cultural activities.
- 7.1.NM.IPERS.5: Imitate gestures and intonation of the target culture(s)
 native speakers when greeting others, during leave-takings, and in daily
 interactions.

7.1.NM.IPERS.6: Exchange brief messages with others about climate in the target regions of the world and in one's own region using memorized and practiced words, phrases, and simple, formulaic sentences.

Computer Science and Design Thinking	Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills
	9.2.8.CAP.3
8.1.12.DA.1	9.2.8.CAP.15
8.2.8.ITH.1	9.2.8.CAP.16
8.2.8.ITH.5	9.4.2.GCA.1

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
What can I do to continually improve my	Reading is a powerful activity for improving L2
L2 proficiency?	proficiency. Reading culturally authentic
	materials in their original language provides an
Why doesn't everyone see things the way	unparalleled opportunity for cross-cultural
I do?	learning.
What states are to be to be the	E h H H. h h.
What strategies can I use to better understand unfamiliar language?	Everyone has a culture. It shapes how we see the world, ourselves and others.
understand dinamiliar language:	world, ourselves and others.
	Listening for familiar words and watching the
What strategies can I use to make myself	speaker for clues may help me figure out what
understand as I learn a new language?	the speaker is saying.
	Using pictures, movement, and acting words out
	can help my classmates, my teacher, and
	others understand me.

Stage 2: Evidence

Formative Assessments

Anecdotal records, collaborative discussion, tests, quizzes, exit tickets, picture prompt quick writing activities, class polls, performance tasks, listening comprehension tasks, project-based Assessment. Online mini-assessments: Socrative, Kahoot, etc. Assessment of the three modes of communication via student choice boards, student-designed assessment activities, creative extension projects.

Summative Assessments

- IPA's: Integrated Performance Assessments
- End of Unit Projects
- Portfolios documenting Evidence of the completion of "Can Do" tasks performed at the novice-mid level for across the interpretive, interpersonal modes of communication.

Integrated Performance Assessments (IPAs) are given at the end of each unit or quarter to evaluate students' progress towards meeting proficiency bench marks at the novice-mid level.

The IPA is a cluster assessment featuring three tasks, each of which reflects one of the three modes of communication--Interpretive, Interpersonal and Presentational.

Each task provides the information and elicits the linguistic interaction that is necessary for students to complete the subsequent task. Teachers are to design IPAs at the designated proficiency level target of the class, providing tasks that given the students the opportunity to demonstrate their achievement of the targeted CPIs described in the units of the curriculum.

Student performance on Integrated Performance Activities are graded using rubrics which provide the students with feedback about how their performance in the assessed interpersonal, interpretive and presentational tasks matched with the targeted proficiency level.

This curriculum provides examples of ACTFL Rubrics for use with IPA tasks at the novice, intermediate and advanced levels. See the appendices at the end of this document.

Stage 3: Learning Plan

The thematic units of the LPS Middle School World Language Curriculum have been designed to provide instruction and opportunities for students to develop increasing proficiency across the three modes of communication: interpretive, interpersonal, and presentational. The goal of the Middle School World Language curriculum is to advance students towards novice mid proficiency.

Activities	Methodologies
Incorporating a variety of activities to accommodate the learning styles of all students is a necessary requirement.	Acquisition focused approach: teachers will provide students with compelling and comprehensible language activities in the target language, with the goal of > than 90% use of the target language. Therefore, teachers must use scaffolding strategies and limit the

- Linguistic Activities
- Logical-mathematical
- Spatial Bodily-Kinesthetic
- Interpretive, interpersonal and presentational
- Reading, listening, viewing
- Singing, drawing, dancing

Activities in the target language should foster purposeful and meaningful communication that relates to relevant, real-world situations.

amount of new language introduced to ensure that students receive the required amount of repeated exposures to target vocabulary and structures to ensure comprehensibility and the development of fluency within the limited scope of our curricular targets.

Natural Approach- A strategy that promotes communicative proficiency by providing real-world, authentic experiences and language experiences within meaningful contexts.

What will students know?

Basic vocabulary related to:	Sequencing words necessary for retelling a
Book Genres	story.
Fiction/ Non-fiction	The names of a few things that they like or
Story Structure (Character, setting, Problem,	dislike most
Resolution, conclusion.)	A few commonly used rejoinders in the L2
Immediate family members	The names of a few famous people from the
Words describing physical appearance	target culture
Words describing moods	The names of a few places in the target
Words describing sentiments	culture

Teachers should continue to repeat and recycle all previously used vocabulary to shelter the introduction of new vocabulary, and to help students to acquire proficiency with the core vocabulary and structures identified in the grade 6-8 curriculums.

Repeated Exposures &	Super 7	Days	Days	Personality
Expansions of	Structures	Months	Months	Adjectives
Foundational Vocabulary	Numbers	Time	Time	
and structure Focus Targets	Age	Weather	Weather	Physical
	Colors	Seasons		descriptions
	Size words	Hot/Cold		
	Family			Feelings

What can students do?

