# **UNIT TEMPLATE**

Content Area: Sample Content Area Course(s): Spanish IV

Course(s): Time Period: Length:

Status:

Sample Published

### **Course Pacing Guide**

This pacing guide should include the vision and mission of the course. It will be the same for all units in your course.

The simpler, the better. Pacing guide flaws come when they are too constricting, so big ideas is best (Cobb, McClain, de Silva Lamberg, & Dean, 2003; Wiggins, Wiggins, & McTighe, 2005)

#### Model

Unit	<b>MP/Trimester</b>	Weeks
WWI and Globalism	1	4
The New Deal and Domestic Policy	1	5
WWII and Genocide	2	6
Post-War Era and Cultural Change	2	4
Cold War and Foreign Relations	3	6
Civil Rights and Federalism	3	6
Technological Revolution	4	5
War on Terror	4	4

#### **Unit Overview**

## **Enduring Understandings**

Delete this and replace with your enduring understandings:

- Statements summarizing important ideas and core processes that are central to a discipline and have lasting value beyond the classroom.
- Synthesize what students should understand—not just know or do—as a result of studying a particular content area.
- Articulate what students should "revisit" over the course of their lifetimes in relationship to the content

area.

- Frame the big ideas that give meaning and lasting importance to such discrete curriculum elements as facts and skills
- Can transfer to other fields as well as adult life
- Provide a conceptual foundation for studying the content area
- Deliberately framed as declarative sentences that present major curriculum generalizations and recurrent ideas.

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Essen	tial	Ou	estic	ons

# **New Jersey Student Learning Standards (No CCS)**

SCI.MS-ESS2-1

Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy that drives this process.

# **Amistad Integration**

# **Holocaust/Genocide Education**

# **Interdisciplinary Connections**

List at least one specific standard

No general statements

# **Technology Standards**

List specific standards that are relevant No general statements

# **21st Century Themes/Careers**

List specific standards that are relevant No general statements

# **Financial Literacy Integration**

# **Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities**

### **Differentiated Instruction**

Examples may include:

- Curriculum Mapping
- Inquiry/Problem-Based Learning
- Learning preferences integration (visual, auditory, kinesthetic)
- Sentence & Discussion Stems
- Tiered Learning Targets
- Learning Through Play
- Meaningful Student Voice & Choice
- Relationship-Building & Team-Building
- Self-Directed Learning
- Choice Boards
- Debate
- LMS use
- Mock Trial
- The Hot Seat/Role-Play
- Student Data Inventories
- Mastery Learning (feedback toward goal)
- Goal-Setting & Learning Contracts
- Game-Based Learning
- Grouping
- Socratic Seminar
- Genius Hour
- Rubrics
- Learning Menus
- Jigsaws
- Learning Through Workstations
- Concept Attainment
- Flipped Classroom
- Mentoring

*Add or remove any of these as you see fit.
Formative Assessments
Summative Assessment
Benchmark Assessments
Alternate Assessments
Resources & Technology
1 Coourtees & Technology
BOE Approved Texts
Closure
Such as:
• Snowstorm - Students write down what they learned on a niece of scretch naner and wed it up Given a
• Snowstorm - Students write down what they learned on a piece of scratch paper and wad it up. Given a signal, they throw their paper snowballs in the air. Then each learner picks up a nearby response and

• Parent Hotline - Give students an interesting question about the lesson without further discussion.

Email their guardians the answer so that the topic can be discussed over dinner.

• Assessment Design & Backwards Planning

• Student Interest & Inventory Data

reads it aloud.

- DJ Summary Learners write what they learned in the form of a favorite song. Offer to let one or two sing thier summary.
- Gallery Walk On chart paper, small groups of students write and draw what they learned. After the completed works are attached to the classroom walls, others students affix post-its to the posters to extend on the ideas, add questions.
- Sequence It create timelines of major events discussed
- Low-Stakes Quizzes Give a short quiz using technologies like Kahoot or a Google form.
- Have students write down three quiz questions (to ask at the beginning of the next class).
- Question Stems Have students write questions about the lesson on cards, using <u>question stems framed</u> <u>around Bloom's Taxonomy</u>. Have students exchange cards and answer the question they have acquired.
- Kids answer the following prompts: "What takeaways from the lesson will be important to know three years from now? Why?
- Have students dramatize a real-life application of a skill.
- Ask a question. Give students ten seconds to confer with peers before you call on a random student to answer. Repeat.
- Have kids orally describe a concept, procedure, or skill in terms so simple that a child in first grade would get it.
- Direct kids to raise their hands if they can answer your questions. Classmates agree (thumbs up) or disagree (thumbs down) with the response.
- Have kids create a cheat sheet of information that would be useful for a quiz on the day's topic.
- Kids write notes to peers describing what they learned from them during class discussions.
- Ask students to summarize the main idea in under 60 seconds to another student acting as a well-known personality who works in your discipline. After summarizing, students should identify why the famous person might find the idea significant.

