

Unit 4: Series Book Clubs

Content Area: **English Language Arts**
Course(s): **English Language Arts**
Time Period: **Generic Time Period**
Length: **8 Weeks**
Status: **Published**

Unit Overview

This unit is designed to support the reading of series books. Student's comprehension is supported when they encounter familiar characters and places, book after book, throughout a series. Scaffolded learning is inherent in the reading of series books and is an alignment with the Common Core Standards. Teaching students to think across books is also good practice to set them up for working longer, multi-chapter novels. It also builds young reader's stamina. Students will draw on previously learned strategies, and develop new ones, to integrate what they know about a character (or characters) across a series. Children will use this information to understand, predict, and critique a story. They will react and pay attention to the important parts of the story and learn about how stories in series tend to go. They will pay attention to predictable structures that contain familiar, typical elements; these observations will help them predict and understand the characters better. Finally, children will learn to make decisions about what they want to study, and how they will study those things together in reading clubs. In addition, Foundations, Level 2, Wilson Language Basics, (2012, Wilson Language Training Corporation) will be utilized and provide comprehensive instruction to students in phonemic awareness word study, spelling, and handwriting curriculum. This instruction will contribute greatly to fluency, vocabulary development, and the applications of strategies for understanding text. All are necessary for the successful development of reading comprehension.

Standards

LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.L.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.L.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.L.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.R.1	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.R.2	Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.R.3	Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.R.4	Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.R.5	Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the

	whole.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.R.6	Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.W.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.SL1	Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
LA.2.CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.SL4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.2.1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.W.2.6	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RF.2.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RF.2.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.2.6	Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RI.2.8	Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.1	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.2	Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.3	Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.6	Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RL.2.7	Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.2.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.2.1.a	Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.2.1.b	Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.2.1.c	Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.SL.2.5	Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.

Essential Questions

How do readers figure out how a series goes, noticing patterns and predicting what will happen?

How do readers grow smart ideas across different series?

What do readers need to pay attention to so they are not surprised throughout their series book?

How does reading a series book lead us into learning about a topic?

Application of Knowledge: Students will know that...

- readers compare the way characters handle problems to other characters and other stories
- Readers grow ideas by looking across all series read by comparing and contrasting to push our thinking
- readers infer about characters by thinking about what the characters are doing, saying, and thinking/feeling
- readers pay attention to the challenges that characters face and how those challenges are resolved
- reading club partners help push our thinking, especially with the characters in our books
- Reading series books or just one book can lead us to wonder about a topic
- Thinking across books in a series- noticing patterns, and predicting what will happen

Application of Skills: Students will be able to...

- envision and make predictions about the characters and the story
- explain the importance of the details in a story
- talk and share ideas in their clubs about their series books to push their thinking
- be surprised now and then on how their story ends or the character's behavior as they are not always predictably
- compare characters and the lessons they learn within and across stories
- describe how characters solve their problems and the lessons they learn
- notice while reading our series books and they are often marked with a post-it
- wonder about new topics while reading series books and use many ways to research or find information out about that topic

Teaching Points and Suggested Activities

The following teaching points and activities are adapted from Units of Study for Teaching Reading Grade 2 (Calkins et al., 2015) and serve as a loose framework for teachers, who will add and or emphasize based on their students' needs.

Teaching Points

- series book readers collect information about characters
- series book readers pay attention to how characters respond to problems
- series book readers notice similarities in their characters across a series
- series book readers grow to understand the characters even better, like experts
- series book readers use what they know about characters to predict that character's next steps

- series book readers learn about characters from their relationships with other characters
- teach students that authors paint pictures with words
- teach students that authors use precise words to know what is happening a story
- teach students that authors use literary language to make simple things extraordinary
- teach students that authors think about how whole stories and series will go
- teach students that authors have ways to bring stories to life by the word choice and placement in a story
- teach students how punctuation will enhance parts of a story
- teach students that authors plan their story endings to teach a lesson
- teach students that when readers love a series they have to share it
- teach students to plan the best way to share a book with others
- teach students that a book swap is a great way to share books with others
- teach students that debating is a great way to share opinions with other readers
- readers celebrate with debate work that is strengthen by supporting reasons

Activities to Support Teaching Points

- create and refer to anchor charts
- study pages from exemplar reader's notebooks
- provide and present mentor texts as models
- teach the *Work of Readers Charts*
- teach children strategies for holding onto text, for example by using Post-its and graphic organizers
- model (Talk Aloud) the strategies good readers use
- model, provide, and use a reader's notebook
- tap, sketch, or jot across a story as a way of retaining information and details
- study book introductions and endings
- practice creating mental movies as you read
- investigate figurative language and descriptive vocabulary and how authors use them
- Turn and Talk the dialogue in a story to bring the characters' feelings alive
- set mini-reading goals for engagement, print work, fluency, comprehension, and/or conversation
- provide checklists and reading progressions to assess and develop on-going reading goals
- scaffold skills with strategies, for example using Post-its to identify key elements of a chapter
- write long about reading
- practice alternating the speed a text is read to reflect tone and mood
- plan to celebrate the conclusion of classroom reading projects
- use technology in the reading classroom; for example digital journals

Assessments

Assessment in this unit takes three forms: diagnostic, formative, and summative. There are downloadable, digital versions of the assessment tools available through the online resources at; www.readingandwritingproject.org/resources. Teachers may also develop their own rubrics and

assessments in order to include more specific elements of knowledge and skills listed in this unit summary.