Students will be able to demonstrate proficiency by performing the following interpretive, interpersonal and presentational tasks:

Interpretive Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.IPRET.1-4 / 7.1.NM.IPRET.1-4

Students can demonstrate understanding of simple messages or stories told with target vocabulary by answering true/false questions, phrase repetitions, or one-word responses.

Students will listen and/or read descriptions of a story-character, and they will demonstrate the ability to match these descriptions will the appropriate illustration from authentic materials.

Students will recognize language that relates to culturally distinctive aspects of student or family life found in the target culture represented in a story.

Identify people, places, objects, and activities in daily life based on oral or written descriptions.

Demonstrate comprehension of short conversations and brief written messages on familiar topics.

Students will be able to read, infer the meaning of some unfamiliar words, and answer questions, demonstrating comprehension of short story or novella written in the target language.

Interpersonal Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.IPERS.1-6 / 7.1.NM.IPERS.1-6

Students can use digital tools to write comments on a blog post review or chapter recap of a short story or novella they have read in the target language.

Students will express reactions to events in a story they hear or read with rejoinders and idiomatic expressions commonly used in the target culture while interacting during class conversations.

Students can have a conversational exchange where partners role play as characters from a story or novella they have read.

Presentational Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.PRSNT.1-4 / 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1-6

Students will write and produce a movie trailer or commercial for a novel they have read.

Students will write and perform a role play based on a novel or short story they have read in the target language.

Students will describe in writing through journal entries, anecdotes about their home and school lives.

Students will write a simplified retell of fictional stories they have read in class.

Students will explore cultural aspects addressed in the novel they read during this unit.

Students will present culturally authentic images and media where they will relate information that they have researched in the target culture identifying how cultural products and practices are derived from cultural perspective.

What can students do with what they know about culture?

Investigate: Students can use technology to learn what books students their age in the target culture like to read. Reflect: Students can compare and contrast the cultural concepts addressed in the unit novel (such as "how friendship is defined") in the L1 and L2 culture.

Interact: Students can use technology to share some information about their favorite books with students from the target culture.

Suggested Resources and Materials

Teacher selected materials should explore cultural diversity and multiple perspectives. Teachers should strive to access rich, cross-content materials, and provide opportunities for students to research, organize and communicate in the target language using technology.

Suggested Class Novels and Extended Readings

	U
Spanish	Brandon Brown Quiere Un Perro
French	Brandon Brown Veut Un Chien
Italian	Brandon Brown Vuole Un Cane
Chinese	Brandon BROWN XIĂNG YÀO GŎU
German	Brandon Brown Will Einen Hund

Resources and Materials

Voces Digital Texts and Resources Digital Texts: Nuestra Histoire, Nuestra Historia		
Scholastic Foreign Language Magazine		
Culturally Authentic Media: Music, Videos, Newspapers, Realia		
Games, Quizzes, and Flashcards from www.quia.com		
Games, Music, Videos, Songs: Señor Wooly.com		
FlpiGrid APP for Video recording of presentational speaking tasks		
CULTURALLY Authentic L2 Story Books, Music, and Media		

Puppet Show, Flash Cards, Calendar Talk	
Teacher produced comprehensible stories and presentations for listening and reading	
Technology Tools: Power point, Smart Boards, FlipGrid, Kahoot,	
Internet Resources: Calico, Rockalingua, TeacherTube, YouTube,	
Culturally authentic realia, maps, dvds, and other authentic resources	

Helpful Resources For Lesson Planning and Material Creation

Word Frequency Guides in all	Search: Wictionary.org – Frequency Lists
languages	
Facilitate Language Acquisition by	https://www.languagemagazine.com/april-2018-
Carol Gaab	internet-edition/
CI Peek	https://fluencymatters.com/category/ci-peek/
World of Reading / L2 Texts	https://www.wor.com
Krashen on L2 Acqusition	http://www.sdkrashen.com
The Comprehensible Classroom	https://comprehensibleclassroom.com
Comprehensifying and Extending	http://www.ceauthres.com
Authentic Resources	