•	Have students	complete the	following sente	nce: "The [	concept, sk	kill, word] is lil	ke	because
	11							
	•							

- Ask students to write what they learned, and any lingering questions on an "exit ticket". Before they leave class, have them put their exit tickets in a folder or bin labeled either "Got It," "More Practice, Please," or "I Need Some Help!"
- After writing down the learning outcome, ask students to take a card, circle one of the following options, and return the card to you before they leave: "Stop (I'm totally confused. Go (I'm ready to move on.)" or "Proceed with caution (I could use some clarification on . . .)"

#### ELL

Such as:

- Alternate Responses
- Advance Notes
- Extended Time
- Teacher Modeling
- Simplified Written and Verbal Instructions
- Frequent Breaks
- E-Dictionaires

<sup>\*</sup>Add to or remove any of these as you see fit.

• Google Translate

\*Add to or remove any of these as you see fit.

### **Special Education**

List is not inclusive but may include examples such as:

- Shorten assignments to focus on mastery of key concepts.
- Shorten spelling tests to focus on mastering the most functional words.
- Substitute alternatives for written assignments (clay models, posters, panoramas, collections, etc.)
- Specify and list exactly what the student will need to learn to pass.
- Evaluate the classroom structure against the student's needs (flexible structure, firm limits, etc.).
- Keep workspaces clear of unrelated materials.
- Keep the classroom quiet during intense learning times.
- Reduce visual distractions in the classroom (mobiles, etc.).
- Provide a computer for written work.
- Seat the student close to the teacher or a positive role model.
- Use a study carrel. (Provide extras so that the student is not singled out.)
- Provide an unobstructed view of the chalkboard, teacher, movie screen, etc.
- Keep extra supplies of classroom materials (pencils, books) on hand.
- Maintain adequate space between desks.
- Give directions in small steps and in as few words as possible.
- Number and sequence the steps in a task.
- Have student repeat the directions for a task.
- Provide visual aids.
- Go over directions orally.
- Provide a vocabulary list with definitions.
- Permit as much time as needed to finish tests.
- Allow tests to be taken in a room with few distractions (e.g., the library).
- Have test materials read to the student, and allow oral responses.
- Divide tests into small sections of similar questions or problems.
- Allow the student to complete an independent project as an alternative test.
- Give progress reports instead of grades.
- Grade spelling separately from content.
- Allow take-home or open-book tests.
- Show a model of the end product of directions (e.g., a completed math problem or finished quiz).
- Stand near the student when giving directions or presenting a lesson.
- Mark the correct answers rather than the incorrect ones.
- Permit a student to rework missed problems for a better grade.
- Average grades out when assignments are reworked, or grade on corrected work.
- Use a pass-fail or an alternative grading system when the student is assessed on his or her own growth.

<sup>\*</sup>Add to or remove any of these as you see fit.

Examples of accommodations in 504 plans include but are not limited to:

- preferential seating
- extended time on tests and assignments
- reduced homework or classwork
- verbal, visual, or technology aids
- modified textbooks or audio-video materials
- behavior management support
- adjusted class schedules or grading
- verbal testing
- excused lateness, absence, or missed classwork
- pre-approved nurse's office visits and accompaniment to visits
- occupational or physical therapy

#### **At Risk**

Examples may include:

- Use of mnemonics
- Have student restate information
- Provision of notes or outlines
- Concrete examples
- Use of a study carrel
- Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space
- Weekly home-school communication tools (notebook, daily log, phone calls or email messages)
- Peer or scribe note-taking
- Lab and math sheets with highlighted instructions
- Graph paper to assist in organizing or lining up math problems
- Use of manipulatives
- No penalty for spelling errors or sloppy handwriting
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Adjusted assignment timelines
- Visual daily schedule
- Immediate feedback
- Work-in-progress check
- Pace long-term projects
- Preview test procedures
- Film or video supplements in place of reading text
- Pass/no pass option

<sup>\*</sup>Add to or remove any of these as you see fit.

- Cue/model expected behavior
- Use de-escalating strategies
- Use peer supports and mentoring
- Have parent sign homework/behavior chart
- Chart progress and maintain data

# **Gifted and Talented**

Examples may include:

- Offer the Most Difficult First
- Pretest for Volunteers
- Offer choice
- Speak to Student Interests
- Allow G/T students to work together
- Tiered learning
- Focus on effort and practice
- Encourage risk taking

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