

Unit 6: Community Policing and Crime Prevention

Content Area: **CTE**
Course(s):
Time Period: **March**
Length: **5 Weeks**
Status: **Published**

Unit Overview:

In this unit, students will delve into the concept of community policing, a strategy that focuses on building ties and working closely with members of the community. The unit will also cover various crime prevention strategies and the role of the public in supporting law enforcement efforts.

Essential Questions:

- What is the concept of community policing and its significance?
- How can the public support law enforcement efforts?

Enduring Understandings:

Community policing and public participation are critical for successful crime prevention.

Standards/Indicators/Student Learning Objectives (SLOs):

PUBS.9-12.9.4.12.L.(1).3	Execute verbal and oral communication techniques to deliver presentations and communicate technical information related to corrections environments.
PUBS.9-12.9.4.12.L.(1).14	Analyze and interpret constitutional rights and other laws affecting corrections systems in order to promote a system with zero errors in performance regarding respect for individual rights.
PUBS.9-12.9.4.12.L.(1).15	Analyze and summarize key implications that the U. S. legal system has for corrections services to demonstrate understanding and knowledge of influences on corrections systems.

Lesson Titles:

- "Understanding Community Policing"
- "Strategies for Crime Prevention"
- "Public Role in Law Enforcement"

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills:

TECH.9.4.12.CI.2	Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).
TECH.9.4.12.CI.3	Investigate new challenges and opportunities for personal growth, advancement, and transition (e.g., 2.1.12.PGD.1).

Inter-Disciplinary Connections:

Sociology, Psychology, Community Development, Ethics.

SOC.6.1.12	U.S. History: America in the World: All students will acquire the knowledge and skills to think analytically about how past and present interactions of people, cultures, and the environment shape the American heritage. Such knowledge and skills enable students to make informed decisions that reflect fundamental rights and core democratic values as productive citizens in local, national, and global communities.
SOC.6.1.12.A.2.a	Assess the importance of the intellectual origins of the Foundational Documents (i.e., Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and Bill of Rights) and assess their importance on the spread of democracy around the world.

Equity Considerations

Amistad Mandate

Topic:

Materials Used:

Addresses the Following Component of the Mandate:

- African Slave Trade
- Amistad
- Contributions of African Americans to our Society
- Slavery in America
- Vestiges of Slavery in this Country

Holocaust Mandate

Topic:

Materials Used:

Addresses the Following Component of the Mandate:

- Bias
- Bigotry
- Bullying
- Holocaust Studies
- Prejudice

LGBTQ and Disabilities Mandate

Topic (Person and Contribution Addresses):

Materials Used:

Addresses the Following Component of the Mandate:

- Economic
- Political
- Social

Climate Change

Asian American Pacific Islander Mandate

Topic (Person and Contribution Addresses):

Materials Used:

Addresses the Following Component of the Mandate:

- Economic
- Political
- Social

Summative Assessment:

- Alternate Assessment
- Benchmark
- Marking Period Assessment

Benchmark Assessments

Skills-based assessment

Reading response

Writing prompt

Lab practical

Alternative Assessments

Performance Tasks

Project-based assignments

Problem-based assignments

Presentations

Reflective pieces

Concept maps

Case-based scenarios

Portfolios

Formative Assessment:

- Anticipatory Set
- Closure
- Warm-Up

Resources & Materials:

Introduction to Criminal Justice

Robert Bohm, 10e

Textbook chapters, scholarly articles, documentaries, primary sources.

Instructional Strategies, Learning Activities, and Levels of Blooms/DOK:

- Collaborative learning for community project design and execution.
- Seminars or guest speakers from local police departments to explain community policing practices.
- Group discussions to explore different crime prevention strategies.
- Case studies to analyze the effectiveness of various strategies.

Modifications

ELL Modifications:

- Choice of test format (multiple-choice, essay, true-false)
- Continue practicing vocabulary
- Provide study guides prior to tests
- Read directions to the student
- Read test passages aloud (for comprehension assessment)
- Vary test formats

G&T Modifications:

- Alternate assignments/enrichment assignments

- Enrichment projects
- Extension activities
- Higher-level cooperative learning activities
- Pairing direct instruction with coaching to promote self-directed learning
- Provide higher-order questioning and discussion opportunities
- Provide texts at a higher reading level
- Tiered assignments
- Tiered centers

At Risk Modifications

The possible list of modifications/accommodations identified for Special Education students can be utilized for At-Risk students. Teachers should utilize ongoing methods to provide instruction, assess student needs, and utilize modifications specific to the needs of individual students. In addition, the following may be considered:

- Additional time for assignments
- Adjusted assignment timelines
- Agenda book and checklists
- Answers to be dictated
- Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space
- Books on tape
- Concrete examples
- Extra visual and verbal cues and prompts
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Graphic organizers
- Have students restate information
- No penalty for spelling errors or sloppy handwriting
- Peer or scribe note-taking
- Personalized examples
- Preferential seating
- Provision of notes or outlines
- Reduction of distractions
- Review of directions
- Review sessions
- Space for movement or breaks
- Support auditory presentations with visuals
- Teach time management skills
- Use of a study carrel
- Use of mnemonics
- Varied reinforcement procedures

- Work in progress check

IEP & 504 Modifications:

*All teachers of students with special needs must review each student's IEP. Teachers must then select the appropriate modifications and/or accommodations necessary to enable the student to appropriately progress in the general curriculum.

Possible Modifications/Accommodations: (See listed items below):

- Allow for redos/retakes
- Assign fewer problems at one time (e.g., assign only odds or evens)
- Differentiated center-based small group instruction
- Extra time on assessments
- Highlight key directions
- If a manipulative is used during instruction, allow its use on a test
- Opportunities for cooperative partner work
- Provide reteach pages if necessary
- Provide several ways to solve a problem if possible
- Provide visual aids and anchor charts
- Test in alternative site
- Tiered lessons and assignments
- Use of a graphic organizer
- Use of concrete materials and objects (manipulatives)
- Use of word processor

Technology Materials and Standards

Computer Science and Design Thinking Standards

CS.9-12.8.1.12.AP.5	Decompose problems into smaller components through systematic analysis, using constructs such as procedures, modules, and/or objects.
CS.9-12.8.1.12.AP.6	Create artifacts by using procedures within a program, combinations of data and procedures, or independent but interrelated programs.
CS.9-12.8.1.12.CS.2	Model interactions between application software, system software, and hardware.