Interdisciplinary Connections		
Indicator Number	Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills Indicator	
9.1.8.CR.2:	Compare various ways to give back through strengths, passions, goals, and other personal factors.	
9.1.8.CDM.1	Compare and contrast the use of credit cards and debit cards for specific purchases and the advantages and disadvantages of using each.	
9.1.8.CP.2	Analyze how spending habits affect one's ability to save.	
9.1.8.FP.1	Describe the impact of personal values on various financial scenarios.	
9.1.8.FP.3	Explain how self-regulation is important to managing money (e.g., delayed gratification, impulse buying, peer pressure, etc.).	
9.1.8.FP.7	Identify the techniques and effects of deceptive advertising.	
9.2.8.CAP.2	Develop a plan that includes information about career areas of interest.	
9.2.8.CAP.3	Explain how career choices, educational choices, skills, economic conditions, and personal behavior affect income.	
9.2.8.CAP.8	Compare education and training requirements, income potential, and primary duties of at least two jobs of interest.	
9.2.8.CAP.12	Assess personal strengths, talents, values, and interests to appropriate jobs and careers to maximize career potential.	
9.2.8.CAP.19	Relate academic achievement, as represented by high school diplomas, college degrees, and industry credentials, to employability and to potential level	
9.4.8.CI.4	Explore the role of creativity and innovation in career pathways and industries.	
9.4.8.CT.1	Evaluate diverse solutions proposed by a variety of individuals, organizations, and/or agencies to a local or global problem, such as climate change, and use critical thinking skills to predict which one(s) are likely to be effective	
9.4.8.DC.4	Explain how information shared digitally is public and can be searched, copied, and potentially seen by public audiences.	
9.4.8.DC.5	Manage digital identity and practice positive online behavior to avoid inappropriate forms of self-disclosure.	
9.4.8.GCA.1	Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect.	
9.4.8.IML.1	Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when searching for information.	
9.4.8.IML.4	Ask insightful questions to organize different types of data and create meaningful visualizations.	
9.4.8.IML.9	Distinguish between ethical and unethical uses of information and media	
9.4.8.IML.15	Explain ways that individuals may experience the same media message differently.	
9.4.8.TL.3	Select appropriate tools to organize and present information digitally.	

Indicator	English Language Arts
Number	Indicator
NJSLSA.R1.	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical
	inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when
	writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
NJSLSA.R4.	Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining
	technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word
	choices shape meaning or tone.
NJSLSA.R7.	Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including
	visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.
NJSLSA.R10.	Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and
	proficiently with scaffolding as needed.
NJSL.8.2.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice,
NAULOT C. O. A.	and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
WHST.6-8.4.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and
	information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization,
NUCL CA M/C	and analysis of content.
NJSLSA.W6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.
NJSLSA.L4.	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and
NJSLSA.L4.	phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting
	general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
	general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
Indicator	Technology
maicator	reclinology
Number	Indicator
	••
Number	Indicator Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools. Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business
Number 8.1.8.A.1	Indicator Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools. Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by
Number 8.1.8.A.1 8.1.8.A.2	Indicator Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools. Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.
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Number 8.1.8.A.1 8.1.8.A.2 8.1.8.B.1	Indicator Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools. Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability. Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).
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Number 8.1.8.A.1 8.1.8.A.2 8.1.8.B.1 8.1.8.C.1	Indicator Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools. Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability. Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web). Collaborate to develop and publish work that provides perspectives on a global problem for discussions with learners from other countries.
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8.1.8.A.1 8.1.8.A.2 8.1.8.B.1 8.1.8.C.1 Indicator Number 8.1.8.IC.1 8.1.8.IC.2 8.1.8.DA.1	Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools. Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability. Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web). Collaborate to develop and publish work that provides perspectives on a global problem for discussions with learners from other countries. Computer Science and Design Thinking Indicator Compare the trade-offs associated with computing technologies that affect individual's everyday activities and career options. Describe issues of bias and accessibility in the design of existing technologies. Organize and transform data collected using computational tools to make it usable for a specific purpose. Explain how the development and use of technology influences economic, political, social, and cultural issues. Compare the impacts of a given technology on different societies, noting factors
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8.2.8.ETW.3	Analyze the design of a product that negatively impacts the environment or society
	and develop possible solutions to lessen its impact.
8.2.8.ETW.4	Compare the environmental effects of two alternative technologies devised to
	address climate change issues and use data to justify which choice is best.
8.2.8.EC.1	Explain ethical issues that may arise from the use of new technologies.
Indicator	Visual and Performing Arts
Number	Indicator
1.3.12int.Pr.6A	Demonstrate attention to technical accuracy and expressive qualities in prepared
	and improvised performances of music representing diverse cultures, styles, genres
	and historical periods.
1.4.12adv.Re9b	Use understandings of cultures and contexts to shape personal responses to
	devised or scripted theatrical work.
1.5.2.CN11b	Describe why people from different places and times make art about different
	issues, including climate change.
1.5.8.CN11a	Analyze and contrast how art forms are used to represent, establish, reinforce and
	reflect group identity and culture.
1.2.12adv.Pr6b	Evaluate the benefits and impacts at the global level from presenting media
	artworks, such as new understanding gained by the artist or audience.
1.2.12adv.Re7b	Analyze the social, historical, and political impact of artists on culture and the
	impact of culture on the arts.
1.4.5.Cn10a	Explain how drama/theater connects oneself to a community or culture and identify
	the ways drama/theater work reflects the perspectives of a community or culture.

