Unit 1 Introduction of Poetic Terms

Content Area: **ELA**

Course(s): Composing Poetry
Time Period: Marking Period 3

Length: Semester Status: Published

Course Pacing Guide

Mission: SWBAT write clearly and strongly with control of form and composition.

Vision: Students will be exposed to various poetic forms and have an enduring appreciation of poetry, and art in general.

Model

Unit	MP	Weeks
Introduction to Prosody/Poetic Terms/Form	1	2
Formal Verse [Sonnet, Villanelle, Sestina, etc.]	1	3
Free Verse	2	3
Spoken Word	2	2

Unit Overview

Enduring Understandings

Delete this and replace with your enduring understandings:

- Statements summarizing important ideas and core processes that are central to a discipline and have lasting value beyond the classroom.
- Synthesize what students should understand—not just know or do—as a result of studying a particular content area.
- Articulate what students should "revisit" over the course of their lifetimes in relationship to the content area.

• Frame the big ideas that give meaning and lasting importance to such discrete curriculum elements as
facts and skills
• Can transfer to other fields as well as adult life
Provide a conceptual foundation for studying the content area
• Deliberately framed as declarative sentences that present major curriculum generalizations and
recurrent ideas.

Essential Questions

New Jersey Student Learning Standards (No CCS)

SCI.MS-ESS2-1

Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy that drives this process.

Amistad Integration

Holocaust/Genocide Education

Interdisciplinary Connections

List at least one specific standard

No general statements

Technology Standards

List specific standards that are relevant No general statements

21st Century Themes/Careers

List specific standards that are relevant No general statements

Financial Literacy Integration

Instructional Strategies & Learning Activities

Differentiated Instruction

Examples may include:

- Curriculum Mapping
- Inquiry/Problem-Based Learning
- Learning preferences integration (visual, auditory, kinesthetic)
- Sentence & Discussion Stems
- Tiered Learning Targets
- Learning Through Play
- Meaningful Student Voice & Choice
- Relationship-Building & Team-Building
- Self-Directed Learning
- Choice Boards
- Debate
- LMS use
- Mock Trial
- The Hot Seat/Role-Play
- Student Data Inventories
- Mastery Learning (feedback toward goal)
- Goal-Setting & Learning Contracts
- Game-Based Learning
- Grouping
- Socratic Seminar
- Genius Hour
- Rubrics
- Learning Menus
- Jigsaws
- Learning Through Workstations
- Concept Attainment
- Flipped Classroom
- Mentoring

*Add or remove any of these as you see fit.
Formative Assessments
Summative Assessment
Benchmark Assessments
Alternate Assessments
Resources & Technology
1 Coourtees & Technology
BOE Approved Texts
Closure
Such as:
• Snowstorm - Students write down what they learned on a niece of scretch naner and wed it up Given a
• Snowstorm - Students write down what they learned on a piece of scratch paper and wad it up. Given a signal, they throw their paper snowballs in the air. Then each learner picks up a nearby response and

• Parent Hotline - Give students an interesting question about the lesson without further discussion.

Email their guardians the answer so that the topic can be discussed over dinner.

• Assessment Design & Backwards Planning

• Student Interest & Inventory Data

reads it aloud.

- DJ Summary Learners write what they learned in the form of a favorite song. Offer to let one or two sing thier summary.
- Gallery Walk On chart paper, small groups of students write and draw what they learned. After the completed works are attached to the classroom walls, others students affix post-its to the posters to extend on the ideas, add questions.
- Sequence It create timelines of major events discussed
- Low-Stakes Quizzes Give a short quiz using technologies like Kahoot or a Google form.
- Have students write down three quiz questions (to ask at the beginning of the next class).
- Question Stems Have students write questions about the lesson on cards, using <u>question stems framed</u> <u>around Bloom's Taxonomy</u>. Have students exchange cards and answer the question they have acquired.
- Kids answer the following prompts: "What takeaways from the lesson will be important to know three years from now? Why?
- Have students dramatize a real-life application of a skill.
- Ask a question. Give students ten seconds to confer with peers before you call on a random student to answer. Repeat.
- Have kids orally describe a concept, procedure, or skill in terms so simple that a child in first grade would get it.
- Direct kids to raise their hands if they can answer your questions. Classmates agree (thumbs up) or disagree (thumbs down) with the response.
- Have kids create a cheat sheet of information that would be useful for a quiz on the day's topic.
- Kids write notes to peers describing what they learned from them during class discussions.
- Ask students to summarize the main idea in under 60 seconds to another student acting as a well-known personality who works in your discipline. After summarizing, students should identify why the famous person might find the idea significant.

