

2020 Unit 08: Electrochemistry

Content Area: **Science**
Course(s): **Advanced Placement Chemistry**
Time Period: **April**
Length: **1 Month**
Status: **Published**

Unit Overview:

This unit focuses on electrochemistry. Electrochemistry can be broken down into two topics, chemical reactions that produce electricity and using electricity to produce chemical reactions.

Enduring Understandings:

- Changes in matter involve the rearrangement of and/or reorganization of atoms and/or the transfer of electrons.
- Chemical and physical transformations may be observed in several ways and typically involve a change in energy.
- Chemical reactions can be classified by considering what the reactants are, what the products are, or how they change from one into the other. Classes of chemical reactions include synthesis, decomposition, acid-base, and oxidation-reduction reactions.
- Electrostatic forces exist between molecules, as well as between atoms or ions, and breaking the resultant intermolecular interactions requires energy.
- Many chemical changes involve the transfer of electrons.

Essential Questions:

- Electrochemistry shows the interconversion between chemical and electrical energy in galvanic and electrolytic cells.
- How can chemical changes be produced or caused by electrical energy?
- In oxidation-reduction (redox) reactions, there is a net transfer of electrons. The species that loses electrons is oxidized, and the species that gains electrons is reduced.

Standards/Indicators/Student Learning Objectives (SLOs):

SCI.HS-PS1-7	Use mathematical representations to support the claim that atoms, and therefore mass, are conserved during a chemical reaction.
SCI.HS-PS2-4	Use mathematical representations of Newton's Law of Gravitation and Coulomb's Law to describe and predict the gravitational and electrostatic forces between objects.
SCI.HS-PS1-4	Develop a model to illustrate that the release or absorption of energy from a chemical reaction system depends upon the changes in total bond energy.

SCI.HS-PS3-3	Design, build, and refine a device that works within given constraints to convert one form of energy into another form of energy.
SCI.HS-PS3-5	Develop and use a model of two objects interacting through electric or magnetic fields to illustrate the forces between objects and the changes in energy of the objects due to the interaction.

Lesson Titles:

- Electrolysis
- Electroplating
- Half Reactions
- Oxidation Numbers
- Voltaic Cells

Career Readiness, Life Literacies & Key Skills

WRK.K-12.P.1	Act as a responsible and contributing community members and employee.
WRK.K-12.P.4	Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
WRK.K-12.P.5	Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
WRK.K-12.P.8	Use technology to enhance productivity increase collaboration and communicate effectively.
WRK.K-12.P.9	Work productively in teams while using cultural/global competence.

Inter-Disciplinary Connections:

LA.RH.11-12.7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
LA.RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
LA.RST.11-12.10	By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.
LA.WHST.11-12.1.A	Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
LA.WHST.11-12.1.B	Develop claim(s) and counterclaims using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline appropriate form that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
LA.WHST.11-12.1.C	Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
LA.WHST.11-12.2	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific

LA.WHST.11-12.2.E

procedures/experiments, or technical processes.

LA.WHST.11-12.10

Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented.

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Instructional Strategies, Learning Activities, and Levels of Blooms/DOK:

- Chromebook Activity
- Computer Simulations
- Delsea One Tutoring
- Independent Studies
- Lectures
- Problem Solving
- Science Labs

Modifications

ELL Modifications:

- Digital translators
- Focus on domain specific vocabulary and keywords
- Offer resources for specific topics in primary language (Youtube web resources)
- Repeat, reword, clarify
- Use real objects when possible

IEP & 504 Modifications:

- have formula's available on the test and/or sample problems
- modeling and showing lots of examples
- scaffolded notes
- students could use calculator and/or other math tools

G&T Modifications:

- Extra Labs to Do Outside the Classroom
- Give students Challenge Problems

- Send Links to Videos of Interest

At Risk Modifications

- Have Students See Me During Delsea One
- Reach out to Parents

Formative Assessment:

- Anticipatory Set
- Closure
- Creating Voltaic Cells Lab
- Electrolysis of Water Lab
- Quizzes on topics throughout the Unit
- Warm-Up

Summative Assessment:

- Alternate Assessment
- Benchmark assessment on topics covered
- Marking Period Assessment

Benchmark Assessments

Skills-based assessment

Reading response

Writing prompt

Lab practical

Alternative Assessments

Performance tasks

Project-based assignments

Problem-based assignments

Presentations

Reflective pieces

Concept maps

Case-based scenarios

Portfolios

Resources & Materials:

- AP Chemistry Website designed for the class - <https://sites.google.com/site/delseaapchemistry/>
- Lab Equipment
- PhET Lab Simulations - <https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/category/chemistry>
- Vernier Chemistry Probes

Technology:

- Chromebooks
- Desmos
- Graphing Calculators
- Interactive Boards
- Pocket Lab
- Smart Phones
- Vernier Probes

TECH.8.1.12	Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.
TECH.8.1.12.A.4	Construct a spreadsheet workbook with multiple worksheets, rename tabs to reflect the data on the worksheet, and use mathematical or logical functions, charts and data from all worksheets to convey the results.
TECH.8.1.12.A.CS2	Select and use applications effectively and productively.
TECH.8.1.12.B	Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.
TECH.8.1.12.B.CS2	Create original works as a means of personal or group expression.
TECH.8.1.12.C	Communication and Collaboration: Students use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively, including at a distance, to support individual learning and contribute to the learning of others.
TECH.8.1.12.C.CS1	Interact, collaborate, and publish with peers, experts, or others by employing a variety of digital environments and media.
TECH.8.1.12.D.CS1	Advocate and practice safe, legal, and responsible use of information and technology.
TECH.8.1.12.D.CS2	Demonstrate personal responsibility for lifelong learning.
TECH.8.1.12.E	Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.
TECH.8.1.12.E.CS2	Locate, organize, analyze, evaluate, synthesize, and ethically use information from a variety of sources and media.
TECH.8.1.12.E.CS4	Process data and report results.
TECH.8.1.12.F.1	Evaluate the strengths and limitations of emerging technologies and their impact on educational, career, personal and or social needs.
TECH.8.1.12.F.CS3	Collect and analyze data to identify solutions and/or make informed decisions.

TECH.8.2.12	Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact of technology, engineering, technological design, computational thinking and the designed world as they relate to the individual, global society, and the environment.
TECH.8.2.12.A.2	Analyze a current technology and the resources used, to identify the trade-offs in terms of availability, cost, desirability and waste.
TECH.8.2.12.C	Design: The design process is a systematic approach to solving problems.
TECH.8.2.12.C.4	Explain and identify interdependent systems and their functions.
TECH.8.2.12.C.CS3	The role of troubleshooting, research and development, invention and innovation and experimentation in problem solving.
TECH.8.2.12.E	Computational Thinking: Programming: Computational thinking builds and enhances problem solving, allowing students to move beyond using knowledge to creating knowledge.
TECH.8.2.12.E.1	Demonstrate an understanding of the problem-solving capacity of computers in our world.
TECH.8.2.12.E.3	Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).
TECH.8.2.12.E.CS1	Computational thinking and computer programming as tools used in design and engineering.