

Multivariable Calculus Unit 5 Vector Calculus

Content Area: **Math**
Course(s): **Multivariable Calculus**
Time Period: **Marking Period 2**
Length: **5 weeks**
Status: **Published**

Course Pacing Guide

Unit	MP	Weeks
Vectors and the Geometry of Space	1	5
Vector Functions	1	5
Partial Derivatives	1	5
Multiple Integrals	2	5
Vector Calculus	2	5
Second Order Differential Equations	3	5
Applications	3	5
Linear Algebra	4	5

Unit Overview

Vector fields are introduced through pictures of velocity fields. The similarities among the Fundamental Theorem for line integrals, Green's Theorem, Stokes' Theorem, and the Divergence Theorem are emphasized.

Enduring Understandings

Students will be able to understand the calculus of vector fields. Students will define line integrals and surface integrals, and make connections between these new types of integrals.

Essential Questions

How do we ...

- understand the concept of a vector field?
- determine whether a vector field is conservative?
- find the curl of a vector field?
- find the divergence of a vector field?
- understand and use the concept of a piecewise smooth curve?
- write and evaluate a line integral?
- understand and use the Fundamental Theorem of Line Integrals?
- understand the concepts of independence of path and conservation of energy?
- use Green's Theorem to evaluate line integrals?
- understand the definition of a parametric surface and sketch the surface?
- find the area of a parametric surface?
- evaluate a surface integral?
- determine the orientation of a surface?
- understand the concept of a flux integral?
- understand and use the Divergence Theorem to calculate flux?
- understand and use Stokes' Theorem?

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (No CCS)

N/A

Amistad Integration

SOC.9-12.1.1.1	Compare present and past events to evaluate the consequences of past decisions and to apply lessons learned.
SOC.9-12.1.3.3	Gather relevant information from multiple sources representing a wide range of views (including historians and experts) while using the date, context, and corroborative value of the sources to guide the selection.

Holocaust/Genocide Education

SOC.9-12.1.1.1	Compare present and past events to evaluate the consequences of past decisions and to apply lessons learned.
SOC.9-12.1.3.3	Gather relevant information from multiple sources representing a wide range of views (including historians and experts) while using the date, context, and corroborative value of the sources to guide the selection.

Interdisciplinary Connections

LA.W.9-10.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared
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writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.

SCI.HS-ETS1-2

Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.

TECH.8.1.12.C.CS4

Contribute to project teams to produce original works or solve problems.

Technology Standards

TECH.8.1.12.C.CS4

Contribute to project teams to produce original works or solve problems.

TECH.8.1.12.D.CS3

Exhibit leadership for digital citizenship.

TECH.8.1.12.E.CS4

Process data and report results.

TECH.8.1.12.F.CS3

Collect and analyze data to identify solutions and/or make informed decisions.

TECH.8.1.12.F.CS4

Use multiple processes and diverse perspectives to explore alternative solutions.

TECH.8.2.12.C.CS2

The application of engineering design.

21st Century Themes/Careers

CAEP.9.2.12.C.3

Identify transferable career skills and design alternate career plans.

Financial Literacy Integration

PFL.9.1.12.C.1

Compare and contrast the financial benefits of different products and services offered by a variety of financial institutions.

PFL.9.1.12.C.2

Compare and compute interest and compound interest and develop an amortization table using business tools.

PFL.9.1.12.C.3

Compute and assess the accumulating effect of interest paid over time when using a variety of sources of credit.

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

- Graphing Calculator activities
- Modeling and application activities
- Provide access to online book
- Provide access to book pages and problems through Canvas and Twitter
- Provide access to review keys

Differentiated Instruction

- Inquiry/Problem-Based Learning

- Learning preferences integration (visual, auditory, kinesthetic)
- Tiered Learning Targets
- Meaningful Student Voice & Choice
- Relationship-Building & Team-Building
- Self-Directed Learning
- Debate
- Student Data Inventories
- Goal-Setting & Learning Contracts
- Game-Based Learning
- Grouping
- Rubrics
- Jigsaws
- Learning Through Workstations
- Concept Attainment
- Flipped Classroom
- Mentoring
- Assessment Design & Backwards Planning

Formative Assessments

- Daily homework checks
- Take Home Quiz
- Chapter Test
- Exit Tickets
- Warm-ups