Accommodations, Modifications, and Teacher Strategies

504 Plans

Students can qualify for 504 plans if they have physical or mental impairments that affect or limit any of their abilities to:

- walk, breathe, eat, or sleep
- communicate, see, hear, or speak
- read, concentrate, think, or learn
- stand, bend, lift, or work

Examples of accommodations in 504 plans include:

- preferential seating
- extended time on tests and assignments
- · reduced homework or classwork
- verbal, visual, or technology aids
- modified textbooks or audiovideo materials
- behavior management support
- adjusted class schedules or grading
- verbal testing
- excused lateness, absence, or missed classwork
- pre-approved nurse's office visits and accompaniment to visits occupational or physical therapy

Gifted and Talent Accommodations and Modifications

- Allow for further independent research on topics of interest related to the unit of study
- Advanced leveled readers and sources
- Increase the level of complexity
- Decrease scaffolding
- Variety of finished products
- Allow for greater independence
- Learning stations, interest groups
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use of technology
- Flexibility in assignments
- Varied questioning strategies
- Encourage research
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment or student choice
- Acceleration within a unit of study
- Exposure to more advanced or complex concepts, abstractions, and materials
- Encourage students to move through content areas at their own pace
- After mastery of a unit, provide students with more advanced learning activities, not more of the same activity
- Present information using a thematic, broad-based, and integrative content, rather than just single-subject areas

Special Education and At-Risk Accommodations and Modifications

- Focus on concept not details
- More visual prompts
- Leveled readers and teacher annotated sources
- Timelines and graphic organizers
- Remove unnecessary material, words, etc., that can distract from the content
- Use of off-grade level materials
- Provide appropriate scaffolding
- Limit the number of steps required for completion
- Time allowed
- Level of independence required
- Tiered centers, assignments, lessons, or products
- Provide appropriate leveled reading materials
- Deliver the content in "chunks"
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use technology, if available and appropriate
- Varied homework and products
- Varied questioning strategies
- Provide background knowledge
- Define key vocabulary, multiplemeaning words, and figurative language.
- Use audio and visual supports, if available and appropriate
- Provide multiple learning opportunities to reinforce key concepts and vocabulary
- Meet with small groups to reteach idea/skill
- Provide cross-content application of concepts
- Ability to work at their own pace
- Present ideas using auditory, visual, kinesthetic, & tactile means
- Provide graphic organizers and/or highlighted materials
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment
- Differentiated checklists and rubrics, if available and appropriate

English Language Learners Accommodations and Modifications

- Focus on concept not details
- More visual prompts
- Leveled readers and teacher annotated sources
- Guided notes with highlighted words and concepts
- Use of Merriam-Webster's ELL dictionary
- Timelines and graphic organizers
- Remove unnecessary material, words, etc., that can distract from the content
- Use of off-grade level materials
- Provide appropriate scaffolding
- Limit the number of steps required for completion
- Time allowed
- Level of independence required
- Tiered centers, assignments, lessons, or products
- Provide appropriate leveled reading materials
- Deliver the content in "chunks"
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use technology, if available and appropriate
- Varied homework and products
- Varied questioning strategies
- Provide background knowledge
- Define key vocabulary, multiplemeaning words, and figurative language.
- Use audio and visual supports, if available and appropriate
- Provide multiple learning opportunities to reinforce key concepts and vocabulary
- Meet with small groups to reteach idea/skill
- Provide cross-content application of concepts
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- Present ideas using auditory, visual, kinesthetic, & tactile means
- Provide graphic organizers and/or highlighted materials
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment
- Differentiated checklists and rubrics, if available and appropriate

World Languages Grade 8

Unit 4

Going Places

One of the great benefits of being multilingual is being able to navigate travel experiences in a country one is visiting. During the course of this unit, students will prepare for experiences they will encounter when traveling abroad. They will learn the vocabulary they will need to navigate authentic situations involving travel such as transportation schedules, hotel descriptions and travel itineraries.

Using authentic cultural media, classroom L2 magazines and teacher produced resources, students will compare and contrast these topics as experienced in the L1 and L2 cultures.

Students will continue to learn foundational vocabulary and expressions through music, stories, games and other engaging activities. In this unit, students will have repeated exposures of the relevant target language vocabulary and structures.

Unit 4 will further develop students' comprehension of foundational target structures (the Super 7 verbs) and high frequency vocabulary that will form the core of the linguistic content that students will be immersed in over the four units of World Languages I. By helping students develop micro-fluency with a limited set of structures and lexicon, teachers will be able to deliver content-based instruction while remaining in the target language for 90% or more of the class period.

This unit, like all units in the secondary curriculum, is structured to allow teachers the opportunity to provide a great deal or recycling and repetition of the key vocabulary and structures that students will need to develop acquisition of the L2.

Suggested Pacing	Frequency of Instruction	Languages Offered	Proficiency Level Target
22 Classes	Grade 8 World Languages	Chinese	Novice Mid
Marking Period 2	classes meet every other day for	French	
	a 40-minute period of	Italian	
	instruction.	Spanish	

Stage 1: Identify Desired Results

New Jersey Student Learning Standard for World Languages 2020 Edition

Standard 7.1 All students will be able to use a world language in addition to English to engage in meaningful conversation, to understand and interpret spoken and written language, and to present information, concepts, and ideas, while also gaining an understanding of the perspectives of other cultures. Through language study, they will make connections with other content areas, compare the language and culture studied with their own, and participate in home and global communities.