Student self-assessment and peer assessment should take place whenever possible--again, in all three forms: diagnostic, formative, and summative. Removing the traditional emphasis on teacher assessment enables students to take more initiative and become self-directed.

On-going teacher assessment will take place in the context of a conference. Conferences, both small group and one-to-one conferring, are used to reinforce expectations, provide advice and/or assistance, and ultimately, to support growth.

Diagnostic Assessments

Running Records

www.readingandwritingproject.org/resources/assessments/running-records

Spelling Inventory

www.readingandwritingproject.org/resources/assessments/spelling-assessments

Individual beginning of the year "How's It Going?" conferences

Formative Assessments

Teacher-student conferences including: individual, small group, strategy group, and guided reading

Daily observation of students' participation during the active engagement segment of each mini-lesson.

Students' conversation with partners during Turn and Talk segment of mini-lessons.

Reading logs, Reader's Notebooks, Writing About Reading evidence (Post-its, journal entries, writing long about reading, for example)

Summative Assessment

Teacher-student conferences

Running Records

Spelling Assessments

Reading logs, Reader's Notebooks, and other evidence of students improving skills

Activities to Differentiate Instruction

- provide leveled books appropriate for all reading levels
- provide support as needed through conferencing
- provide support as needed through strategy groups
- provide support as needed through guided reading groups
- provide individualized copies of teaching charts
- provide modified and/or alternate grade level checklists and rubrics to scaffold or stretch learning
- scaffold or stretch learning through the use of various strategies
- provide appropriate reading partners

Challenge gifted students to incorporate more complex reading techniques based on the 3rd grade Reading Learning Progressions:

- preview a text to help decide how to organize thinking or note-taking
- check comprehension by pausing while reading and asking, "How does this part fit with my overall picture of the topic?"
- use new vocabulary learned through reading to discuss and write about a topic
- identify the craft techniques authors use in a text, for example, "The author made a comparison to help readers grasp an idea."
- recognize that author's want readers to think and feel a certain way about a topic and understand that a reader can disagree

Integrated/Cross-Disciplinary Instruction

Writing Workshop

- apply language and ideas from read alouds and independent reading
- utilize read alouds and independent reading as mentor texts
- apply spelling strategies
- identify areas of spelling needs
- apply grammar skills
- identify areas in need of addressing (spelling, grammar, mechanics)
- expand written vocabulary from read alouds and independent reading
- model sentence and paragraph structure after mentor texts

Content Areas: Science, Social Studies, Health

- read just right books in the content areas
- use mentor texts to deliver Social Studies content
- compare content area ideas and issues to what our characters deal with in our read alouds and mentor texts
- apply reading skills and strategies to the reading we do in the content areas

Study Skills

- use graphic organizers to support reading
- use checklists and rubrics to monitor progress
- use Venn diagrams and t-charts to gather, compare, and contrast events
- use highlighters, note cards, post-its, and other tools to keep track of story events, details, and ideas
- keep a log and notebook

The Arts

- analyze illustrations in books for details
- compare illustrations to other forms of art
- illustrate a passage that was just read to show details, ideas, and lessons
- act out a scene from a book to better visualize how a character feels

Suggested Mentor Texts and Other Resources

Resources

Units of Study for Teaching Reading:

- *Series Book Clubs* by Lucy Calkins, Amanda Hartman and Colleagues From the TCRWP
- *A Guide to the Reading Workshop, Primary Grades*; Lucy Calkins
- *Reading Pathways, Grades 3-5, Performance Assessments and Learning Progressions*; Lucy Calkins
- *If...Then... Curriculum: Assessment-Based Instruction, Grades K-2*; Lucy Calkins; Elizabeth Moore; and Colleagues From the TCRWP
- *Online Resources for Teaching Writing*; Lucy Calkins
- website: www.readingandwritingproject.org/resources

The Art of Teaching Reading; Lucy Calkins

The Reading Strategies Book: Your Everything Guide to Developing Skilled Readers; Jennifer Serravallo

Leveled Books, K-8: Matching Texts to Readers for Effective Teaching; Irene C. Fountas and Gay Su Pinnell

Reading Miscue Inventory: From Evaluation to Instruction; Yetta M. Goodman

Miscue Analysis Made Easy: Building on Student Strengths; Sandra Wilde

Around the Reading Workshop in 180 Days; Frank Serafini

The Book Whisperer: Awakening the Inner Reader in Every Child; Donalyn Miller

Mindsets and Moves: Strategies That Help Readers Take Charge; Gravity Goldberg

Guiding Readers and Writers, Grades K-2; Irene C Fountas and Gay Su Pinnell

Mentor Texts:

Poppelton by C. Rylant

Amelia Bedilia by P. Parish

Benny and Watch by G. Warner

Nate the Great by M. Sharmat

Levels L/M (readers at benchmark)

- *Magic Treehouse*
- *Cam Jansen*
- *Junie B. Jones*
- *Horrible Harry*
- *Ready Freddy*

Levels D-K (readers below benchmark)

- *Frog and Toad*
- *Fly Guy*
- *Mr. Putter and Tabby*
- *Biscuit*
- *Danny and the Dinosaur*

Levels N-P (readers above benchmark)

- *The Stories Julian Tells*
- *A-Z Mysteries*
- *Jigsaw Jones*
- *Amber Brown*
- *Ramona Quimby*
- *Encyclopedia Brown*