Summative Assessment

- Unit Test
- Unit Project

Benchmark Assessments

Midterm and Final Exam

Alternate Assessments

- Modified homework
- Modified quizzes
- Modified tests
- Modified projects

Resources & Technology

- google docs, spreadsheets, slides
- TI graphing calculator
- document camera
- chromebooks
- Promethean board
- websites: desmos, geogebra, EdPuzzle
- Canvas

BOE Approved Texts

N/A

Closure

- Low-Stakes Quizzes - Give a short quiz using technologies like Kahoot or a Google form.
- Have students write down three quiz questions (to ask at the beginning of the next class).
- Have students dramatize a real-life application of a skill.
- Ask a question. Give students ten seconds to confer with peers before you call on a random student to answer. Repeat.
- Have kids orally describe a concept, procedure, or skill in terms so simple that a child in first grade would get it.
- Direct kids to raise their hands if they can answer your questions. Classmates agree (thumbs up) or disagree (thumbs down) with the response.
- Have kids create a cheat sheet of information that would be useful for a quiz on the day's topic.
- Kids write notes to peers describing what they learned from them during class discussions.
- Have students fill out a checklist with the objectives for the day.
- Have students complete an exit ticket without putting their name on it. Hand back exit tickets the next day in class and have students correct as a warm up.
- Ask students to write what they learned, and any lingering questions on an "exit ticket". Before they leave class, have them put their exit tickets in a folder or bin labeled either "Got It," "More Practice, Please," or "I Need Some Help!"

- After writing down the learning outcome, ask students to take a card, circle one of the following options, and return the card to you before they leave: "Stop (I'm totally confused. Go (I'm ready to move on.)" or "Proceed with caution (I could use some clarification on . . .)"

ELL

- Alternate Responses
- Advance Notes
- Extended Time
- Teacher Modeling
- Simplified Written and Verbal Instructions
- Frequent Breaks
- E-Dictionaries
- Google Translate

Special Education

- Shorten assignments to focus on mastery of key concepts.
- Specify and list exactly what the student will need to learn to pass.
- Evaluate the classroom structure against the student's needs (flexible structure, firm limits, etc.).
- Keep workspaces clear of unrelated materials.
- Keep the classroom quiet during intense learning times.
- Reduce visual distractions in the classroom (mobiles, etc.).
- Provide a computer for written work.
- Seat the student close to the teacher or a positive role model.
- Provide an unobstructed view of the chalkboard, teacher, movie screen, etc.
- Keep extra supplies of classroom materials (pencils, books) on hand.
- Maintain adequate space between desks.
- Give directions in small steps and in as few words as possible.
- Number and sequence the steps in a task.
- Have student repeat the directions for a task.
- Provide visual aids.
- Go over directions orally.
- Provide a vocabulary list with definitions.
- Permit as much time as needed to finish tests.
- Allow tests to be taken in a room with few distractions (e.g., the library).
- Have test materials read to the student, and allow oral responses.
- Divide tests into small sections of similar questions or problems.

- Allow the student to complete an independent project as an alternative test.
- Allow take-home or open-book tests.
- Show a model of the end product of directions (e.g., a completed math problem or finished quiz).
- Stand near the student when giving directions or presenting a lesson.
- Mark the correct answers rather than the incorrect ones.
- Permit a student to rework missed problems for an additional credit grade.
- Average grades out when assignments are reworked, or grade on corrected work.

504

- preferential seating
- extended time on tests and assignments
- reduced homework or classwork
- verbal, visual, or technology aids
- modified textbooks or audio-video materials
- behavior management support
- adjusted class schedules or grading
- verbal testing
- excused lateness, absence, or missed classwork
- pre-approved nurse's office visits and accompaniment to visits
- occupational or physical therapy

At Risk

- Have student restate information
- Provision of notes or outlines
- Concrete examples
- Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space
- Weekly home-school communication tools (notebook, daily log, phone calls or email messages)
- Peer or scribe note-taking
- Lab and math sheets with highlighted instructions
- Graph paper to assist in organizing or lining up math problems
- Use of manipulatives
- No penalty for spelling errors or sloppy handwriting
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills

- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Adjusted assignment timelines
- Visual daily schedule
- Immediate feedback
- Work-in-progress check
- Pace long-term projects
- Preview test procedures
- Cue/model expected behavior
- Use peer supports and mentoring
- Chart progress and maintain data

Gifted and Talented

- Offer the Most Difficult First
- Pretest for Volunteers
- Offer choice
- Speak to Student Interests
- Allow G/T students to work together
- Tiered learning
- Focus on effort and practice
- Encourage risk taking