7.1.NM.IPRET.1-5 7.1.NM.IPERS. 1-6 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1-6

CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Interpretive Mode of Communication
Learning a language involves interpreting meaning from listening, viewing, and reading culturally authentic materials in the target language.	 7.1.NM.IPRET.1: Identify familiar spoken and written words, phrases, and simple sentences contained in culturally authentic materials and other resources related to targeted themes. 7.1.NM.IPRET.2: Respond with actions and/or gestures to oral and written directions, commands, and requests that relate to familiar and practiced topics. 7.1.NM.IPRET.3: Identify familiar people, places, objects in daily life based on simple oral and written descriptions. 7.1.NM.IPRET.4: Report on the content of short messages that they hear, view, and read in predictable culturally authentic materials. 7.1.NM.IPRET.5: Demonstrate comprehension of brief oral and written messages found in short culturally authentic materials on global issues, including climate change.
CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Presentational Mode of Communication
Presentational communication mode involves presenting information, concepts, and ideas toan audience of listeners or readers on a variety of topics.	7.1.NM.PRSNT.1: Present basic personal information, interests, and activities using memorized words, phrases, and a few simple sentences on targeted themes. 7.1.NM.PRSNT.3: State basic reseds are sentenced in the sentence of the sen
	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.2: State basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and short memorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.
	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.3: Imitate, recite, and/or dramatize simple poetry, rhymes, songs, and skits.
	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.4: Copy/write words, phrases, or simple guided texts on familiar topics.
	 7.1.NM.PRSNT.5: Present information from age- and level-appropriate, culturally authenticmaterials orally or in writing.
	7.1.NM.PRSNT.6: Name and label tangible cultural products associated with climate change in the target language regions of the world.

CORE IDEA:	Performance Expectations: Interpersonal Mode of Communication	
	7.1.NM.IPERS.1: Request and provide information by asking and answering	

Interpersonal communication is the exchange of information and the negotiation of meaning between and among individuals.

simple, practiced questions, using memorized words and phrases.

- 7.1.NM.IPERS.2: Share basic needs on very familiar topics using words, phrases, and short memorized, formulaic sentences practiced in class.
- 7.1.NM.IPERS.3: Express one's own and react to others' basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized, words, phrases, and simple memorized sentences that are supported by gestures and visuals.
- 7.1.NM.IPERS.4: Give and follow simple oral and written directions, commands, and requests when participating in classroom and cultural activities.
- 7.1.NM.IPERS.5: Imitate gestures and intonation of the target culture(s)
 native speakers when greeting others, during leave-takings, and in daily
 interactions.

7.1.NM.IPERS.6: Exchange brief messages with others about climate in the target regions of the world and in one's own region using memorized and practiced words, phrases, and simple, formulaic sentences.

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
What language do I need to make travel	Transportation customs vary across cultures.
arrangements in the target language?	Access to public transportation varies across cultures. Conceptualizations of leisure time (and vacations) vary across cultures.
Why doesn't everyone see things the way I do?	Everyone has a culture. It shapes how we see the world, ourselves and others.
How can learning an L2 help me with my career goals? What kinds of travel related employment might be available to me	Biliteracy is a valuable skill in a global community.
when I am biliterate?	Listening for familiar words and watching the speaker for clues may help me figure out what
What strategies can I use to better understand unfamiliar language?	the speaker is saying.
What strategies can I use to make myself understand as I learn a new language?	Using pictures, movement, and acting words out can help my classmates, my teacher, and others understand me.

Stage 2: Evidence	
Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments
	■ IPA's: Integrated Performance Assessments

Anecdotal records, collaborative discussion, tests, quizzes, exit tickets, picture prompt quick writing activities, class polls, performance tasks, listening comprehension tasks, project-based Assessment. Online mini-assessments: Socrative, Kahoot, etc. Assessment of the three modes of communication via student choice boards, student-designed assessment activities, creative extension projects.

- End of Unit Projects
- Portfolios documenting Evidence of the completion of "Can Do" tasks performed at the novice-mid level for across the interpretive, interpersonal modes of communication.

Integrated Performance Assessments (IPAs) are given at the end of each unit or quarter to evaluate students' progress towards meeting proficiency bench marks at the novice-mid level.

The IPA is a cluster assessment featuring three tasks, each of which reflects one of the three modes of communication--Interpretive, Interpersonal and Presentational.

Each task provides the information and elicits the linguistic interaction that is necessary for students to complete the subsequent task. Teachers are to design IPAs at the designated proficiency level target of the class, providing tasks that given the students the opportunity to demonstrate their achievement of the targeted CPIs described in the units of the curriculum.

Student performance on Integrated Performance Activities are graded using rubrics which provide the students with feedback about how their performance in the assessed interpersonal, interpretive and presentational tasks matched with the targeted proficiency level.

This curriculum provides examples of ACTFL Rubrics for use with IPA tasks at the novice, intermediate and advanced levels. See the appendices at the end of this document.

Stage 3: Learning Plan

The thematic units of the LPS Middle School World Language Curriculum have been designed to provide instruction and opportunities for students to develop increasing proficiency across the three modes of communication: interpretive, interpersonal, and presentational. The goal of the Middle School World Language curriculum is to advance students towards novice mid proficiency.