•	Have students	complete the	following senter	nce: "The [cor	ncept, skill, wo	ord] is like	because
	11						
	•						

- Ask students to write what they learned, and any lingering questions on an "exit ticket". Before they leave class, have them put their exit tickets in a folder or bin labeled either "Got It," "More Practice, Please," or "I Need Some Help!"
- After writing down the learning outcome, ask students to take a card, circle one of the following options, and return the card to you before they leave: "Stop (I'm totally confused. Go (I'm ready to move on.)" or "Proceed with caution (I could use some clarification on . . .)"

ELL

Such as:

- Alternate Responses
- Advance Notes
- Extended Time
- Teacher Modeling
- Simplified Written and Verbal Instructions
- Frequent Breaks
- E-Dictionaires

^{*}Add to or remove any of these as you see fit.

• Google Translate

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Special Education

List is not inclusive but may include examples such as:

- Shorten assignments to focus on mastery of key concepts.
- Shorten spelling tests to focus on mastering the most functional words.
- Substitute alternatives for written assignments (clay models, posters, panoramas, collections, etc.)
- Specify and list exactly what the student will need to learn to pass.
- Evaluate the classroom structure against the student's needs (flexible structure, firm limits, etc.).
- Keep workspaces clear of unrelated materials.
- Keep the classroom quiet during intense learning times.
- Reduce visual distractions in the classroom (mobiles, etc.).
- Provide a computer for written work.
- Seat the student close to the teacher or a positive role model.
- Use a study carrel. (Provide extras so that the student is not singled out.)
- Provide an unobstructed view of the chalkboard, teacher, movie screen, etc.
- Keep extra supplies of classroom materials (pencils, books) on hand.
- Maintain adequate space between desks.
- Give directions in small steps and in as few words as possible.
- Number and sequence the steps in a task.
- Have student repeat the directions for a task.
- Provide visual aids.
- Go over directions orally.
- Provide a vocabulary list with definitions.
- Permit as much time as needed to finish tests.
- Allow tests to be taken in a room with few distractions (e.g., the library).
- Have test materials read to the student, and allow oral responses.
- Divide tests into small sections of similar questions or problems.
- Allow the student to complete an independent project as an alternative test.
- Give progress reports instead of grades.
- Grade spelling separately from content.
- Allow take-home or open-book tests.
- Show a model of the end product of directions (e.g., a completed math problem or finished quiz).
- Stand near the student when giving directions or presenting a lesson.
- Mark the correct answers rather than the incorrect ones.
- Permit a student to rework missed problems for a better grade.
- Average grades out when assignments are reworked, or grade on corrected work.
- Use a pass-fail or an alternative grading system when the student is assessed on his or her own growth.

^{*}Add to or remove any of these as you see fit.

Examples of accommodations in 504 plans include but are not limited to:

- preferential seating
- extended time on tests and assignments
- reduced homework or classwork
- verbal, visual, or technology aids
- modified textbooks or audio-video materials
- behavior management support
- adjusted class schedules or grading
- verbal testing
- excused lateness, absence, or missed classwork
- pre-approved nurse's office visits and accompaniment to visits
- occupational or physical therapy

At Risk

Examples may include:

- Use of mnemonics
- Have student restate information
- Provision of notes or outlines
- Concrete examples
- Use of a study carrel
- Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space
- Weekly home-school communication tools (notebook, daily log, phone calls or email messages)
- Peer or scribe note-taking
- Lab and math sheets with highlighted instructions
- Graph paper to assist in organizing or lining up math problems
- Use of manipulatives
- No penalty for spelling errors or sloppy handwriting
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Adjusted assignment timelines
- Visual daily schedule
- Immediate feedback
- Work-in-progress check
- Pace long-term projects
- Preview test procedures
- Film or video supplements in place of reading text
- Pass/no pass option

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- Cue/model expected behavior
- Use de-escalating strategies
- Use peer supports and mentoring
- Have parent sign homework/behavior chart
- Chart progress and maintain data

Gifted and Talented

Examples may include:

- Offer the Most Difficult First
- Pretest for Volunteers
- Offer choice
- Speak to Student Interests
- Allow G/T students to work together
- Tiered learning
- Focus on effort and practice
- Encourage risk taking

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