# 01: Basic Skills Unit

Science
Honors Physics
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1
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# **Enduring Understandings:**

- Acceleration is Rate of Velocity Change
- Behaviour of objects with constant acceleration can be discovered through motion equations.
- Different Graph Types allow you to determine the mathematical relationship between two variables
- Metric Prefixes allow you to easily communicate large or small numbers
- Velocity is Speed Plus Direction

• You can learn about the motion of an object by looking at graphs of position vs time or velocity vs. time

# **Career Readiness, Life Literacies & Key Skills**

WRK.K-12.P.1	Act as a responsible and contributing community members and employee.
WRK.K-12.P.4	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
WRK.K-12.P.5	Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
WRK.K-12.P.8	Use technology to enhance productivity increase collaboration and communicate effectively.
WRK.K-12.P.9	Work productively in teams while using cultural/global competence.

# **Essential Questions:**

- How can we learn the formula that relates two variables to each other?
- How can we make predictions about the motion of a moving object?

# **Lesson Titles:**

- Advanced Motion Ideas: Relative Velocity
- Advanced Motion: Average vs. Instantaneous Velocity
- Freefall Lab with Video
- Graphing Motion
- Graphing Motion Practice
- Graphing Practice
- Introduction to Motion Terminology
- Motion Equations

- Motion Equations Problem Solving
- Parts of a Good Graph
- Speed Lab with Cars
- Using Metric Prefixes

## **Equity Considerations**

#### Asian American and Pacific Islander Mandate

Lessons will include multiple perspectives from the Asian American and Pacific Islander population.

https://ideas.ted.com/8-asian-americans-and-pacific-islanders-whose-innovations-have-changed-your-life-really/

Social

### **LGBTQ and Disabilities Mandate**

Lessons will include multiple perspectives from the LGBTQ and Disabilities population, including Sally Ride (NASA Scientist).

#### LGBTQ:

Sir Francis Bacon (1561–1626)

Florence NightingaleFrancis Bacon | Philosophy, Scientific Method, & Facts | Britannica(1820-1910)

George Washington Carver (1861-1943)

Sara Josephine Baker (1873-1945)

STEM

<u>Alan Turing (1912-1954)</u>

<u>Allan Cox (1926-1987)</u>

Sally Ride (1951-2012)

Ben Barres (1954-2017)

Ruth Gates (1962-2018)

Tim Cook (1960)

Disabilities:

Leonardo da Vinci (1452-1519)- Dyslexia

Isaac Newton (1664-1727)- Epilepsy

Thomas Edison (1847-1931)- Hearing

<u>Charles Darwin (1809-1882)</u>- Stutter, Dyslexia

Alexander Graham Bell (1847-1922)- Deaf

Albert Einstein (1879-1955)- Aspergers

Florence B. Seibert (1897-1991)- Mobility

Stephen Hawking (1942-2019)- ALS

John Forbes Nash (1928-2015)-Schizophrenia

Temple Grandin (1947)- Autism

Social

#### **Climate Change**

Students will engage in discussion centered around climate change and its relationship to physics.

https://tropicsu.org/tag/physics-toolkit/

This lesson plan will help you teach various Physics concepts such as power, energy, and dynamics through the working of a wind turbine. In the context of global warming due to carbon emissions, wind power is a renewable and clean source of energy that can be harnessed as electricity by wind turbines. Thus, this lesson plan will enable the students to apply the concepts of energy, electrical energy, and power in a real-world scenario.

Economic

SCI.HS-ESS3-6

Use a computational representation to illustrate the relationships among Earth systems and how those relationships are being modified due to human activity (i.e., climate change).

#### **Inter-Disciplinary Connections:**

	media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
LA.RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
LA.RST.11-12.10	By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.
LA.WHST.11-12.1.A	Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
LA.WHST.11-12.1.B	Develop claim(s) and counterclaims using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline appropriate form that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
LA.WHST.11-12.1.C	Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
LA.WHST.11-12.2	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.
LA.WHST.11-12.2.E	Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented.
LA.WHST.11-12.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

# Instructional Strategies, Learning Activities, and Levels of Blooms/DOK:

- Chromebook Activity
- Independent Studies
- Lectures on Using Metric Prefixes, Graphing Motion, Advanced Motion: Average vs. Instantaneous Velocity, Relative Velocity, Motion Equation
- Problem Solving
- Science Labs on Speed Lab with Cars, Graphing Motion Practice, Freefall Lab with Video

# **Modifications**

# **Formative Assessment:**

- Anticipatory Set
- Closure
- Quizzes on Using Metric Prefixes, Graphing Motion, Advanced Motion: Average vs. Instantaneous Velocity, Relative Velocity, Motion Equations
- Warm-Up

## Summative Assessment:

- Alternate Assessment
- Benchmark
- Marking Period Assessment
- Test on Basic Skills unit

## **Alternative Assessments:**

Performance tasks Project-based assignments Problem-based assignments Presentations Reflective pieces Concept maps Case-based scenarios Portfolios

# **Benchmark Assessments:**

Skills-based assessment Reading response Writing prompt Lab practical

#### **Resources & Materials:**

• https://sites.google.com/site/delseaphysics1/Home