Activities

Incorporating a variety of activities to accommodate the learning styles of all students is a necessary requirement.

- Linguistic Activities
- Logical-mathematical
- Spatial Bodily-Kinesthetic
- Interpretive, interpersonal and presentational
- Reading, listening, viewing
- Singing, drawing, dancing

Activities in the target language should foster purposeful and meaningful communication that relates to relevant, real-world situations.

Methodologies

Acquisition focused approach: teachers will provide students with compelling and comprehensible language activities in the target language, with the goal of > than 90% use of the target language. Therefore, teachers must use scaffolding strategies and limit the amount of new language introduced to ensure that students receive the required amount of repeated exposures to target vocabulary and structures to ensure comprehensibility and the development of fluency within the limited scope of our curricular targets.

Natural Approach- A strategy that promotes communicative proficiency by providing real-world, authentic experiences and language experiences within meaningful contexts.

What will students know? What will students be able to do with the language?

Students will know:

Target language vocabulary related to:

Features and places of interest in a typical city.

Forms of transportation: Car, truck, bus, boat, plane, taxi, shuttle

Related Places: train station, airport, etc.

Public transportation vs private transportation

Seasonal vacation activities / Hotel, Motel, Hostel

Language of transportation schedules and tickets as presented in realia.

Note: Teachers should continue to repeat and recycle all previously used vocabulary to shelter the introduction of new vocabulary, and to help students to acquire proficiency with the core vocabulary and structures identified in the Grades 6-8 curriculum.

The new vocabulary and structures of this unit must be taught through **content** rather than through isolated vocabulary lists and explicit focus on target structures. Teacher talk, stories, and scaffolded content should use a limited amount of high frequency vocabulary and repeated exposures to the focus target structures.

The Super 7 Verb Structures will be emphasized through-out the World Language I Curriculum in an effort to develop a micro-fluency where students will be able to comprehend and retell an increasingly complex variety of messages and stories within this framework.

There is
To be (feeling)
To be (location)

To have

To want

To like

To go

What can students do?

Students will be able to demonstrate proficiency by performing the following interpretive, interpersonal and presentational tasks:

Interpretive Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.IPRET.1-4 / 7.1.NM.IPRET.1-4

Students will access an authentic train or bus schedule on-line, and demonstrate comprehension by responding to interpretive comprehension questions.

Students will recognize language that relates to culturally distinctive aspects of transportation found in the target culture.

Identify modes of transportation based on simple oral and/or written descriptions.

Students will demonstrate comprehension of short conversations and brief written messages where students from the target culture present and describe their travel plans.

Students will Identify the main idea and most supporting details in a flash fiction related to travel in the target culture.

Interpersonal Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.IPERS.1-6 / 7.1.NM.IPERS.1-6

Use digital tools to exchange basic information by recombining memorized words, phrases, and sentences on topics related to self and targeted themes.

Students will demonstrate comprehension of an oral or written description of a travel itinerary by responding to interpretive prompts.

Students can have a conversational exchange where partners ask and respond to questions, make requests, and express preferences while planning travel.

Students will use social media to ask questions of native speakers to assist them with recommendations while planning a trip.

Presentational Performance Tasks

CPI's 7.1.NL.PRSNT.1-4 / 7.1.NM.PRSNT.1-6

Students will create a multi-media rich presentation where they research, design, and present a multimedia itinerary for a three day tour in the target culture.

Students will write and perform a role play between a travel agent and customer.

Students will retell stories presented in class that employs the unit's target structures and vocabulary.

Students will present culturally authentic images and media where they will relate information that they have researched comparing and contrasting public transportation in the L1 and L2 culture.

What can students do with what they know about culture?

Investigate: Students can use technology to find out about public transportation in the L2 culture. Reflect: Students can compare and contrast how students travel in the L1 and L2 culture. Interact: Students can use technology to ask students from the target culture for travel recommendations.

Suggested Resources and Materials

Teacher selected materials should explore cultural diversity and multiple perspectives. Teachers should strive to access rich, cross-content materials, and provide opportunities for students to research, organize and communicate in the target language using technology.

Suggested Class Novels and Extended Readings

Juggesteu	Class Novels and Extended Readings
Spanish	Llama en Lima – 55 unique words
	Brandon Brown Hace Trampa – 100 unique words
	Mata La Piñata – 100 unique words
	La Clase de Confesiones 1 – A.C. Quintero
	El Capibara con botas- Mira Canion
	Las Aventuras de Isabela – Karen Rowan
French	Brandon Brown Dit la Vertié
	Brandon Brown à la Conquête de Québec
	La Classe des Confessions 1 – A.C. Quintero
	Les Aventures d'Isabelle - Karen Rowan
Italian	Brandon Brown Dice La Verità
	Storie italiane per bambini più amate
Chinese	SUSAN YŎU MÁFÁN! By Terry Waltz
	Zuì shòu huānyíng de zhōngguó értóng gùshì

Resources and Materials

Voces Digital Texts and Resources Digital Texts: Nuestra Histoire, Nuestra Historia		
Scholastic Foreign Language Magazine		
Culturally Authentic Media: Music, Videos, Newspapers, Realia		
Games, Quizzes, and Flashcards from www.quia.com		
Games, Music, Videos, Songs: Señor Wooly.com		
FlpiGrid APP for Video recording of presentational speaking tasks		
CULTURALLY Authentic L2 Story Books, Music, and Media		

Puppet Show, Flash Cards, Calendar Talk		
Teacher produced comprehensible stories and presentations for listening and reading		
Technology Tools: Power point, Smart Boards, FlipGrid, Kahoot,		
Internet Resources: Calico, Rockalingua, TeacherTube, YouTube,		
Culturally authentic realia, maps, dvds, and other authentic resources		

Helpful Resources For Lesson Planning and Material Creation

Word Frequency Guides in all	Search: Wictionary.org – Frequency Lists
languages	
	1 11
Facilitate Language Acquisition by	https://www.languagemagazine.com/april-2018-
Carol Gaab	internet-edition/
	<u></u>
CI Peek	https://fluencymatters.com/category/ci-peek/
World of Reading / L2 Texts	https://www.wor.com
Krashen on L2 Acqusition	http://www.sdkrashen.com
The Comprehensible Classroom	https://comprehensibleclassroom.com
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Comprehensifying and Extending	http://www.ceauthres.com
Authentic Resources	
Authentic Resources	

Interdisciplinary Connections				
Indicator	Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills			
Number	Indicator			
9.1.8.CR.2:	Compare various ways to give back through strengths, passions, goals, and other personal factors.			
9.1.8.CDM.1	Compare and contrast the use of credit cards and debit cards for specific purchases and the advantages and disadvantages of using each.			
9.1.8.CP.2	Analyze how spending habits affect one's ability to save.			
9.1.8.FP.1	Describe the impact of personal values on various financial scenarios.			
9.1.8.FP.3	Explain how self-regulation is important to managing money (e.g., delayed			
	gratification, impulse buying, peer pressure, etc.).			
9.1.8.FP.7	Identify the techniques and effects of deceptive advertising.			
9.2.8.CAP.2	Develop a plan that includes information about career areas of interest.			
9.2.8.CAP.3	Explain how career choices, educational choices, skills, economic conditions, and personal behavior affect income.			
9.2.8.CAP.8	Compare education and training requirements, income potential, and primary duties of at least two jobs of interest.			
9.2.8.CAP.12	Assess personal strengths, talents, values, and interests to appropriate jobs and careers to maximize career potential.			

Relate academic achievement, as represented by high school diplomas, college		
degrees, and industry credentials, to employability and to potential level		
Explore the role of creativity and innovation in career pathways and industries.		
Evaluate diverse solutions proposed by a variety of individuals, organizations, and/or		
agencies to a local or global problem, such as climate change, and use critical		
thinking skills to predict which one(s) are likely to be effective		
Explain how information shared digitally is public and can be searched, copied, and		
potentially seen by public audiences.		
Manage digital identity and practice positive online behavior to avoid inappropriate		
forms of self-disclosure.		
Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect.		
Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when		
searching for information.		
Ask insightful questions to organize different types of data and create meaningful		
visualizations.		
Distinguish between ethical and unethical uses of information and media		
Explain ways that individuals may experience the same media message differently.		
Select appropriate tools to organize and present information digitally.		

Indicator	English Language Arts			
Number	Indicator			
NJSLSA.R1.	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical			
	inferences and relevant connections from it; cite specific textual evidence when			
	writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.			
NJSLSA.R4.	Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining			
	technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word			
	choices shape meaning or tone.			
NJSLSA.R7.	Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including			
	visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.			
NJSLSA.R10.	Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and			
	proficiently with scaffolding as needed.			
NJSL.8.2.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice,			
	and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			
WHST.6-8.4.	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and			
	information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization,			
	and analysis of content.			
NJSLSA.W6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to			
	interact and collaborate with others.			
NJSLSA.L4.	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and			
	phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting			
	general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.			

Indicator	Technology			
Number	Indicator			
8.1.8.A.1	Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.			
8.1.8.A.2	Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business			
	letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by			
	professionals for usability.			
8.1.8.B.1	Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex.			
	telecollaborative project, blog, school web).			
8.1.8.C.1	Collaborate to develop and publish work that provides perspectives on a global			
	problem for discussions with learners from other countries.			
Indicator	Computer Science and Design Thinking			
Number	Indicator			
8.1.8.IC.1	Compare the trade-offs associated with computing technologies that affect			
	individual's everyday activities and career options.			
8.1.8.IC.2	Describe issues of bias and accessibility in the design of existing technologies.			
8.1.8.DA.1	Organize and transform data collected using computational tools to make it usable			
	for a specific purpose.			
8.2.8.ITH.1	Explain how the development and use of technology influences economic,			
	political, social, and cultural issues.			
8.2.8.ITH.5	Compare the impacts of a given technology on different societies, noting factors			
	that			
	may make a technology appropriate and sustainable in one society but not in			
	another			

8.2.8.ETW.3	Analyze the design of a product that negatively impacts the environment or society			
	and develop possible solutions to lessen its impact.			
8.2.8.ETW.4	Compare the environmental effects of two alternative technologies devised to			
	address climate change issues and use data to justify which choice is best.			
8.2.8.EC.1	Explain ethical issues that may arise from the use of new technologies.			
Indicator	Visual and Performing Arts			
Number	Indicator			
1.3.12int.Pr.6A	Demonstrate attention to technical accuracy and expressive qualities in prepared			
	and improvised performances of music representing diverse cultures, styles, genres			
	and historical periods.			
1.4.12adv.Re9b	Use understandings of cultures and contexts to shape personal responses to			
	devised or scripted theatrical work.			
1.5.2.CN11b	Describe why people from different places and times make art about different			
	issues, including climate change.			
1.5.8.CN11a	Analyze and contrast how art forms are used to represent, establish, reinforce and			
	reflect group identity and culture.			
1.2.12adv.Pr6b	Evaluate the benefits and impacts at the global level from presenting media			
	artworks, such as new understanding gained by the artist or audience.			
1.2.12adv.Re7b	Analyze the social, historical, and political impact of artists on culture and the			
	impact of culture on the arts.			

1.4.5.Cn10a

Explain how drama/theater connects oneself to a community or culture and identify the ways drama/theater work reflects the perspectives of a community or culture.

Accommodations, Modifications, and Teacher Strategies

504 Plans

Students can qualify for 504 plans if they have physical or mental impairments that affect or limit any of their abilities to:

- walk, breathe, eat, or sleep
- communicate, see, hear, or speak
- read, concentrate, think, or learn
- stand, bend, lift, or work

Examples of accommodations in 504 plans include:

- preferential seating
- extended time on tests and assignments
- reduced homework or classwork
- verbal, visual, or technology aids
- modified textbooks or audiovideo materials
- behavior management support
- adjusted class schedules or grading
- verbal testing
- excused lateness, absence, or missed classwork
- pre-approved nurse's office visits and accompaniment to visits occupational or physical therapy

Gifted and Talent Accommodations and Modifications

- Allow for further independent research on topics of interest related to the unit of study
- Advanced leveled readers and sources
- Increase the level of complexity
- Decrease scaffolding
- Variety of finished products
- Allow for greater independence
- Learning stations, interest groups
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use of technology
- Flexibility in assignments
- Varied questioning strategies
- · Encourage research
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment or student choice
- · Acceleration within a unit of study
- Exposure to more advanced or complex concepts, abstractions, and materials
- Encourage students to move through content areas at their own pace
- After mastery of a unit, provide students with more advanced learning activities, not more of the same activity
- Present information using a thematic, broad-based, and integrative content, rather than just single-subject areas

Special Education and At-Risk Accommodations and Modifications

- Focus on concept not details
- More visual prompts
- Leveled readers and teacher annotated sources
- Timelines and graphic organizers
- Remove unnecessary material, words, etc., that can distract from the content
- Use of off-grade level materials
- Provide appropriate scaffolding
- Limit the number of steps required for completion
- Time allowed
- Level of independence required
- Tiered centers, assignments, lessons, or products
- Provide appropriate leveled reading materials
- Deliver the content in "chunks"
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use technology, if available and appropriate
- Varied homework and products
- Varied questioning strategies
- Provide background knowledge
- Define key vocabulary, multiplemeaning words, and figurative language.
- Use audio and visual supports, if available and appropriate
- Provide multiple learning opportunities to reinforce key concepts and vocabulary
- Meet with small groups to reteach idea/skill
- Provide cross-content application of concepts
- Ability to work at their own pace
- Present ideas using auditory, visual, kinesthetic, & tactile means
- Provide graphic organizers and/or highlighted materials
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment

English Language Learners Accommodations and Modifications

- · Focus on concept not details
- More visual prompts
- Leveled readers and teacher annotated sources
- Guided notes with highlighted words and concepts
- Use of Merriam-Webster's ELL dictionary
- Timelines and graphic organizers
- Remove unnecessary material, words, etc., that can distract from the content
- Use of off-grade level materials
- · Provide appropriate scaffolding
- Limit the number of steps required for completion
- · Time allowed
- Level of independence required
- Tiered centers, assignments, lessons, or products
- Provide appropriate leveled reading materials
- Deliver the content in "chunks"
- Varied texts and supplementary materials
- Use technology, if available and appropriate
- Varied homework and products

Provide background knowledge

- Varied questioning strategies
- Define key vocabulary, multiplemeaning words, and figurative language.
- Use audio and visual supports, if available and appropriate
- Provide multiple learning opportunities to reinforce key concepts and vocabulary
- Meet with small groups to reteach idea/skill
- Provide cross-content application of concepts
- Ability to work at their own pace
- Present ideas using auditory, visual, kinesthetic, & tactile means
- Provide graphic organizers and/or highlighted materials
- Strategy and flexible groups based on formative assessment

	Differentiated checklists and rubrics, if available and appropriate	Differentiated checklists and rubrics, if available and appropriate